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CROATIAN NATIONAL BANK

BULLETIN 162

Zagreb, September 2010

General information on Croatia

Economic indicators

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Area (square km)	56,538	56,538	56,538	56,538	56,538	56,538	56,538	56,538	56,538	56,538
Population (million)	4.426	4.440	4.440	4.440	4.439	4.442	4.440	4.436	4.434	4.429
GDP (million HRK, current prices) ^a	176,690	190,796	208,223	227,012	245,550	264,367	286,341	314,223	342,159	333,063
GDP (million EUR, current prices)	23,146	25,538	28,112	30,011	32,759	35,725	39,102	42,833	47,370	45,379
GDP per capita (in EUR)	5,229	5,752	6,331	6,759	7,380	8,043	8,807	9,656	10,683	10,245
GDP – year-on-year rate of growth (in %, constant prices)	3.0	3.8	5.4	5.0	4.2	4.2	4.7	5.5	2.4	-5.8
Average year-on-year inflation rate ^b	4.6	3.8	1.7	1.8	2.1	3.3	3.2	2.9	6.1	2.4
Current account balance (million EUR)	-568	-821	-2,099	-1,889	-1,434	-1,976	-2,726*	-3,236	-4,338	-2,477*
Current account balance (as % of GDP)	-2.5	-3.2	-7.5	-6.3	-4.4	-5.5	-6.9	-7.6	-9.2	-5.4
Exports of goods and services (as % of GDP)	40.7	42.3	39.6	43.8	43.5	42.8	43.5	42.7	42.0	35.6
Imports of goods and services (as % of GDP)	45.1	47.4	49.1	50.6	49.4	48.9	50.2	50.1	50.1	39.4
External debt (million EUR, end of year) ^c	12,264	13,609	15,144	19,884	22,933	25,761	29,274	32,929	39,125	43,089*
External debt (as % of GDP)	53.0	53.3	53.9	66.3	70.0	72.1	74.9	76.9	82.6	94.9
External debt (as % of exports of goods and services)	130.2	125.9	136.1	151.3	161.0	168.7	172.3	179.9	196.6	266.7*
External debt service (as % of exports of goods and services) ^{c,d}	25.5	27.5	27.5	21.3	22.5	25.0	35.8	33.3	28.2	46.2
Gross international reserves (million EUR, end of year)	3,783	5,334	5,651	6,554	6,436	7,438	8,725	9,307	9,121	10,376
Gross international reserves (in terms of months of imports of goods and services, end of year)	4.3	5.3	4.9	5.2	4.8	5.1	5.3	5.2	4.6	7.0
National currency: Croatian kuna (HRK)										
Exchange rate on 31 December (HRK : 1 EUR)	7.5983	7.3700	7.4423	7.6469	7.6712	7.3756	7.3451	7.3251	7.3244	7.3062
Exchange rate on 31 December (HRK : 1 USD)	8.1553	8.3560	7.1457	6.1185	5.6369	6.2336	5.5784	4.9855	5.1555	5.0893
Average exchange rate (HRK : 1 EUR)	7.6339	7.4710	7.4070	7.5642	7.4957	7.4000	7.3228	7.3360	7.2232	7.3396
Average exchange rate (HRK : 1 USD)	8.2874	8.3392	7.8725	6.7044	6.0312	5.9500	5.8392	5.3660	4.9344	5.2804
Consolidated general government balance (as % of GDP) ^e	-6.5	-5.9	-4.3	-5.4	-4.2	-3.5	-2.6	-2.0	-1.8	-4.3
Public debt (as % of GDP) ^f	34.5	35.5	34.9	35.7	37.9	38.5	36.0	33.4	29.3	35.3
Unemployment rate (ILO, persons above 15 years of age)	16.1	15.8	14.8	14.3	13.8	12.7	11.2	9.6	8.4	9.1
Employment rate (ILO, persons above 15 years of age)	42.6	41.8	43.3	43.1	43.5	43.3	43.6	44.2	44.5	43.3

^a Published by the CBS early in 2009, the revised GDP data for the 1995-2008 period include the estimation of non-observed economy, the new estimation of imputed dwelling rents and the new estimation and distribution of financial intermediation services indirectly measured (FISIM). The GDP data for 2006, 2007, 2008 and 2009 are based on quarterly estimates and preliminary.

In accordance with the obligations assumed during the pre-accession negotiations with the European Commission, the new legislative provisions governing the monitoring of foreign the decordance with the obligations assumed during the pre-accession negotiations with the European Commission, the new registance provisions governing the monitoring of notegorial provisions, the external debt is also governing the monitoring of notegorial provisions, the external debt is also governing the monitoring of notegorial provisions, the external debt is also governing the monitoring of notegorial provisions, the external debt is also governing the monitoring of notegorial provisions, the external debt is also governing the monitoring of notegorial provisions, the external debt is also governed to govern the governing the monit

Includes principal payments on bonds, long-term trade credits and long-term loans, as well as total interest payments net of interest payments on direct investment.
In the 1999-2001 period, total balance excluding capital revenues (GFS 1986) is shown on a cash basis. From 2001 on, it is shown on a modified accrual basis and includes CM, CR,

CPF and DAB. From 2008 on, CM is excluded from the total balance.

Public debt is the debt of the general government. From 2008 on, it excludes the debt of CM.

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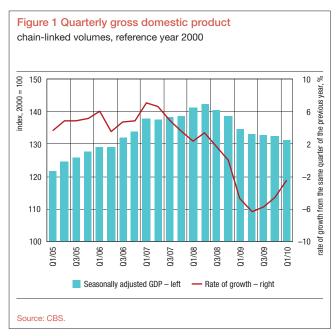


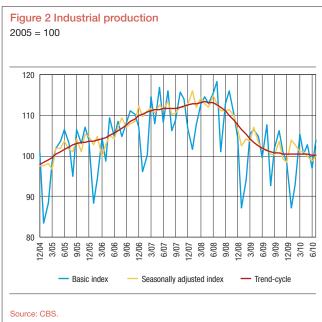
CNB BULLETIN • NUMBER 162 • REAL SECTOR

Real sector

According to a preliminary CBS estimate, GDP fell by 2.5% in the second quarter of 2010 from the same period last year. Such annual dynamics point to a continued fall in total economic activity over the second quarter (both seasonally and calendar adjusted), which was lower than it had been earlier in the year. Accordingly, the economic downturn that started in mid-2008 can be said to have continued. As suggested by monthly economic indicators for selected non-financial activities available for the April-June period, these changes were due to renewed weakening of industrial production and retail trade, a further decline in construction works and a relatively unfavourable performance in tourism during the preseason. By contrast, the latest data on industrial production and real retail trade movements in July suggest more favourable economic trends, mainly due to a boost in foreign tourist spending, given the marked increase in the number of foreign tourists in the observed month relative to

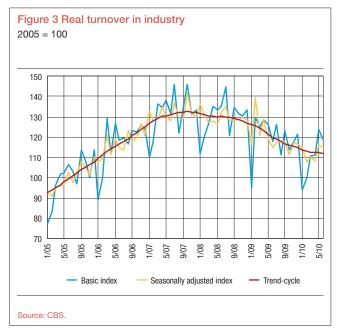
Seasonally and calendar adjusted data on industrial output

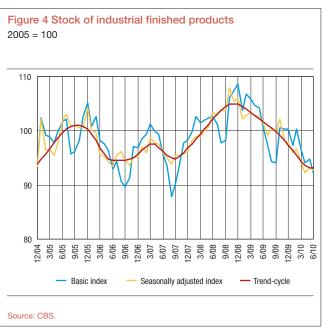




point to a renewed decline (by 2.6%) in the second quarter of 2010, following its growth early in the year. As this was paralleled by a slight increase in real turnover in industry, the described movements are not likely to be due to reduced demand for domestic industrial products, but are mainly attributable to the continued adjustment of producers' inventories to their optimum level. This is corroborated by the results of the latest business confidence surveys, showing that nearly 20% of manufacturing enterprises perceive their inventories of finished goods to be oversized. It should also be noted that the data on foreign trade in goods point to a slight strengthening of demand for domestic industrial products resulting from foreign demand growth.

The decline in overall industrial output during the second quarter of 2010 was mainly due to reduced consumer goods production. As concerns non-durable consumer goods, production dropped in most activities (food and beverages, wearing apparel and pharmaceutical products), which was apparently due to enterprises' efforts to cut inventories. A marked fall in production was recorded in durable goods, which is difficult to account for, as most of these goods are classified as 'other





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manufacturing' without any detailed breakdown. Production of capital goods also declined, primarily on account of activity weakening in the repair of machinery and equipment in June. However, this activity saw pronouncedly high growth rates over the first five months of the current year, probably owing to the absence of the regular replacement of worn-out parts of machinery and equipment, caused by the unfavourable economic situation and the consequent financial difficulties affecting a large number of enterprises. In contrast to this, intermediate goods production stagnated at the early-2010 level, not contracting, however, because of a noticeable boost in foreign demand.

Construction activity continued to decline in April and May, accompanied by the weakening of both works on buildings and civil engineering projects. The average number of hours worked at building sites dropped by approximately 3.0% over the observed period from the first quarter. There are various demandrelated factors in this area that work against any halting of the economic downturn. Among the most important is a drop in household demand for residential real estate, caused by shrinking disposable income and relatively expensive home loans, and, for some potential buyers, expectations of further cuts in

Capital goods

Durable consumer goods



dwelling prices. Moreover, a large contribution to the plunge in construction activity also came from general government, the investments of which in infrastructure were slowed down or post-poned due to financing problems. Corporate investments in the construction of business premises and production facilities also dropped markedly. It is worth noting a sharp decline in the main short-term leading indicator of construction activity (the number of building permits issued), observed for some time now. Similar changes were evident in the value index of new construction project orders, reflecting construction activity movements over a longer period of time.

Although retail trade turnover rose during the first quarter of this year, it went down again in the April-June period. Real retail sales thus declined by 0.5% over the observed period relative to the beginning of the year, mostly due to reduced consumption of income-inelastic goods (food, beverages, tobacco products). However, the purchases of some kinds of durable goods (e.g. furniture) and vehicles also decreased. These movements may suggest a new phase of the adjustment of personal consumption to unfavourable trends in disposable income, in which consumers economize even on basic necessities. Prudent spending





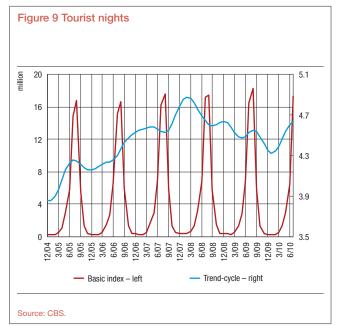


Figure 10 Employed and unemployed persons 1620 Puss 1590 Puss 1590 Puss 1590 Puss 1590 Puss 1590 Puss 1620 Puss 1590 P 350 uployed persons, in thousand 330 1560 sugar 1530 di 1530 di 310 290 1500 unem 1470 270 1440 250 1410 230 1380 1350 Unemployed persons - trend Employed persons Sources: CBS and CES

is likely to be reflected, among other things, in the purchase of cheaper substitutes for certain products, but also in smaller quantities of purchased goods. An important driver of such behaviour is the absence of any significant recovery of optimism.

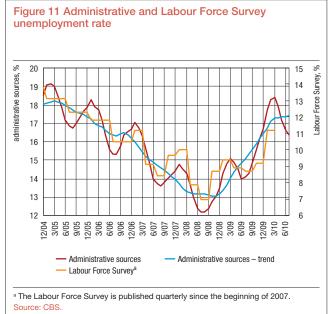
Original data on tourist nights stayed in commercial accommodation facilities reveal a 3.5% drop in the second quarter relative to the same period in 2009. Especially noticeable was a sharp decline in tourist nights during the peak preseason (June). It is noteworthy that such a trend was due to a fall in both foreign and domestic tourist nights. However, this year's Easter holidays fell at the very beginning of April, which had an adverse effect on the number of tourist nights stayed in this month, and, consequently, on its annual dynamics during the second quarter.

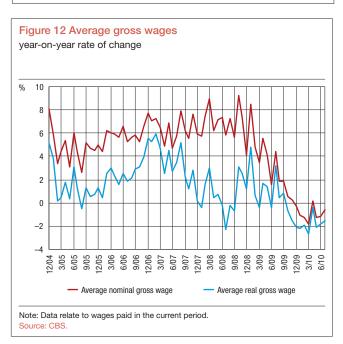
Employment and wages

Due to seasonally induced demand for labour, the labour market movements were slightly more favourable. However, the upward trend in unemployment and downward trend in employment persisted. The number of unemployed persons decreased for the fourth consecutive month, falling to 282,792 in July from the 248,586 in the same month last year. This was due to a rise in both employment from the register and clearings from the CES records for reasons other than employment, relative to the number of newly registered unemployed persons. The seasonal character of such movements is confirmed by seasonally adjusted unemployment data, suggesting a further increase in unemployment, at a slower pace, however, than in the past few months. At end-July, registered unemployment was 13.9% higher than at the end of the same month last year. The annual increase in July was 15.3%.

In line with stronger employment through the CES mediation, both CBS and CPIA data show an increase in employment in July from June. However, as with unemployment indicators, after the seasonal effect is cleared, the unfavourable trend continued into July. Consequently, employment continued its downward trend and, according to the final CPIA data, the number of employed persons dropped by 3.5% in July relative to the same month last year. It should be noted, however, that the CBS employment data for the period after January 2010 are preliminary and subject to revision.

As a result of such movements on the labour market, the





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registered unemployment rate (16.4%) fell below the rate in the previous month, but rose by 2.3 percentage points from the same period last year. According to the latest findings, the Labour Force Survey unemployment rate was 11.2% in the first quarter of 2010 (9.4% in the same period in 2009).

The nominal gross wage continued to decline annually, but at a slightly slower pace of 0.6%. By contrast, the nominal net wage paid in July rose annually (by 0.8%), for the first time this year. However, excluding the impact of the repeal of the special tax on average monthly net wages below HRK 6.000,00, the net wage decreased annually by 1.2%. Concurrently, consumer prices continued upwards in July, leading to a 2.1% drop in real net wages.

Prices

The annual consumer price inflation rate rose slightly, from 0.7% in June to 1.0% in July. This was primarily due to an increase in the annual rate of change in unprocessed food, resulting from the base effect, i.e. the fact that the drop in the prices of these products was much less pronounced in July 2010 than in the same period last year. Processed food prices still declined annually, particularly the prices of milk, dairy products and oil, but at a slightly slower pace during the observed period.

The opposite effect on overall inflation movements in July was produced by a drop in the annual rate of change in energy prices. However, this rate stayed high. The prices of industrial products, excluding food and energy continued to decline annually, confirming that the movements of some prices are still strongly affected by weak domestic demand. Furthermore, the annual rate of change in services prices in July remained at the June level, i.e. the same as the average for the first seven months of 2010

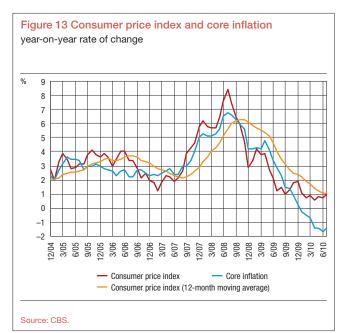
Core inflation remained negative, its annual rate of change standing at -1.4% in July, which represented a slight increase compared with -1.7% in June. This increase was mostly due to a slower decline in meat prices at the annual level.

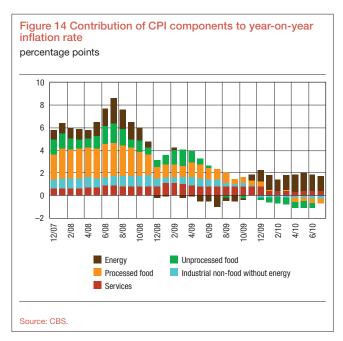
The industrial producer price inflation continued its downward trend, but remained relatively high. Its annual rate of

Table 1 Price indicators
year-on-year and month-on-month rates of change

	Year-on-year rates		Month-on- month rates	
	6/10	7/10	7/09	7/10
Consumer price index and its compo	onents			
Total index	0.7	1.0	-0.7	-0.4
Energy	10.4	9.5	0.6	-0.2
Unprocessed food	-2.7	0.0	-3.6	-0.8
Processed food (incl. alcoholic drinks and tobacco)	-1.8	-1.5	0.0	0.3
Industrial non-food without energy	-1.1	-1.2	-2.0	-2.2
Services	1.9	1.9	1.3	1.3
Other price indicators				
Core inflation	-1.7	-1.4	-0.7	-0.3
Producer price index	4.4	3.8	0.6	0.0
Crude oil prices ^a	8.1	15.3	-6.5	-0.2
HWWI index (excl. energy) ^b	24.9	34.3	-0.4	7.0

^a Calculated as an average of oil prices expressed in US dollars (prompt delivery): Dubai Fateh, UK Brent and West Texas Intermediate.





change dropped from 4.4% in June to 3.8% in July. This was mainly the result of a slowdown in the annual growth of intermediate goods and energy prices. Concurrently, the annual rates of change in the prices of capital goods and durable consumer goods went down, having recorded negative rates of change in July. Moreover, due to the continued weakening of domestic demand, the prices of non-durable consumer goods kept falling annually, but at a slightly slower pace in July than in the previous month.

Exchange rate

The nominal exchange rate of the kuna against the euro ranged between HRK 7.18/EUR and HRK 7.28/EUR in July and August 2010. Following a fairly strong kuna appreciation in June, and two foreign exchange interventions aimed at curbing the strengthening of the kuna, the CNB intervened again in the foreign exchange market on 9 July, by purchasing EUR 119.4m from banks. Following this, the kuna was periodically exposed to mild depreciatory pressures which resulted in an exchange rate

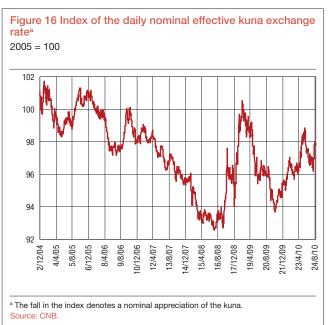
^b The index is calculated on the basis of raw materials prices expressed in US dollars Sources: CBS, Bloomberg and HWWI.

of HRK 7.27/EUR at end-August, up 0.7% on the same period last year.

After quite a long period of appreciation, the US dollar started to weaken against the euro in mid-June, a situation that continued into the first ten days of August. This was to a large extent due to an increased perception that some eurozone countries would manage to cover their budget deficits successfully, but also due to unfavourable US economic indicators. However, in the last twenty days of August, the US dollar/euro exchange rate went up again, which was accounted for by the announcement that ECB incentive measures might be prolonged until the end of this year. At end-August, the US dollar/euro exchange rate stood at USD 1.27/EUR, down 4.3% from the end of June. In line with the developments in the US dollar/euro and kuna/euro exchange rates, the kuna strengthened 3.0% against the US dollar, and stood at HRK 5.72/USD at the end of August.

With respect to other currencies in the effective exchange rate basket, during July and August the kuna depreciated by 2.6% and 0.4% against the Swiss franc and the pound sterling, respectively. As a result of such bilateral exchange rate developments, the kuna depreciated against the currency basket by 0.3%.





As shown by the latest available data, the trends in indicators of export price competitiveness remained largely the same in June as they had been in May. Specifically, a slight monthly depreciation of the nominal effective kuna exchange rate in the observed period coincided with a slight depreciation of the real effective kuna rate deflated by consumer prices. At the same time, the index of the real effective kuna exchange rate deflated by producer prices remained the same as in the previous month.

Monetary developments

Late in the second quarter and early in the third quarter of 2010, monetary developments were marked by a surge in net foreign assets of the monetary system. Total liquid assets (M4) went up due to a slightly lower decrease in net domestic assets.

Money (M1) increased in June and July and the increase was still evident once seasonal effects were removed. As a consequence, the annual rate of change in M1 grew to 6.5% in late July.

The increase in M1 in the observed period was predominantly due to the growth of currency in circulation, driven by strong demand for currency in the peak tourist season. Current and giro account balances increased to a lesser extent, corporate sector balances increasing more than those of the household sector, partly due to the growth of bank lending to the corporate sector. Demand deposits increased at a high annual rate of 12.3% at the end of July, primarily due to a favourable base effect.

As in the second quarter, savings and time deposits sustained growth in July. Due solely to the rise in foreign currency deposits, deposits went up by HRK 1.6bn, and by HRK 2.7bn in nominal terms, indicating a rise in tourism foreign exchange receipts. In contrast, kuna deposits dropped by HRK 1.1bn in July, down by almost one fourth from the same month in 2009.

Broken down by sectors, corporate deposits increased the most in June and July, the increase in foreign currency deposits almost doubling that in kuna deposits. Household foreign currency deposits also rose at a sharp rate, whereas household kuna savings deposits fell. Other banking and non-banking financial institutions withdrew large amounts of their deposits in July, primarily for the purpose of purchasing government bonds.

As a result of the growth in M1 and in savings and time deposits, total liquid assets (M4) increased by 2.5% at the end of

July compared with the end of the same month in the previous year.

Bank placements to the domestic non-banking sector continued to grow moderately in June and July, up at an annual rate of 3.6% at the end of July. Due to unfavourable macroeconomic conditions, lending activity has failed to make a substantial recovery, despite a drop in lending interest rates and high liquidity levels in the banking system.

Credit growth continued to be almost exclusively accounted for by corporate loans, which rose gradually since the end of the previous year and recording an annual growth rate of 6.4% at the end of July. Notwithstanding slower than expected lending dynamics within Model A of the government's programme to stimulate corporate financing through the CBRD, almost half of the increase in corporate loans in June and July was related to the loans from the programme. In contrast with corporate loans, household loans continued to stagnate in the observed period, growing at a low annual rate of 0.2% at the end of July.

Following a surge in net liabilities in the first six months of 2010, the central government's position in relation to banks improved substantially in July thanks to the inflow of funds from bond issues in the domestic and foreign markets. The lion's share of the funds was deposited in accounts with the CNB, and a smaller amount in accounts with banks, whereas government loan liabilities were only slightly reduced. As a result of these trends, banks' net claims on the government were down by 38.6% in July from the end of the same month in the previous year.

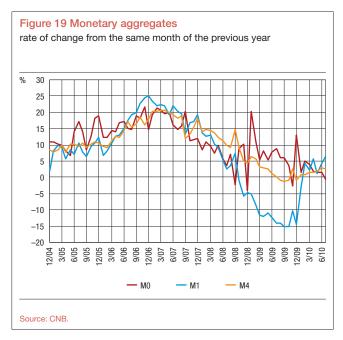
The net foreign position of domestic banks improved markedly in July following a temporary surge in both foreign assets and liabilities in late June, primarily due to a seasonal inflow of foreign currency deposits used by banks to reduce their foreign liabilities. As a result, net foreign assets of banks rose to –HRK 33.0bn at the end of July, up 4.2% from the end of the same month in the previous year.

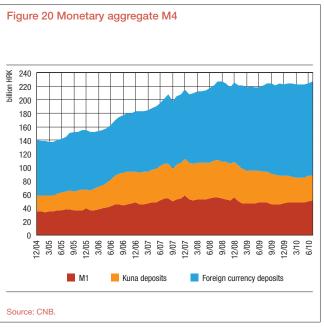
The monetary environment was at the beginning of July marked by an increase in appreciation pressures on the kuna, started in June. Pressures on the exchange rate stemmed from seasonal growth in demand for the kuna at the start of the peak tourist season, strong capital inflows from government foreign borrowing, and heavy domestic borrowing. Specifically, owing to a leap in kuna denominated government debt indexed to foreign currency, domestic creditor banks had to promptly shorten

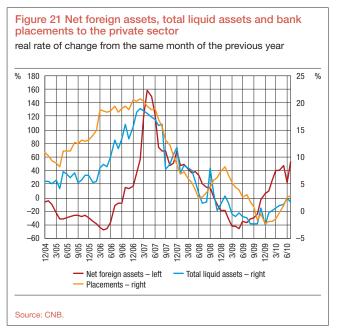
Figure 18 Money (M1) 60 55 50 45 40 35 30 25 20 15 10 0 M1 seasonally adjusted Demand denosits Currency outside banks Source: CNB

their currency positions. In response to such conditions, the central bank intervened again in the foreign exchange market, purchasing EUR 119.4m and creating, with this and two other interventions in late June, a total of HRK 2.6bn. Depreciation pressures, mainly seasonally induced by a drop in tourism receipts, started to mount in mid-August.

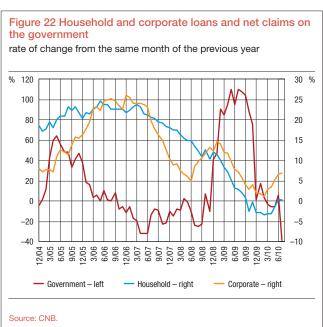
The high liquidity levels in the system created by foreign exchange purchases remained constant throughout July and August. The average kuna liquidity surplus, including overnight deposits with the CNB, stood at HRK 2.7bn. However, liquidity surpluses decreased slightly from the first half of the year due to a seasonal increase in currency and high vault cash balances. In addition, the liquidity surplus of the banking system was reduced by the transfer of proceeds from a mid-July kuna bond issue to the government deposit with the CNB. On the other hand, liquidity was positively influenced by substantial withdrawals from the government kuna deposit with the CNB, intended for corporate lending within the government's Economic Recovery Programme (HRK 0.5bn was withdrawn and paid to banks by the end of August, out of the total of HRK 2.0bn earmarked for that purpose). Reserve money (M0) stood at HRK 54.7bn at the

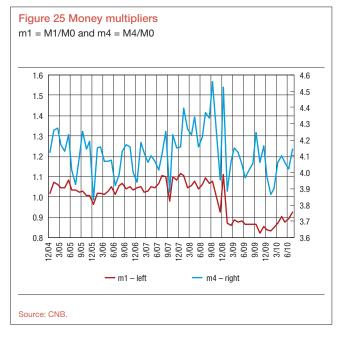


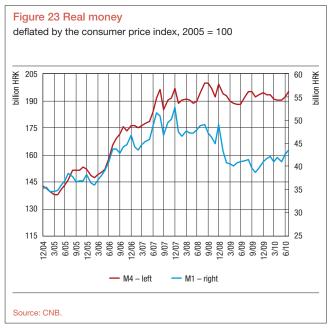


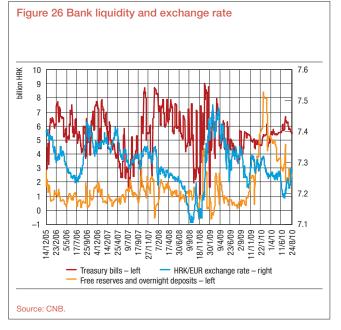












end of August, recording an annual rate of change of -1.2%.

Having increased in June and July, CNB international reserves mostly held steady at the level of EUR 11.4bn in August, which was 23.0% higher than at the end of August 2009. The increase was due to foreign exchange interventions and to EUR 0.9bn paid to the government foreign currency deposit account with the CNB, comprised within gross reserves, in late August. Net usable international reserves also increased, standing at EUR 9.5bn at the end of August, up at an annual rate of 13.5%. This rate rose by approximately two percentage points due to the strengthening of the US dollar versus the reporting currency – the euro.

Money market and interest rates

Liquidity levels across the domestic financial system were as strong in July as in the first half of 2010, with the result that money market interest rates remained low, rising only slightly from the previous months.

The weighted interest rate on overnight interbank loans went up from 0.94% in June to 1.45% in July. Very low in the first half of 2010, its volatility increased slightly in July, but the rate continued to fluctuate within a relatively narrow band of 0.54% to 2.92% in the observed month.

Kuna and one-year euro T-bills were placed at two MoF auctions held in July 2010. Due to very good system liquidity, investor demand for T-bills was almost three times higher than the planned issue amount, with the result that the weighted interest rate on 91-day T-bills dropped from 2.32% in June to 2.00% in July. Yields on T-bills with longer maturities edged up in the same period, pushing up weighted interest rates on 182 and 364-day bills from 3.16% and 4.05% respectively in June to 3.30% and 4.31% in July. The weighted interest rate on oneyear euro-indexed T-bills fell only slightly from 3.59% in June to 3.56% in July 2010. The total balance of purchased T-bills decreased in the observed period, from HRK 24.0bn in late June to HRK 23.2bn in late July 2010. Kuna T-bills were down from HRK 13.9bn in late June to HRK 13.6bn in late July 2010, whereas euro T-bills dropped more sharply, by EUR 79m, standing at EUR 1.3bn at the end of the same month.

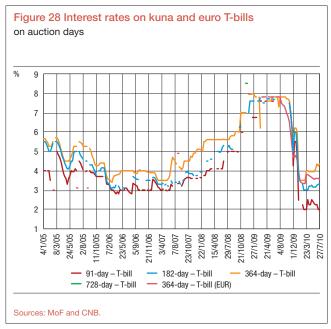
Against a background of ample liquidity in the financial system, bank interest rates continued the downward trend started

late in 2009, albeit remaining high and, according to the latest data, continuing to show their usual short-term volatility.

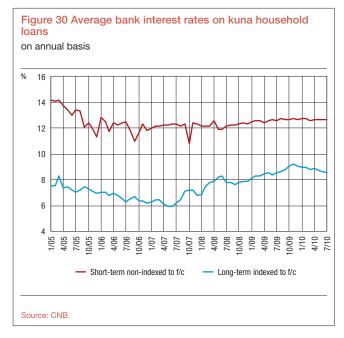
After leaping to 7.76% in May, short-term interest rates on kuna corporate loans without a currency clause fell to 7.57% and 7.29% in June and July respectively, largely cancelling out the effect of the leap in May and returning to the levels recorded at the middle of the first half of the year, which are close to their levels before the crisis. Long-term interest rates on corporate loans with a currency clause also fell in June (to 6.82%), but grew in July (to 7.28%).

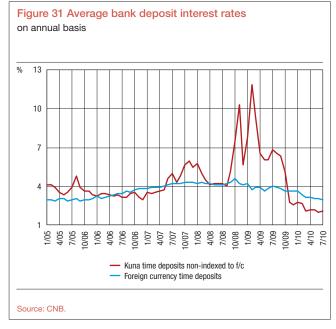
Interest rates on short-term kuna household loans without a currency clause continued to hold steady at 12.6%, a trend sustained for longer than a year. In contrast, interest rates on long-term household loans with a currency clause, which reached its highest levels (9.24%) since 2002 in late 2009, decreased throughout 2010, falling to 8.53% in July.

The downward trend in interest rates on kuna time deposits without a currency clause, which marked most of 2010, continued in June and July, with these rates falling to historic lows (1.94%) in June and easing up in July (2.04%). These interest rate developments reflect the dynamics of money market interest



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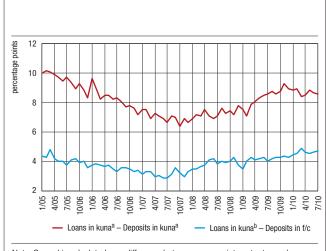


Figure 32 Spread between lending and deposit rates

Note: Spread is calculated as a difference between average interest rates on loans and average interest rates on deposits. See note to Figure 29. Non-indexed to f/c. b Indexed to f/c.

Source: CNB

rates, which are closely linked with interest rates on corporate kuna time deposits without a currency clause. The recent dynamics of money market rates was also the main reason why these rates remained low. Interest rates on total foreign currency time deposits continued to trend downwards, dropping from 3.65% in early 2010 to 2.98% in July.

In line with the developments in lending and deposit rates, interest rate spreads fluctuated slightly at continuously high levels. The interest rate spread on kuna loans and deposits narrowed somewhat (from 8.81 percentage points in May to 8.58 percentage points in July), remaining within the same interval since the beginning of the year. The interest rate spread on foreign currency indexed loans and deposits widened from 4.54 percentage points in May to 4.75 percentage points in July, due equally to a rise in lending rates and a drop in deposit rates.

Trade in goods

According to preliminary data, the current account deficit contracted by over one third in the first half of 2010 compared with the same period in the previous year. The contraction was predominantly the result of a reduction of imbalances in foreign trade in goods, brought about both by export and import trends. As shown by CBC data, goods exports stood at EUR 4.2bn and goods imports totalled EUR 7.2bn in the first six months of 2010. As a result, the negative balance of foreign trade in goods decreased by one fourth, standing at EUR 3.0bn in the January to June period, and the imports/exports coverage increased from 49.1% in the same period in 2009 to 58.6%.

According to seasonally adjusted data, total goods exports continued the recovery from the previous two quarters, albeit at a slower pace. Positive quarterly trends were also recorded in total goods imports, which finally ceased to decline. The contraction in the trade in goods deficit continued from the second half of 2008 throughout the observed three months, although at a somewhat slower rate than in the first quarter because of very strong ship exports early in the year.

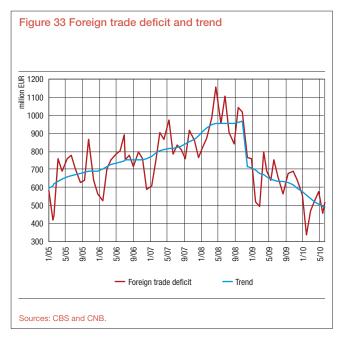
Following a recovery in the last three months of 2009 and stagnation in the first quarter of 2010, total exports of goods, excluding ships and oil, rose at a quarterly rate of 5.6% in the April to June period. Broken down by SITC divisions, exports of metalliferous ores and metal scrap, plastics in primary forms and medical and pharmaceutical products grew at the highest rates. The divisions continuing to record a marked decrease in exports include natural and manufactured gas, electricity and fish and preparations.

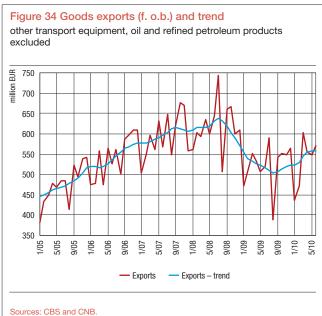
Total imports of goods (excluding ships and oil), having dropped for eight consecutive quarters, grew slightly, at a quarterly rate of 1.6%, from April to June 2010. However, the value of imports remained lower than in the same three months in the previous year, primarily due to a drop in imports of road vehicles

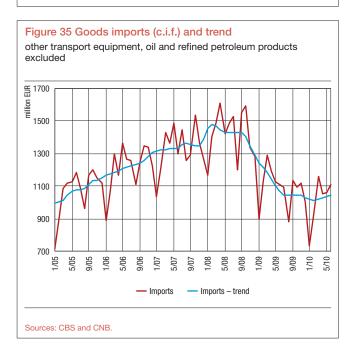
Table 2 Balance of payments (preliminary data) in million FUR

	H1/2009	H1/2010	Indices H1/2010/ H1/2009
Current account	-2,736.5	-1,674.3	61.2
Capital and financial account (excl. reserves)	2,780.4	272.5	9.8
International reserves	79.4	396.0	499.0
Net errors and omissions	-123.2	1,005.8	-
Source: CNB.			

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and capital goods, especially general industrial machinery and equipment and machinery specialised for particular industries. However, negative trends in both road vehicles and capital goods moderated, while the largest increase in imports was recorded in organic chemicals, ferrous metals and artificial fertilisers.

External debt

Having decreased slightly in the first quarter of 2010, external debt increased by EUR 0.6bn in the second quarter. The increase was exclusively due to cross-currency changes caused by the weakening of the reporting currency, the euro, versus other currencies. When only net transactions are taken into account, the debt balance decreased, as principal and interest payments exceeded the value of new loan withdrawals. With these changes accounted for, gross external debt reached EUR 43.6bn at the end of June (excluding round-tripping transactions).

The external debt of banks grew by EUR 0.4bn in the second quarter, partly on account of negative cross-currency changes and partly on account of new withdrawals, especially those related to cash, short-term deposits of non-residents and long-term loans. As in the first quarter, hybrid and subordinated instruments (the components of the direct investment-related debt), intensively used by banks in the previous years as sources of funding, were only slightly used in the second quarter.

Net transactions related to the external debt of other sectors (predominantly enterprises and non-banking financial institutions, including the CBRD) were negative in the period from April to June 2010. However, the external debt balance of these sectors increased by EUR 0.1bn due to the already mentioned cross-currency changes. The external debt of non-banking financial institutions continued to decrease, and the debt of enterprises in public, mixed and majority private ownership grew at a decelerated rate from the first quarter. The structure of private enterprises' debt reveals a continuing increase in late principal and interest payments, started at the end of the previous year.

Debt to affiliated enterprises (exclusive of round-tripping transactions) held almost steady in the second quarter of 2010. The debt of private enterprises rose slightly, whereas the debt of non-banking financial institutions to affiliated institutions edged down.

The government sector debt increased by EUR 63m in the

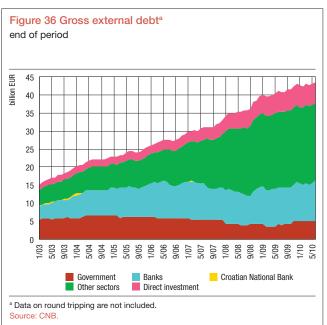


Table 3 Gross external debt by domestic sectors

			Stock				Absolute growth
	2008	2009	6/2010	2008ª	2009 ^b	Q1/2010	Q2/2010
Government	4,197	5,165	5,022	-1,241	998	-206	63
Croatian National Bank	2	1	1	0	-1	0	0
Banks	10,079	10,680	11,100	1,161	616	-17	438
Other sectors	19,836	21,354	21,540	4,899	1,221	129	57
Direct investment ^d	5,010	5,889	5,934	1,052	765	25	20
Total	39,125	43,089	43,597	5,871	3,598	-70	578

^a The increase in debt in 2008 comes from comparable data (use of the new reporting system would increase the external debt stock at end-2007 by EUR 325m, to EUR 33.3bn).

Source: CNB.

Table 4 External debt of other sectors

end of period, in million EUR

	2008	2009	6/2010	Absolute growt	
	2006	2009	0/2010	Q1/2010	Q2/2010
Other banking institutions	0	0	0	0	0
Non-banking financial institutions	4,950	5,396	4,978	-269	-150
Public and mixed enterprises	4,687	5,178	5,646	277	191
Other enterprises	9,933	10,500	10,668	133	35
Non-profit institutions	4	4	3	-1	0
Craftsmen and sole traders	17	11	9	-1	-1
Households	245	265	237	-10	-18
Total	19,836	21,354	21,540	129	57
Source: CNB.					

Table 5 Current and contingent external debt of the public sector and private sector debt

end of period, in million EUR

	2008	2000	2000	2009 6/2	2000	6/2010	Absol	ute growth
	2006	2009	0/2010	Q1/2010	Q2/2010			
Public sector debt	10,248	12,201	12,441	-47	287			
Publicly guaranteed private sector debt	80	9	10	-2	3			
Non-publicly guaranteed private sector debt ^a	28,797	30,879	31,147	-21	288			
Total	39,125	43,089	43,597	-70	578			

^a Data on round tripping are not included.

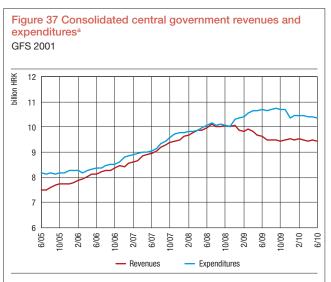
Source: CNB

second quarter, the weakening of the euro versus the US dollar producing a strong negative effect due to a large share of the euro-denominated debt (30%) in total government debt. On the back of the growth of public and mixed ownership enterprises' debt, the public sector debt increased by EUR 0.3bn in the second quarter. The government sector debt built up strongly in July, exceeding its 13% share in GDP estimated for 2010, primarily due to a USD 1.25bn bond issue in the US market.

Government finance

According to preliminary MoF data, consolidated central government revenues were 1.7% lower in the first half of 2010 than in the same period in 2009. The decrease would have been even sharper if it had not been moderated by revenues from the special tax on salaries, pensions and other income. The revenue fall was predominantly due to declining profit tax revenues, strongly reflecting poor business results in 2009. Social contribution revenues and income tax revenues also noticeably declined because of negative trends in the labour market. In contrast, revenues from VAT and excise taxes increased. However, rather than from increases in the relevant macroeconomic bases, these trends resulted from legislative changes, including the increase in the basic VAT rate and the collection of tax debt arising from excises on refined petroleum products (including road fees).

Consolidated central government expenditures declined by 0.2% in that period from the same period in the previous year. The fall primarily came in expenditures for the use of goods and services. And yet the government is planning to increase these expenditures on an annual level, which leads to the conclusion that, due to the shortfall in revenues, some expenditures have been postponed for the second half of the year. In addition, employee compensation contributed markedly to the decline in expenditures, primarily as a result of the reduction in the wage



^a Trend values are calculated as moving 12-month averages of original data. Disposals and acquisitions of non-financial assets are included. From January 2008 on, CM is excluded from the consolidated central government balance. Source: MoF.

^b The increase in debt in 2009 comes from comparable data (use of the advanced data processing system would increase the external debt stock at end-2008 by EUR 366m, to EUR 39.5bn).

Government excludes the CBRD. From the beginning of 2008, it also excludes CM which together with the CBRD has been reclassified to other sectors.

^d Data on round tripping are not included.

Table 6 Consolidated central government balance (GFS 2001) in million HRK

	Jan. – Jun. 2009	Jan. – Jun. 2010
Revenues	54,334.3	53,410.5
Expenditures	59,921.3	59,820.6
Disposal of non-financial assets	161.5	146.4
Acquisition of non-financial assets	1,387.1	1,020.2
Net borrowing	-6,812.7	-7,283.9
Source: MoF.		

Table 7 Consolidated central government financing

in million HRK

	Jan. – Jun. 2009	Jan. – Jun. 2010
Net borrowing (GFS 2001)	-6,812.7	-7,283.9
Financing	6,812.7	7,283.9
Change in financial assets	2,621.8	-3,126.8
Domestic	2,620.9	-3,235.9
Foreign	0.9	0.8
Change in financial liabilities	9,434.5	4,157.2
Domestic	8,957.5	6,742.2
Foreign	477.0	-2,585.1
Source: MoF.		

calculation basis for civil servants and government employees. Expenditures on subsidies and grants also recorded negative rates of change. Expenditures on social benefits moved in the opposite direction due to an increase in the number of pensioners, the average pension paid, interest and other expenditures. The increases in the last two expenditure categories were driven by stepped-up government borrowing and, to a large extent, by the transfers of road fees to Croatian Motorways.

The acquisition of non-financial assets fell by slightly over

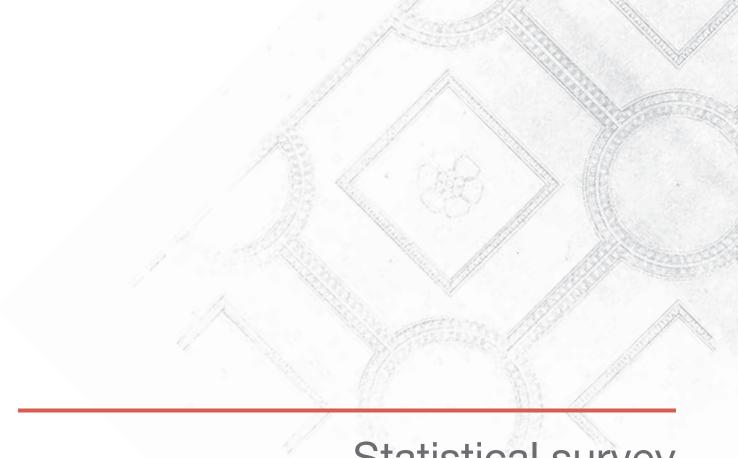
Table 8 Central government debt

in million HRK

	Jan. – Jun. 2009	Jan. – Jun. 2010
Change in total debt stock	8,869.4	4,830.8
Change in domestic debt stock	9,437.1	6,399.7
- Treasury bills	949.8	2,642.1
- Money market instruments	-3.7	1.4
- Bonds	302.2	2,485.2
- Credits from banks	8,188.8	1,271.0
Change in external debt stock	-567.7	-1,568.9
- Bonds	-943.8	-2,957.2
- Credits	376.1	1,388.3
Memo item:		
Change in total guarantees issued	1,831.5	4,117.2
Source: CNB.		

one fourth relative to the first six months in the previous year. Net acquisition of financial assets stood at HRK 0.9bn. The net operating balance added, net consolidated central government borrowing, as a measure of deficit, (GFS 2001, on a cash basis) amounted to HRK 7.3bn in the first half of the year.

The consolidated central government debt grew by HRK 4.8bn in the first six months, reaching HRK 120.bn (36.4% of the nominal GDP estimate for 2010) at the end of June. The debt increase stood significantly below the stated deficit due to the withdrawals of funds from government deposits with the CNB, raised in late 2009 through a foreign bond issue. The remaining funds required for the financing of the deficit and the refinancing of liabilities were mainly raised through new borrowing, including a bond worth HRK 3.5bn and a foreign currency-indexed bond worth EUR 350m, issued in the domestic market in the first quarter; considerable amounts were also collected through loans and T-bills.



Statistical survey

Classification and presentation of data on claims and liabilities

Data on financial institutions' claims and liabilities are classified according to institutional sectors and financial instruments. Institutional sectors are: financial institutions, central government and funds, other domestic sectors and foreign sector.

The financial institutions sector includes the following subsectors: monetary authorities (the central bank), banks, other banking institutions and non-banking financial institutions. The central bank is the Croatian National Bank (CNB). Banks are institutions to which the Croatian National Bank has issued a license to perform banking business services in accordance with the Banking Act, including savings banks during a transition period. Data on banks do not include claims and liabilities of banks undergoing bankruptcy proceedings, nor former branches of banks headquartered outside the Republic of Croatia. Other banking institutions comprise housing savings banks, savings and loan cooperatives and investment funds. Non-banking financial institutions are financial institutions not classified as banks or other banking institutions (e.g. insurance companies, pension funds).

The central government and funds consists of two subsectors, the Republic of Croatia and central government funds. Until December 2003, the subsector Republic of Croatia included government authorities, comprising the Croatian Roads, the Croatian Motorways and the State Agency for Deposit

Insurance and Bank Rehabilitation. The subsector central government funds includes the Croatian Institute for Health Insurance, the Croatian Pension Insurance Administration, the Croatian Employment Service, the Croatian Privatisation Fund, the Croatian Waters and the Croatian Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

Since January 2004, the Croatian Roads, the Croatian Motorways, and the State Agency for Deposit Insurance and Bank Rehabilitation have been reclassified, from the subsector Republic of Croatia to the subsector central government funds.

Other domestic sectors include local government authorities, public and other enterprises and households, including craftsmen and non-profit institutions providing services to households. The subsector other enterprises also comprises banks undergoing bankruptcy proceedings. In some tables other domestic sectors are divided into the following subsectors: local government (which comprises units of local and regional selfgovernment), public and other enterprises, and households (including craftsmen and non-profit institutions).

Foreign sector includes foreign legal and natural persons.

All data on claims and liabilities refer to balances at the end of the reporting period. Foreign currency items are reported in their kuna equivalent at the CNB's midpoint exchange rate at the end of the reporting period.

A Monetary and credit aggregates

Table A1 Monetary and credit aggregates

end of period, in million HRK and %

						S1 1				Monthly rate	es of growth		
Year	Month	Reserve money	Money M1	Money M1a	Broadest money M4	Net domestic assets	Domestic credit	Reserve money	Money M1	Money M1a	Broadest money M4	Net domestic assets	Domestic credit
1996	December	8,770.4	11,368.9	11,494.9	36,701.1	24,960.4	33,831.2	11.35	7.83	7.67	4.88	-5.41	-11.61
1997	December	10,346.1	13,731.4	13,848.8	50,742.0	33,829.0	48,863.4	7.86	3.93	3.85	2.16	4.98	4.96
1998	December	9,954.2	13,531.4	13,615.2	57,340.3	44,626.8	59,792.0	7.24	6.92	6.59	2.51	3.73	0.25
1999	Decembera	10,310.0	13,858.9	13,965.7	56,659.3	40,003.8	55,875.8	4.53	5.46	5.48	2.28	0.35	-4.58
2000	December	11,717.3	18,030.3	18,256.4	73,061.1	44,043.9	60,883.8	7.32	10.04	9.89	3.66	10.46	2.66
2001	December	17,803.2	23,703.5	23,936.5	106,071.4	57,410.0	74,964.5	8.01	13.00	11.96	11.65	3.40	1.16
2002	December	23,027.9	30,869.8	31,876.7	116,141.8	83,324.4	97,463.7	10.72	6.11	6.79	1.65	7.92	2.15
2003	December	30,586.2	33,888.7	34,630.9	128,893.1	96,121.7	111,661.4	8.90	1.78	1.93	0.14	3.11	0.66
2004	December	33,924.4	34,562.1	35,186.5	139,947.7	108,205.1	127,308.6	8.69	2.86	2.68	0.23	2.15	1.99
2005	December	40,390.8	38,817.1	39,855.4	154,647.0	131,343.2	149,168.3	9.38	4.34	3.87	-0.02	1.84	1.94
2006	December	46,331.2	48,521.0	49,141.7	182,458.6	154,844.1	183,379.5	3.17	4.75	4.07	1.57	3.38	2.99
2007	December	51,923.9	57,878.3	58,663.4	215,822.1	166,375.5	210,828.4	3.73	6.71	6.62	3.95	3.54	2.65
2008	December	49,743.0	55,222.3	56,044.6	225,018.5	183,279.1	232,982.1	-9.89	8.17	8.49	3.17	5.68	1.96
2009	August	55,346.9	47,815.0	48,297.2	224,444.3	186,660.7	230,228.9	0.36	0.32	0.27	1.40	-1.57	-0.42
	September	52,791.1	45,559.4	46,011.5	224,086.6	184,717.4	228,759.2	-4.62	-4.72	-4.73	-0.16	-1.04	-0.64
	October	54,446.1	44,657.2	45,158.6	221,147.8	183,289.0	227,891.2	3.13	-1.98	-1.85	-1.31	-0.77	-0.38
	November	53,699.8	45,748.0	46,255.6	223,600.6	179,711.1	231,436.6	-1.37	2.44	2.43	1.11	-1.95	1.56
	December	56,141.9	47,181.7	47,760.5	223,094.6	178,083.2	231,661.9	4.55	3.13	3.25	-0.23	-0.91	0.10
2010	January	57,770.5	48,084.2	48,541.3	223,486.8	181,640.3	233,047.7	2.90	1.91	1.63	0.18	2.00	0.60
	February	57,234.3	48,701.2	49,190.9	223,347.0	184,078.9	232,731.5	-0.93	1.28	1.34	-0.06	1.34	-0.14
	March	54,694.4	47,726.2	48,329.4	222,043.1	184,290.7	233,913.8	-4.44	-2.00	-1.75	-0.58	0.12	0.51
	April	54,076.0	48,982.2	49,554.8	222,055.0	184,328.8	234,764.5	-1.13	2.63	2.54	0.01	0.02	0.36
	May	54,796.4	47,986.9	48,636.6	222,569.0	185,391.6	236,038.1	1.33	-2.03	-1.85	0.23	0.58	0.54
	June	55,858.3	49,715.7	50,349.9	224,581.4	187,596.3	238,071.7	1.94	3.60	3.52	0.90	1.19	0.86
	July	54,794.4	50,749.5	51,454.6	226,952.6	177,911.9	239,486.1	-1.90	2.08	2.19	1.06	-5.16	0.59

^a Domestic credit decreased by a one-off HRK 2,759.4m.

Table A1 Monetary and credit aggregates • The table shows data on some basic monetary and credit aggregates, including their monthly growth rates. In September 1999, all the monetary aggregates were revised. In previous publications of the CNB, data on claims and obligations of savings banks were not included in the compilation of the monetary aggregates.

Reserve money is taken over in its entirety from the Monetary authorities accounts (Table C1).

Money (M1) is defined in the same way as the corresponding item in the Monetary survey (Table B1). It comprises currency outside banks, deposits with the CNB by other banking institutions and other domestic sectors as well as banks' demand deposits. Money (M1a) comprises currency outside banks and banks' demand deposits, increased by the demand deposits of the central government and funds with banks.

Broadest money (M4) comprises Money (M1), savings and

time deposits, foreign currency deposits as well as bonds and money market instruments (all components are taken over from the Monetary survey, Table B1).

Net domestic assets are defined as a difference between total liquid assets and foreign assets (net).

Domestic credit comprises banks' claims on other domestic sectors, other banking institutions and non-banking financial institutions.

In May 1999, bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated against several banks so their assets and liabilities are excluded from monetary statistics. In April 1999, those banks' share in monetary aggregate M1 amounted to HRK 259.3m and in monetary aggregate M4 amounted to HRK 4,035.8m. Data for June 1999 are comparable with data for July 1999 if Domestic credit is increased by HRK 3,513.5m.

B Monetary institutions

Table B1 Monetary survey

end of period, in million HRK

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009					2010
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.
ASSETS										
1 Foreign assets (net)	23,303.8	27,614.5	49,446.5	41,739.4	45,011.4	37,752.4	37,726.2	37,177.4	36,985.1	49,040.7
2 Domestic credit	168,427.7	200,328.9	226,076.1	254,569.8	253,523.6	262,293.5	262,542.2	265,047.1	267,864.4	257,862.1
2.1 Claims on central government and funds (net)	19,259.4	16,949.4	15,247.7	21,587.7	21,861.7	28,379.8	27,777.7	29,009.0	29,792.7	18,376.0
2.2 Claims on other domestic sectors	147,414.3	181,031.9	207,398.7	231,472.7	229,870.2	231,979.9	232,453.6	233,894.7	235,919.6	236,780.3
2.3 Claims on other banking institutions	592.2	1,029.5	1,640.0	441.9	681.7	733.1	1,062.7	883.2	795.1	1,175.2
2.4 Claims on non-banking financial institutions	1,161.8	1,318.1	1,789.7	1,067.4	1,109.9	1,200.8	1,248.2	1,260.2	1,357.0	1,530.5
Total (1+2)	191,731.5	227,943.3	275,522.6	296,309.2	298,534.9	300,045.9	300,268.4	302,224.4	304,849.6	306,902.8
LIABILITIES										
1 Money	38,817.1	48,521.0	57,878.3	55,222.3	47,181.7	47,726.2	48,982.2	47,986.9	49,715.7	50,749.5
2 Savings and time deposits	27,992.1	44,836.8	53,644.9	50,070.3	39,139.4	35,504.6	35,143.5	35,362.4	36,896.0	35,808.1
3 Foreign currency deposits	86,760.8	88,256.7	103,090.1	117,194.8	135,410.6	137,324.5	136,478.0	137,718.3	136,457.8	139,140.6
4 Bonds and money market instruments	1,077.0	844.1	1,208.8	2,531.1	1,362.8	1,487.7	1,451.3	1,501.4	1,511.8	1,254.3
5 Restricted and blocked deposits	2,092.3	2,504.5	2,280.9	3,094.2	2,598.3	2,451.4	2,477.0	2,751.0	2,774.9	2,628.6
6 Other items (net)	34,992.2	42,980.2	57,419.6	68,196.5	72,842.0	75,551.5	75,736.4	76,904.4	77,493.3	77,321.6
Total (1+2+3+4+5+6)	191,731.5	227,943.3	275,522.6	296,309.2	298,534.9	300,045.9	300,268.4	302,224.4	304,849.6	306,902.8

Table B1 Monetary survey • The monetary survey shows consolidated data from the Monetary authorities accounts (Table C1) and Banks' accounts (Table D1).

Foreign assets (net) are the difference between total foreign assets and total foreign liabilities of the CNB and banks.

Domestic credit is the sum of corresponding items from Monetary authorities accounts and Banks' accounts. Claims on central government and funds are reported on a net basis, i.e. decreased by central government and funds' deposits with the CNB and banks.

Money is the sum of currency outside banks, deposits by

other banking institutions with the CNB, deposits by other domestic sectors with the CNB and banks' demand deposits (item Demand deposits in Banks' accounts, Table D1).

Items Savings and time deposits, Foreign currency deposits as well as Bonds and money market instruments are entirely taken over from the Banks' accounts, while item Restricted and blocked deposits represents the sum of corresponding items from the Monetary authorities accounts (excluding banks' blocked deposits with the CNB) and Banks' accounts. Other items (net) are unclassified liabilities decreased by unclassified assets.

Table B2 Number of reporting banks and savings banks and their classification by total assets

			Re	oorting bank	s classified a	ccording to t	heir total ass	sets	.	Savings banks classified according to their total assets				
Year	Month	Total number of reporting banks	Less than 100 million kuna	100 million kuna to less than 500 million kuna	500 million kuna to less than 1 billion kuna	1 billion kuna to less than 2 billion kuna	2 billion kuna to less than 10 billion kuna	10 billion kuna and over	Total number of reporting savings banks	Less than 10 million kuna	10 million kuna to less than 100 million kuna	100 million kuna and over		
1					6				10	11	12	13		
1996	December	57	10	26	6	9	4	2	22	10	11	1		
1997	December	60	4	28	9	8	9	2	33	12	18	3		
1998	December	60	3	26	8	11	10	2	33	4	25	4		
1999	December	53	4	23	7	7	10	2	30	5	21	4		
2000	December	45	3	15	9	6	10	2	29	5	19	5		
2001	December	44	3	13	7	7	10	4	21	4	12	5		
2002	December	46	4	13	7	9	8	5	10	3	5	2		
2003	December	42	2	13	8	5	8	6	7	3	2	2		
2004	December	39	1	12	9	6	5	6	6	3	3	-		
2005	December	36	1	10	6	8	5	6	3	2	1	-		
2006	December	35	2	6	5	10	4	8	3	2	1	-		
2007	December	35	2	5	2	12	5	9	2	1	1	-		
2008	December	36	2	7	1	11	6	9	2	1	1	-		
2009	August	36	3	6	2	10	7	8	2	1	1	-		
	September	36	3	6	2	10	7	8	2	1	1	-		
	October	36	3	6	2	10	7	8	2	1	1	-		
	November	36	3	5	3	10	7	8	2	1	1	-		
	December	36	3	5	3	10	7	8	2	1	1	-		
2010	January	36	3	5	2	11	7	8	2	1	1	-		
	February	36	3	5	2	11	7	8	2	1	1	-		
	March	36	3	5	2	11	7	8	2	1	1	-		
	April	36	3	5	2	11	7	8	2	1	1	-		
	May	36	3	5	2	11	7	8	2	1	1	-		
	June	36	3	5	2	11	7	8	2	1	1	-		
	July	36	3	5	2	11	7	8	2	1	1	-		

Table B2 Number of reporting banks and savings banks and their classification by total assets • The table shows the total number of banks and savings banks during the transition period which report monthly to the CNB. Their operations are shown in the Banks' accounts. Monetary statistics includes reporting

institutions under winding-up and, until February 2005, institutions whose operating licences have been revoked, but which have not initiated winding-up proceedings.

The table also shows the classification of reporting banks and savings banks according to their total assets.

C Monetary authorities

Table C1 Monetary authorities accounts

end of period, in million HRK

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009					2010
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.
ASSETS										
1 Foreign assets	54,862.5	64,088.2	68,177.8	66,805.5	75,807.8	72,652.2	72,577.2	73,913.5	74,129.8	82,089.7
1.1 Gold	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.2 Holdings of SDRs	6.3	5.3	5.6	5.3	2,423.7	2,486.2	2,512.7	2,652.9	2,649.1	2,557.6
1.3 Reserve position in the IMF	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3
1.4 Currency and demand deposits with foreign banks	7.7	7.2	7.2	1,472.7	1,763.8	1,815.5	1,748.3	1,844.0	1,750.3	1,745.9
1.5 Time deposits with foreign banks	28,274.1	33,243.0	33,204.4	13,189.3	17,534.5	17,910.6	17,992.3	20,063.7	20,625.8	28,408.
1.6 Securities in f/c	26,573.0	30,831.2	34,959.3	52,136.9	54,084.5	50,438.7	50,322.6	49,351.5	49,103.3	49,376.
1.7 Non-convertible foreign exchange	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2 Claims on central government and funds	1.4	0.9	1.0	2.2	2.9	-	0.1	-	-	
2.1 Claims in kuna	1.4	0.9	1.0	2.2	2.9	-	0.1	-	-	-
2.2 Claims in f/c	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 Claims on other domestic sectors	73.4	64.0	67.9	64.2	4.2	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.9
4 Claims on banks	4,215.6	3,911.5	4,178.3	13.9	13.5	13.2	13.2	13.1	13.0	12.
4.1 Credits to banks	4,215.6	3,911.5	4,178.3	13.9	13.5	13.2	13.2	13.1	13.0	12.
Lombard credits	-	-	1,349.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Short-term liquidity credits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other credits	14.5	14.5	14.7	13.9	13.5	13.2	13.2	13.1	13.0	12.
Reverse repo transactions	4,201.1	3,897.0	2,814.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	
4.2 Overdue claims	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
5 Claims on other banking institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total (1+2+3+4+5)	59,153.0	68,064.6	72,425.1	66,885.8	75,828.3	72,669.5	72,594.5	73,930.7	74,146.7	82,106.6
LIABILITIES										
1 Reserve money	40,390.8	46,331.2	51,923.9	49,743.0	56,141.9	54,694.4	54,076.0	54,796.4	55,858.3	54,794.4
1.1 Currency outside banks	12,163.8	14,609.3	16,007.5	17,051.0	15,282.1	14,774.8	15,139.0	15,447.3	16,048.3	16,949.
1.2 Banks' cash in vaults	2,210.7	2,698.0	3,305.8	3,428.3	3,659.6	3,100.1	3,429.3	4,067.2	4,569.6	4,543.
1.3 Banks' deposits	26,016.3	29,023.9	32,610.6	29,263.7	37,200.1	36,819.1	35,507.7	35,281.4	35,240.3	33,301.
Settlement accounts	8,411.1	8,535.7	7,553.9	9,520.3	12,024.6	10,630.1	9,837.4	9,700.1	9,881.5	9,602.
Statutory reserves	17,605.2	20,478.2	22,275.6	19,222.7	23,600.6	22,054.5	21,876.8	21,982.4	22,089.1	22,199.
CNB bills on obligatory basis	_	_	1,991.1	460.6	_	_	_	_	_	
Overnight deposits	_	10.0	790.0	60.0	1,575.0	4,134.5	3,793.5	3,598.9	3,269.7	1,500.0
1.4 Deposits of other banking institutions	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
1.5 Deposits of other domestic sectors ^a	_	_	_	_	_	0.3	_	0.5	0.0	0.0
2 Restricted and blocked deposits	13,551.8	16,633.5	14,286.0	8,064.1	5,091.6	4,766.4	4,781.7	4,782.2	4,702.1	4,743.
2.1 Statutory reserve in f/c	13,495.9	16,576.7	14,257.5	8,008.3	5,041.7	4,710.7	4,723.3	4,728.9	4,647.8	4,674.
2.2 Restricted deposits	55.9	56.9	28.6	55.8	49.9	55.8	58.4	53.3	54.3	68.
2.3 Escrow deposits	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
3 Foreign liabilities	18.9	18.9	17.2	16.6	8.1	8.5	8.6	9.2	9.3	8.7
3.1 Use of IMF credit	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
3.2 Liabilities to international organisations	18.9	18.9	17.2	16.6	8.1	8.5	8.6	9.2	9.3	8.7
3.3 Liabilities to foreign banks ^b	_	_	_	_	_	0.0	_	0.0	_	
4 Central government and funds' deposits	332.2	188.0	199.1	206.9	4,171.4	2,188.1	2,879.2	2,291.7	1,977.6	11,332.
4.1 Demand deposits	319.0	174.5	125.8	171.1	1,839.2	2,155.3	2,870.4	2,196.2	1,958.1	4,760.
Central government demand deposits	246.3	138.6	100.3	43.0	1,772.9	140.4	860.4	146.6	136.4	3,108.9
Central government demand deposits	72.7	35.9	25.4	128.2	66.2	2,014.9	2,010.0	2,049.6	1,821.7	1,651.
	13.2	13.5	73.3	35.8	2,332.2	32.8	2,010.0	95.5	1,021.7	6,571.
4.2 Central government f/c deposits	13.2	13.5	13.3	33.8	2,002.2	32.0	0.0	93.5	19.5	0,371.
4.2 CNP bills										
4.3 CNB bills 5 CNB bills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010				
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.
5.2 CNB bills in f/c	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	-
6 Capital accounts	5,357.4	5,408.8	6,664.5	9,562.4	11,151.3	11,749.0	11,585.3	12,786.0	12,343.9	12,008.5
7 Other items (net)	-498.2	-515.8	-665.6	-707.1	-735.9	-736.9	-736.2	-734.8	-744.5	-780.7
Total (1+2+3+4+5+6+7)	59,153.0	68,064.6	72,425.1	66,885.8	75,828.3	72,669.5	72,594.5	73,930.7	74,146.7	82,106.6

^a The CDA accounts with the CNB for the gross and net settlement of purchased securities are reclassified from the central government sector to other domestic sectors from December 2002 onwards. ^b From October 2001 to May 2003, Liabilities to foreign banks include also liabilities based on CNB bills subscribed by non-residents.

Table C1 Monetary authorities accounts • The table reports data on claims and liabilities by monetary authorities.

Foreign assets include the following forms of foreign currency and kuna claims on foreign legal and natural persons: monetary gold, holdings of special drawing rights, foreign cash in vault, reserve position in the International Monetary Fund, current account balances with foreign banks, time deposits with foreign banks and accrued interest, foreign currency security investments and other claims.

Claims on central government and funds are loans and overdue claims on the budget of the Republic of Croatia. In accordance with the Croatian National Bank Act that entered into force in April 2001, the Croatian National Bank may not extend credit to the Republic of Croatia. Hence, this item comprises only overdue claims on the budget of the Republic of Croatia based on the payment system operations and the liabilities to the IMF and foreign banks. Until April 2001, Claims in kuna were short-term loans granted for the purpose of overcoming timing differences between incoming revenues and execution of budgetary expenditures, long-term loans granted by special regulations by the government of the Republic of Croatia, and overdue claims on the budgetary central government, while Claims in foreign currency was a counter-entry to the liability to the IMF based on the succession of membership in that institution.

Claims on other domestic sectors are loans and overdue claims on other domestic sectors, including banks in bankruptcy proceedings.

Claims on banks are credits to banks and overdue claims on banks. Credits to banks comprise Lombard credits, short-term liquidity credits, other credits and reverse repo transactions. Item Lombard credits comprises credits to banks for regular maintaining of the day-to-day liquidity, which were replaced by Lombard credits in December 1994. Short-term liquidity credits, which have been granted since the beginning of 1999, also serve to bridge liquidity problems. Other credits include intervention credits, special credits for bridging liquidity problems granted in the past (initial credits, prerehabilitation credits), due but unpaid credits and deposits of the CNB with banks. From April 2005 on, reverse repo transactions are conducted on a weekly basis. Overdue claims on banks comprise settlement account overdrafts (until mid-1994) and banks' failure to correctly and promptly allocate and maintain statutory reserve requirements.

Since May 1999, Claims on other domestic sectors include overdue claims on banks against which bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated. Due to the reclassification of savings banks from the subsector other banking institutions to the subsector banks, data for Claims on banks and Claims on other banking institutions have been revised.

Reserve money consists of currency outside banks, cash in banks' vaults, banks' deposits with the CNB, other banking institutions' deposits and other domestic sectors' deposits with the CNB. Banks' deposits are: settlement account balances, statutory reserves deposited on a special account with the CNB (including, from March 2006, special reserve requirement on liabilities arising from issued securities), CNB bills on an obligatory basis and overnight deposits. Deposits by other banking institutions included, until September 2003, settlement account balances of housing savings banks. Deposits by other domestic sectors are other domestic sectors' giro account balances which are deposited with the Croatian National Bank in accordance with law or other regulation.

Restricted and blocked deposits include required foreign currency reserves and accrued interest, restricted deposits and blocked foreign currency deposits. Banks are required to set aside the reserve requirements against certain foreign currency sources of funds and the marginal reserve requirements (from August 2004 to October 2008) in special accounts at the Croatian National Bank. Restricted deposits are kuna funds set aside on the basis of a court order or regulations, kuna funds set aside in the period between May 1999 and April 2002 and deposits of banks against which bankruptcy proceedings have been initiated. Blocked foreign currency deposits are funds that were set aside in special accounts at the Croatian National Bank for repaying unpaid amounts due to foreign creditors.

Foreign liabilities include use of IMF credits, liabilities to international financial institutions and foreign banks and accrued interest

Central government and funds' deposits are demand deposits and foreign currency deposits of the Republic of Croatia and central government funds with the CNB, and CNB bills purchased by central government institutions.

CNB bills are kuna and f/c CNB bills on a voluntary basis, excluding CNB bills voluntarily purchased by central government institutions.

Capital accounts include reserves, provisions and the income and cost accounts.

Other items (net) are unclassified liabilities decreased by unclassified assets of the Monetary authorities accounts.

Due to the reclassification of savings banks from the subsector other banking institutions to the subsector banks, data for Currency outside banks, Banks' cash in vaults, Banks' deposits and Deposits of other banking institutions were revised.

D Banks

Table D1 Banks' accounts

end of period, in million HRK

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009					2010
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.
ASSETS								'		
1 Reserves with the CNB	41,775.2	48,384.7	50,178.9	40,705.6	45,902.1	44,631.9	43,661.3	44,077.8	44,457.7	42,519.4
1.1 In kuna	28,283.1	31,814.1	35,929.1	32,700.5	40,860.4	39,921.3	38,938.0	39,348.9	39,809.8	37,844.6
1.2 ln f/c	13,492.1	16,570.6	14,249.8	8,005.1	5,041.7	4,710.7	4,723.3	4,728.9	4,647.8	4,674.8
2 Foreign assets	35,572.5	39,621.2	46,438.5	50,246.6	49,577.0	44,828.0	42,875.8	42,839.1	45,322.3	45,036.2
3 Claims on central government and funds	28,877.2	27,936.8	28,971.5	37,801.1	44,249.5	47,952.1	48,266.0	48,967.4	49,202.8	49,171.2
4 Claims on other domestic sectors	147,340.9	180,967.8	207,330.7	231,408.6	229,866.1	231,975.9	232,449.6	233,890.7	235,915.6	236,776.4
4.1 Claims on local government	1,767.2	1,892.0	2,140.8	2,077.4	2,074.2	2,123.4	2,221.1	2,202.5	2,213.5	2,273.8
4.2 Claims on enterprises	67,017.9	83,386.5	92,265.1	102,779.8	104,898.1	107,129.1	107,786.6	108,857.7	109,606.4	110,545.0
4.3 Claims on households	78,555.7	95,689.3	112,924.9	126,551.4	122,893.7	122,723.4	122,441.9	122,830.5	124,095.7	123,957.6
5 Claims on other banking institutions	592.2	1,029.5	1,640.0	441.9	681.7	733.1	1,062.7	883.2	795.1	1,175.2
6 Claims on non-banking financial instituions	1,161.8	1,318.1	1,789.7	1,067.4	1,109.9	1,200.8	1,248.2	1,260.2	1,357.0	1,530.5
Total (1+2+3+4+5+6)	255,319.8	299,258.1	336,349.4	361,671.2	371,386.3	371,321.8	369,563.7	371,918.4	377,050.6	376,208.9
LIABILITIES										
1 Demand deposits	26,653.3	33,911.7	41,870.8	38,171.2	31,899.6	32,951.0	33,843.2	32,539.2	33,667.4	33,799.8
2 Savings and time deposits	27,992.1	44,836.8	53,644.9	50,070.3	39,139.4	35,504.6	35,143.5	35,362.4	36,896.0	35,808.1
3 Foreign currency deposits	86,760.8	88,256.7	103,090.1	117,194.8	135,410.6	137,324.5	136,478.0	137,718.3	136,457.8	139,140.6
4 Bonds and money market instruments	1,077.0	844.1	1,208.8	2,531.1	1,362.8	1,487.7	1,451.3	1,501.4	1,511.8	1,254.3
5 Foreign liabilities	67,112.3	76,076.0	65,152.6	75,296.1	80,365.3	79,719.4	77,718.2	79,566.1	82,457.8	78,076.5
6 Central government and funds' deposits	9,287.0	10,800.4	13,525.8	16,007.5	18,219.3	17,384.2	17,609.3	17,666.7	17,432.5	19,463.0
7 Credit from central bank	4,215.6	3,911.4	4,178.3	14.0	13.5	13.2	13.1	13.1	13.0	12.9
8 Restricted and blocked deposits	2,036.4	2,447.6	2,252.3	3,038.4	2,548.4	2,395.6	2,418.6	2,697.7	2,720.7	2,559.8
9 Capital accounts	32,665.7	40,805.1	53,178.9	60,317.4	66,306.4	67,930.5	67,929.5	68,529.5	68,728.5	69,499.4
10 Other items (net)	-2,480.4	-2,631.7	-1,753.2	-969.7	-3,879.1	-3,389.0	-3,041.2	-3,676.0	-2,834.8	-3,405.6
Total (1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10)	255,319.8	299,258.1	336,349.4	361,671.2	371,386.3	371,321.8	369,563.7	371,918.4	377,050.6	376,208.9

Table D1 Banks' accounts • Banks' accounts include data on banks' claims and liabilities. Banks' mutual claims and liabilities are consolidated.

Required reserves held at the central bank include kuna and foreign currency reserves. Kuna reserves include vault cash and kuna funds held in accounts at the central bank. Foreign currency reserves include foreign currency held in the CNB's foreign currency accounts.

Foreign assets are the following forms of kuna and foreign currency claims on foreign legal and natural persons: foreign cash in vaults, current account balances with foreign banks and time deposits with foreign banks (including loro letters of credit and other forms of collateral), securities, loans, and equities.

Claims on central government and funds are the following forms of claims in kuna and foreign currency: securities and loans.

Claims on other domestic sectors include the following claims in kuna and foreign currency: money market instruments, bonds, loans (including acceptances), and equities.

The same forms of kuna and foreign currency claims are included in claims on other banking institutions and non-banking financial institutions, with one difference: Claims on other banking institutions also include deposits with those institutions.

Items Demand deposits, Savings and time deposits, Foreign currency deposits as well as Bonds and money market instruments comprise banks' liabilities to other domestic sectors, other banking institutions and non-banking financial institutions.

Demand deposits include giro and current accounts balances and banks' obligations arising from kuna payment instruments issued, minus currency in the payment system, i.e. checks in banks' vaults and checks in collection.

Savings and time deposits are kuna sight deposits as well as kuna time and notice deposits.

Foreign currency deposits are foreign currency sight deposits as well as foreign currency time and notice deposits.

Bonds and money market instruments are banks' liabilities for securities issued (net) and loans received. Issued subordinated and hybrid instruments, purchased by foreign investors, are excluded from this item.

Foreign liabilities comprise the following forms of kuna and foreign currency liabilities to foreign legal and natural persons: giro and current accounts, savings deposits (including loro letters of credit and other forms of collateral), time deposits, loans received and liabilities due. Issued subordinate and hybrid instruments, purchased by foreign investors, are also included in loans received.

Central government and funds' deposits are all forms of banks' kuna and foreign currency liabilities (except restricted and blocked deposits) to the central government and funds.

Credit from central bank comprises loans received from the CNB and deposits by the CNB with banks. Repurchase of securities is also considered and treated as a loan.

Restricted and blocked deposits comprise the following banks' liabilities: kuna and foreign currency restricted deposits by other domestic sectors, other banking institutions, non-banking financial institutions, central government and funds as well as foreign legal and natural persons, and households' blocked foreign currency deposits, regulated by the Act on Converting Households' Foreign Currency Deposits into the Public Debt of the Republic of Croatia.

Capital accounts are share capital, profit or loss for the

previous and current year, retained earnings (loss), legal reserves, reserves provided for by the articles of association and other capital reserves, hedging reserves, unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets classified as available-for-sale assets, value adjustments and collectively assessed impairment provisions.

Other items (net) are unclassified liabilities decreased by unclassified assets, including the fair value of derivative financial instruments.

Tables D2 − D12 • This group of tables (with the exception of Table D5) provides a detailed analysis of the relevant asset and liability items from Table D1 (Banks' accounts).

Table D2 Banks' foreign assets

end of period, in million HRK

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009					2010
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.
1 Foreign assets in f/c	35,457.9	39,454.5	45,837.2	49,705.1	49,230.3	44,511.3	42,561.7	42,478.7	44,729.9	44,602.6
1.1 Claims on foreign financial institutions	27,228.5	30,404.1	37,824.9	38,038.3	34,186.6	30,564.2	29,731.5	30,183.5	31,315.6	31,667.4
Foreign currencies	1,136.1	1,232.1	1,245.5	1,973.2	1,772.6	1,599.7	1,634.7	1,785.2	2,049.3	2,365.2
Demand deposits	860.2	870.1	1,305.2	2,109.8	1,338.7	1,368.0	1,358.8	2,426.8	1,486.0	1,352.8
Time and notice deposits	20,874.6	23,509.4	31,726.1	31,444.5	29,254.5	25,651.5	24,995.6	24,368.4	26,175.1	26,360.6
Securities	4,197.0	4,441.5	3,210.4	2,307.1	1,629.0	1,720.6	1,593.2	1,449.1	1,423.0	1,411.6
Loans and advances	152.9	339.2	195.9	166.3	117.6	188.5	113.0	118.7	113.5	114.0
Shares and participations	7.8	11.8	141.9	37.4	74.2	35.9	36.3	35.3	68.7	63.3
1.2 Claims on foreign non-banks	8,229.4	9,050.4	8,012.3	11,666.8	15,043.7	13,947.1	12,830.2	12,295.2	13,414.4	12,935.2
Claims on foreign governments	7,735.7	8,217.0	6,696.1	9,976.8	13,477.2	12,361.2	11,198.5	10,695.1	11,846.2	11,407.2
Claims on other non-residents	493.1	798.1	1,295.2	1,613.5	1,534.5	1,564.0	1,605.8	1,560.8	1,527.7	1,506.3
Securities	68.0	141.5	180.9	235.1	205.4	230.0	235.6	217.0	207.4	178.7
Loans and advances	425.2	656.6	1,114.3	1,378.4	1,329.1	1,334.0	1,370.2	1,343.8	1,320.3	1,327.6
Shares and participations	0.5	35.3	20.9	76.5	32.0	21.9	25.8	39.3	40.5	21.6
2 Foreign assets in kuna	114.6	166.7	601.3	541.5	346.7	316.7	314.1	360.4	592.4	433.6
2.1 Claims on foreign financial institutions	71.3	96.9	408.1	144.1	86.3	83.5	78.1	124.7	351.2	197.8
2.2 Claims on foreign non-banks	43.4	69.8	193.3	397.4	260.3	233.3	236.0	235.8	241.2	235.8
o/w: Loans and advances	42.6	69.2	192.7	396.8	260.0	233.0	235.7	235.5	240.9	235.5
Total (1+2)	35,572.5	39,621.2	46,438.5	50,246.6	49,577.0	44,828.0	42,875.8	42,839.1	45,322.3	45,036.2

Table D2 Banks' foreign assets • This table shows banks' claims on foreign legal and natural persons.

Foreign assets of banks comprise foreign assets in kuna and foreign currency.

Claims on foreign banks and Claims on foreign non-banks (total and by financial instruments) are shown separately within both foreign assets in kuna and in foreign currency.

Table D3 Banks' claims on the central government and funds

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009					2010
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.
1 In kuna	20,532.7	22,703.0	24,081.8	24,901.6	24,461.9	27,442.5	27,351.3	27,928.9	28,396.1	27,524.2
1.1 Claims on central government	17,352.6	18,361.2	19,057.3	19,899.5	19,230.6	20,409.9	20,406.5	20,891.3	21,434.5	20,590.5
Securities	16,037.7	14,546.7	16,099.8	16,969.0	16,305.4	17,456.7	17,063.5	17,148.9	17,064.4	17,308.6
o/w: Bonds (c'part to f/c savings deposits)	20.6	8.3	6.4	6.1	5.2	5.2	5.8	5.6	5.4	5.2
Loans and advances	1,314.9	3,814.5	2,957.5	2,930.4	2,925.1	2,953.3	3,343.0	3,742.5	4,370.1	3,281.9
1.2 Claims on central government funds	3,180.1	4,341.9	5,024.5	5,002.1	5,231.3	7,032.6	6,944.8	7,037.6	6,961.6	6,933.8
Securities	-	-	-	6.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans and advances	3,180.1	4,341.9	5,024.5	4,996.1	5,231.3	7,032.6	6,944.8	7,037.6	6,961.6	6,933.8
2 ln f/c	8,344.5	5,233.8	4,889.7	12,899.5	19,787.7	20,509.6	20,914.7	21,038.5	20,806.7	21,647.0
2.1 Claims on central government	7,241.0	4,624.4	4,388.6	9,843.6	14,793.1	14,650.5	14,841.3	14,952.7	14,794.5	14,911.8
Securities	1,248.1	429.0	268.4	300.7	234.7	196.3	194.5	273.1	255.7	262.6
Loans and advances	5,992.8	4,195.4	4,120.1	9,542.9	14,558.4	14,454.1	14,646.7	14,679.6	14,538.8	14,649.3
2.2 Claims on central government funds	1,103.5	609.4	501.2	3,055.9	4,994.6	5,859.1	6,073.5	6,085.7	6,012.2	6,735.2
Securities	144.2	109.2	82.1	50.9	52.0	96.7	96.7	96.3	94.3	95.3
Loans and advances	959.3	500.2	419.1	3,005.1	4,942.6	5,762.4	5,976.8	5,989.4	5,917.9	6,639.8
Total (1+2)	28,877.2	27,936.8	28,971.5	37,801.1	44,249.5	47,952.1	48,266.0	48,967.4	49,202.8	49,171.2

Table D3 Banks' claims on the central government and funds • The table shows banks' kuna and foreign currency claims on the central government and funds. The item Securities, shown under Claims in kuna on the Republic of Croatia,

also comprises bonds arising from blocked foreign currency savings deposits issued in accordance with the Act on Converting Households' Foreign Currency Deposits into the Public Debt of the Republic of Croatia.

Table D4 Banks' claims on other domestic sectors

end of period, in million HRK

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009					2010
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.
1 Claims in kuna	133,603.5	166,755.1	194,476.7	216,530.8	211,273.4	212,404.8	212,855.4	214,107.8	215,614.1	215,872.2
1.1 Money market instruments	2,329.9	1,980.7	2,147.4	2,674.5	2,040.2	1,956.6	1,970.7	1,985.9	1,989.4	1,977.6
1.2 Bonds	361.6	1,088.8	1,366.0	1,341.4	1,691.0	1,741.2	1,738.7	1,697.4	1,675.8	1,672.9
1.3 Loans and advances	128,882.3	161,694.2	188,462.5	210,424.0	205,279.3	206,439.3	206,849.6	208,135.2	209,668.7	209,937.5
1.4 Shares and participations	2,029.6	1,991.4	2,500.8	2,090.8	2,262.9	2,267.7	2,296.3	2,289.4	2,280.3	2,284.3
2 Claims in f/c	13,737.4	14,212.8	12,854.0	14,877.8	18,592.7	19,571.1	19,594.2	19,782.9	20,301.5	20,904.2
2.1 Securities	307.6	221.1	249.2	109.3	441.1	228.1	168.2	223.1	212.4	195.9
2.2 Loans and advances	13,429.8	13,991.6	12,604.9	14,768.5	18,151.7	19,343.0	19,426.0	19,559.8	20,089.1	20,708.3
Total (1+2)	147,340.9	180,967.8	207,330.7	231,408.6	229,866.1	231,975.9	232,449.6	233,890.7	235,915.6	236,776.4

Table D4 Banks' claims on other domestic sectors • The table shows banks' kuna and foreign currency claims on other domestic sectors, classified according to financial instruments:

money market instruments (including factoring and forfeiting since January 2004), loans and advances (including acceptances and purchased claims), and equities.

Table D5 Distribution of banks' loans by domestic institutional sectors

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009					2010
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.
LOANS IN KUNA	'			'	'	'				
1 Loans to central government and funds	4,495.0	8,156.4	7,982.0	7,926.5	8,156.4	9,985.9	10,287.8	10,780.0	11,331.7	10,215.6
1.1 Loans to central government	1,314.9	3,814.5	2,957.5	2,930.4	2,925.1	2,953.3	3,343.0	3,742.5	4,370.1	3,281.9
1.2 Loans to central government funds	3,180.1	4,341.9	5,024.5	4,996.1	5,231.3	7,032.6	6,944.8	7,037.6	6,961.6	6,933.8
2 Loans to local government	1,613.9	1,720.3	1,867.5	1,786.9	1,795.4	1,862.0	1,962.6	1,941.8	1,957.4	2,021.0
3 Loans to enterprises	49,105.9	64,666.3	74,001.7	82,431.7	80,913.1	82,172.7	82,760.0	83,714.2	83,964.2	84,302.4
4 Loans to households	78,162.4	95,307.6	112,593.3	126,205.3	122,570.8	122,404.6	122,127.1	122,479.2	123,747.1	123,614.1
o/w: Housing loans	27,571.1	36,927.3	45,218.6	52,305.5	52,949.4	53,596.5	53,489.1	53,799.1	55,084.6	55,053.0
5 Loans to other banking institutions	46.5	304.4	213.6	36.1	236.5	196.2	245.7	281.3	237.6	520.8
6 Loans to non-banking financial institutions	591.8	854.4	947.6	741.4	689.0	825.9	839.9	854.4	797.4	967.1
A Total (1+2+3+4+5+6)	134,015.6	171,009.4	197,605.7	219,128.0	214,361.3	217,447.3	218,223.1	220,050.8	222,035.4	221,641.0
LOANS IN F/C										
1 Loans to central government and funds	6,952.1	4,695.6	4,539.2	12,548.0	19,501.0	20,216.5	20,623.5	20,669.1	20,456.7	21,289.1
1.1 Loans to central government	5,992.8	4,195.4	4,120.1	9,542.9	14,558.4	14,454.1	14,646.7	14,679.6	14,538.8	14,649.3
1.2 Loans to central government funds	959.3	500.2	419.1	3,005.1	4,942.6	5,762.4	5,976.8	5,989.4	5,917.9	6,639.8
2 Loans to local government	63.0	11.3	8.7	5.5	3.0	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	0.4
3 Loans to enterprises	12,973.5	13,598.5	12,264.5	14,416.8	17,825.7	19,022.5	19,109.5	19,206.8	19,738.8	20,364.4
4 Loans to households	393.3	381.8	331.6	346.1	323.0	318.8	314.8	351.3	348.6	343.4
5 Loans to other banking institutions	19.9	68.1	74.0	1.2	31.0	10.7	12.0	6.9	2.5	_
6 Loans to non-banking financial institutions	512.3	360.5	668.0	143.5	269.4	223.3	259.2	255.5	411.3	414.5
B Total (1+2+3+4+5+6)	20,914.1	19,115.9	17,886.0	27,461.1	37,953.0	39,793.6	40,320.7	40,491.3	40,959.7	42,411.9
TOTAL (A+B)	154,929.7	190,125.3	215,491.7	246,589.1	252,314.3	257,240.9	258,543.8	260,542.1	262,995.2	264,053.0

Table D5 Distribution of banks' loans by domestic institutional sectors • The table shows data on kuna and foreign currency loans granted by banks to domestic sectors, including

acceptances, financial leases, payments made on the basis of guarantees and similar instruments, purchased claims, and until December 2003 factoring and forfeiting.

Table D6 Demand deposits with banks

end of period, in million HRK

	2005	2005 2006		2008	2009	2010						
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.		
1 Local government	1,688.7	1,803.8	2,689.4	2,441.1	1,377.7	1,063.6	1,113.2	1,015.0	922.9	1,093.2		
2 Enterprises	13,344.2	16,668.6	19,599.3	16,896.1	14,893.1	16,180.1	16,811.1	15,361.9	16,076.1	16,470.1		
3 Households	10,728.3	14,257.8	17,896.7	17,620.1	14,218.6	14,260.3	14,359.7	14,755.6	14,940.2	15,151.6		
4 Other banking institutions	322.1	485.1	481.1	293.6	517.1	443.6	580.9	447.8	524.5	241.0		
5 Non-banking financial institutions	571.3	697.6	1,205.2	921.1	893.4	1,003.7	978.6	959.0	1,204.0	844.1		
6 Less: Checks of other banks and checks in collection	-1.3	-1.2	-0.9	-0.7	-0.3	-0.2	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3	-0.2		
Total (1+2+3+4+5+6)	26,653.3	33,911.7	41,870.8	38,171.2	31,899.6	32,951.0	33,843.2	32,539.2	33,667.4	33,799.8		

Table D6 Demand deposits with banks • The table shows demand deposits with banks, classified by domestic institutional sectors.

Demand deposits are the sum of other domestic sectors', other banking institutions' and non-banking financial institutions'

giro and current accounts balances, minus currency in the payment system (i.e. checks in banks' vaults and checks in collection). Banks' obligations arising from kuna payment instruments issued are included in the household sector.

Table D7 Time and savings deposits with banks

	2005	2006	2006 2007		2009	2010						
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.		
1 Savings deposits	2,493.6	2,905.6	3,086.1	2,770.3	2,523.1	2,490.9	2,454.5	2,456.3	2,592.3	2,537.0		
1.1 Local government	2.7	2.8	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1		
1.2 Enterprises	101.6	110.3	154.7	108.8	203.7	226.4	206.0	190.5	180.3	245.5		
1.3 Households	2,388.3	2,792.4	2,929.0	2,657.7	2,268.9	2,247.6	2,235.1	2,249.1	2,400.0	2,275.9		
1.4 Other banking institutions	-	-	-	-	5.0	8.5	3.5	3.5	-	-		
1.5 Non-banking financial institutions	1.0	0.0	-	3.7	45.5	8.2	9.8	13.2	11.9	15.4		
2 Time and notice deposits	25,498.4	41,931.3	50,558.8	47,300.1	36,616.3	33,013.8	32,689.0	32,906.1	34,303.7	33,271.2		
2.1 Local government	508.7	491.8	549.5	726.0	498.8	850.4	875.2	892.9	881.7	831.7		
2.2 Enterprises	8,222.5	14,715.4	18,414.8	16,268.0	11,559.0	9,328.5	8,842.6	8,530.7	8,690.8	9,458.6		
2.3 Households	13,254.9	20,755.0	20,479.1	22,721.6	16,910.7	17,199.9	17,190.3	17,327.5	17,439.1	17,332.1		
2.4 Other banking institutions	931.9	2,697.9	6,386.5	2,563.4	3,039.8	2,266.0	2,372.9	2,571.9	3,495.7	2,365.8		
2.5 Non-banking financial institutions	2,580.4	3,271.3	4,728.9	5,021.1	4,608.1	3,369.0	3,408.0	3,583.1	3,796.4	3,283.0		
Total (1+2)	27,992.1	44,836.8	53,644.9	50,070.3	39,139.4	35,504.6	35,143.5	35,362.4	36,896.0	35,808.1		

Table D7 Time and savings deposits with banks • The table shows kuna savings and time deposits by other domestic sectors,

other banking institutions and non-banking financial institutions with banks.

Table D8 Foreign currency deposits with banks

end of period, in million HRK

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010							
	Dec.	ec. Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.			
1 Savings deposits	22,641.0	22,698.6	22,845.0	21,262.2	20,781.0	20,942.3	20,802.5	21,254.4	21,588.6	22,272.1			
1.1 Local government	11.9	30.8	27.5	22.1	25.5	13.1	10.9	12.6	23.7	14.4			
1.2 Enterprises	4,408.3	4,589.7	5,543.6	5,132.0	5,053.6	5,299.6	5,125.5	5,100.1	5,338.0	5,479.9			
1.3 Households	17,933.6	17,609.9	16,720.8	15,682.8	15,148.7	15,086.5	15,093.8	15,496.0	15,665.1	16,132.9			
1.4 Other banking institutions	116.0	276.7	251.7	121.4	150.4	170.9	165.8	199.8	171.9	137.9			
1.5 Non-banking financial institutions	171.3	191.4	301.5	303.9	402.9	372.2	406.6	445.8	389.9	507.0			
2 Time deposits	64,119.7	65,558.1	80,245.1	95,932.6	114,629.6	116,382.2	115,675.4	116,463.9	114,869.2	116,868.5			
2.1 Local government	3.2	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.5	6.3	9.3	8.6	12.4	11.4			
2.2 Enterprises	8,154.2	7,086.2	10,391.9	11,215.5	13,516.9	13,117.6	12,471.5	12,550.4	12,010.1	13,438.6			
2.3 Households	55,036.1	57,210.8	66,465.7	80,419.6	95,598.0	97,008.2	97,197.3	97,801.2	97,053.0	98,257.3			
2.4 Other banking institutions	242.0	366.2	1,038.6	808.2	663.0	659.6	642.5	647.7	788.9	670.0			
2.5 Non-banking financial institutions	684.2	892.9	2,346.8	3,487.0	4,849.1	5,590.5	5,354.9	5,456.0	5,004.8	4,491.2			
Total (1+2)	86,760.8	88,256.7	103,090.1	117,194.8	135,410.6	137,324.5	136,478.0	137,718.3	136,457.8	139,140.6			

Table D8 Foreign currency deposits with banks • The table shows foreign currency savings and time deposits by other domestic sectors, other banking institutions and non-banking financial institutions with banks. Foreign currency savings

deposits are all foreign currency sight deposits and foreign currency payment instruments issued, while foreign currency time deposits also include foreign currency notice deposits.

Table D9 Bonds and money market instruments

	2005	2005 2006 2007 20		2008	2009			2010		
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.
1 Money market instruments (net)	_	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	_	-	-	-	-
2 Bonds (net)	164.9	340.9	632.0	609.5	765.3	988.8	988.1	989.7	998.0	983.6
3 Other domestic borrowing	912.1	502.5	576.0	1,920.8	596.7	499.0	463.2	511.7	513.8	270.7
3.1 Local government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2 Enterprises	40.8	0.0	152.9	3.5	4.6	4.0	2.9	3.3	3.2	2.9
3.3 Other banking institutions	828.1	492.8	266.4	1,719.2	551.8	495.0	460.3	508.3	510.7	267.8
3.4 Non-banking financial institutions	43.2	9.6	156.6	198.0	40.4	-	-	-	-	-
Total (1+2+3)	1,077.0	844.1	1,208.8	2,531.1	1,362.8	1,487.7	1,451.3	1,501.4	1,511.8	1,254.3

Table D9 Bonds and money market instruments • The table shows banks' liabilities for securities issued (net) and loans received from other domestic sectors, other banking institutions and non-banking financial institutions.

Money market instruments (net) comprise banks' net liabilities for CNB bills, bills of exchange (issued and accepted) and other securities issued.

Bonds (net) comprise banks' net liabilities for kuna and foreign currency bonds issued, as well as issued subordinated and hybrid instruments, excluding those purchased by foreign investors.

Other domestic borrowing comprises loans received, which are reported in the total amount and classified by institutional sectors.

Table D10 Banks' foreign liabilities

end of period, in million HRK

	2005	2006		2008 Dec.	2009 Dec.	2010					
	Dec.	Dec.				Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.	
1 Foreign liabilities in f/c	52,073.3	55,114.3	48,461.3	54,726.8	60,046.7	60,080.9	57,955.8	58,578.0	61,479.8	57,926.6	
1.1 Liabilities to foreign financial institutions	45,747.7	48,561.3	41,483.1	47,878.5	51,702.3	50,992.2	48,962.8	49,446.3	52,207.1	48,464.9	
Demand deposits	156.3	195.0	258.8	176.6	221.0	271.2	372.1	454.2	328.9	291.4	
Time and notice deposits	12,523.1	12,174.1	10,562.9	14,016.4	21,945.8	20,669.6	19,983.9	19,520.8	21,057.3	19,527.3	
Loans and advances	29,775.6	32,903.9	27,373.0	30,408.3	29,535.4	30,051.5	28,606.7	29,471.3	30,820.9	28,646.2	
o/w: Subordinated and hybrid instruments	1,167.4	820.7	405.9	1,585.1	2,000.7	2,001.4	1,997.2	2,003.6	2,011.2	2,018.9	
Bonds	3,292.6	3,288.3	3,288.4	3,277.1	-	-	-	_	-	-	
1.2 Liabilities to foreign non-banks	6,325.6	6,553.0	6,978.2	6,848.4	8,344.4	9,088.6	8,993.0	9,131.6	9,272.6	9,461.7	
Savings and time deposits	5,846.3	6,192.4	6,729.9	6,719.0	8,336.3	9,070.2	8,975.2	9,113.7	9,254.7	9,443.7	
Sight deposits	1,172.9	1,635.8	1,537.2	1,374.5	1,267.8	1,410.2	1,338.2	1,378.4	1,383.3	1,533.2	
Time and notice deposits	4,673.4	4,556.7	5,192.7	5,344.6	7,068.6	7,660.0	7,637.0	7,735.3	7,871.4	7,910.4	
Loans and advances	479.3	360.5	248.3	129.3	8.0	18.4	17.9	17.9	17.9	18.0	
o/w: Subordinated and hybrid instruments	-	-	-	_	-	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.8	10.9	
2 Foreign liabilities in kuna	15,039.1	20,961.8	16,691.3	20,569.2	20,318.6	19,638.5	19,762.4	20,988.1	20,978.0	20,149.9	
2.1 Liabilities to foreign financial institutions	14,099.6	20,087.0	16,093.8	20,061.0	19,943.0	19,270.1	19,387.3	20,400.6	20,591.6	19,762.8	
Demand deposits	179.6	1,438.1	519.0	898.1	359.1	273.7	341.1	375.7	384.6	394.6	
Time and notice deposits	6,979.5	11,198.8	11,423.7	15,014.2	14,654.3	12,952.7	13,016.5	13,989.3	14,111.2	13,282.8	
Loans and advances	6,940.5	7,450.2	4,151.2	4,148.8	4,929.6	6,043.7	6,029.8	6,035.6	6,095.8	6,085.5	
o/w: Subordinated and hybrid instruments	405.7	404.0	0.4	-	749.2	773.8	770.8	776.6	836.9	826.5	
2.2 Liabilities to foreign non-banks	939.5	874.8	597.5	508.2	375.7	368.4	375.1	587.5	386.4	387.1	
Demand deposits	180.3	170.1	253.2	257.0	222.8	220.9	238.5	444.2	235.6	243.8	
Time and notice deposits	755.2	703.3	340.6	245.7	144.4	139.0	128.1	134.8	142.2	134.7	
Loans and advances	4.0	1.4	3.7	5.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	
o/w: Subordinated and hybrid instruments	4.0	1.4	3.7	5.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	
Total (1+2)	67,112.3	76,076.0	65,152.6	75,296.1	80,365.3	79,719.4	77,718.2	79,566.1	82,457.8	78,076.5	

Table D10 Banks' foreign liabilities • The table shows banks' total foreign currency and kuna liabilities to foreign legal and natural persons, with the exception of restricted kuna and foreign currency deposits by foreign legal and natural persons.

Banks' foreign liabilities comprise foreign currency liabilities and foreign kuna liabilities.

Within foreign kuna and foreign currency liabilities, liabilities to foreign banks are reported separately from liabilities to foreign non-banks (total and by financial instruments). Loans and advances also include issued subordinated and hybrid instruments purchased by foreign investors.

Table D11 Central government and funds' deposits with banks

end of period, in million HRK

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009					2010
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.
1 In kuna	7,596.1	9,030.0	11,535.0	14,185.1	15,124.1	15,681.5	15,655.3	15,805.9	15,946.1	16,617.4
1.1 Central government deposits	605.0	497.5	666.4	429.5	356.6	449.9	640.7	723.2	539.6	939.3
Demand deposits	458.1	366.2	454.9	176.7	189.3	155.4	164.8	192.2	184.7	285.9
Savings deposits	1.8	2.1	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6
Time and notice deposits	144.0	128.1	209.3	251.6	166.7	294.0	475.2	530.4	354.3	652.8
Loans and advances	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.2 Central government funds' deposits	6,991.1	8,532.6	10,868.6	13,755.5	14,767.5	15,231.5	15,014.6	15,082.6	15,406.5	15,678.1
Demand deposits	580.2	254.6	330.1	645.6	389.5	448.1	407.8	457.9	449.5	419.2
Savings deposits	1.9	14.6	2.4	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Time and notice deposits	251.7	496.7	413.6	385.8	410.8	649.4	437.8	452.7	414.8	432.0
Loans and advances	6,157.3	7,766.7	10,122.4	12,724.1	13,966.9	14,133.9	14,169.0	14,172.0	14,542.2	14,826.9
2 In f/c	1,690.9	1,770.4	1,990.8	1,822.5	3,095.2	1,702.8	1,954.0	1,860.8	1,486.4	2,845.6
2.1 Central government deposits	906.2	811.7	759.4	1,122.5	1,088.3	1,024.7	1,188.0	1,154.9	1,219.3	1,334.0
Savings deposits	340.6	264.8	527.4	666.8	716.8	459.3	495.3	374.8	514.2	841.7
Time and notice deposits	38.7	275.0	49.7	330.0	309.4	532.4	659.2	744.2	669.0	492.0
Refinanced loans and advances	527.0	271.9	182.3	125.7	62.2	33.0	33.5	35.9	36.1	0.2
2.2 Central government funds' deposits	784.7	958.6	1,231.4	699.9	2,006.9	678.0	766.0	706.0	267.1	1,511.6
Savings deposits	139.4	93.4	85.7	107.1	106.6	54.6	63.9	68.0	102.3	160.5
Time and notice deposits	25.8	356.2	153.8	519.6	256.4	260.5	303.5	238.5	92.8	1,278.6
Loans and advances	619.6	509.0	991.8	73.2	1,643.9	363.0	398.6	399.5	71.9	72.5
Total (1+2)	9,287.0	10,800.4	13,525.8	16,007.5	18,219.3	17,384.2	17,609.3	17,666.7	17,432.5	19,463.0

Table D11 Central government and funds' deposits with banks • The table reports total banks' kuna and foreign currency liabilities to the central government and funds, with the exception of restricted (kuna and foreign currency) deposits by the central government and funds with banks.

Kuna and foreign currency deposits by the Republic of

Croatia and central government funds are shown separately. Kuna deposits comprise demand deposits, savings deposits, time and notice deposits, and loans received from the central government and funds. Foreign currency deposits comprise savings deposits, time and notice deposits, and refinanced loans and advances.

Table D12 Restricted and blocked deposits with banks

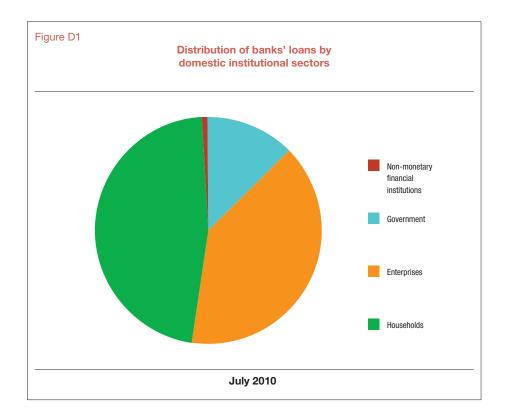
end of period, in million HRK

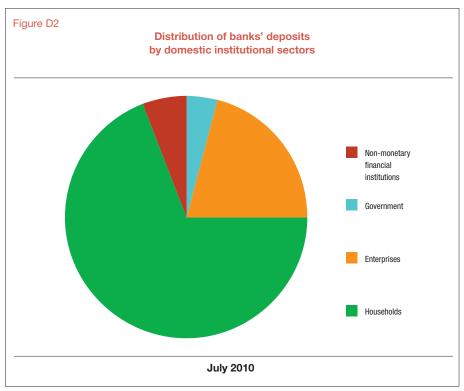
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009					2010
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.
1 Restricted deposits	2,036.4	2,447.6	2,252.3	3,038.4	2,548.4	2,395.6	2,418.6	2,697.7	2,720.7	2,559.8
1.1 In kuna	1,277.1	1,427.0	1,322.8	1,478.8	1,366.0	1,403.2	1,334.5	1,392.1	1,398.5	1,502.3
1.2 ln f/c	759.3	1,020.5	929.5	1,559.6	1,182.5	992.3	1,084.1	1,305.6	1,322.2	1,057.5
2 Blocked f/c deposits of housholds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (1+2)	2,036.4	2,447.6	2,252.3	3,038.4	2,548.4	2,395.6	2,418.6	2,697.7	2,720.7	2,559.8

Table D12 Restricted and blocked deposits with banks • The table shows households' restricted (kuna and foreign currency) deposits and blocked deposits.

Blocked foreign currency deposits include households'

foreign currency deposits, regulated by the Act on Converting Households' Foreign Currency Deposits into the Public Debt of the Republic of Croatia.





Note:
Sector "Non-monetary financial institutions" includes other banking institutions and non-banking financial institutions.
Sector "Government" includes the central government and funds and local government.

E Housing savings banks

Table E1 Housing savings banks' accounts

end of period, in million HRK

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009					2010
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.
ASSETS										
1 Reserves with the CNB	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2 Claims on central government and funds	4,274.3	4,674.8	4,036.5	3,395.5	3,137.9	3,096.3	3,089.7	2,996.8	3,079.4	3,114.8
3 Claims on other domestic sectors	575.5	1,296.0	2,220.4	2,857.9	2,979.1	2,951.6	2,936.8	2,942.8	2,927.5	2,947.4
o/w: Claims on households	575.5	1,296.0	2,220.4	2,857.9	2,979.1	2,951.6	2,936.8	2,942.8	2,927.5	2,947.4
4 Claims on banks	994.4	181.4	133.6	533.7	294.8	201.8	173.6	269.1	156.8	137.7
5 Claims on other banking institutions	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Total (1+2+3+4+5)	5,844.2	6,152.3	6,390.5	6,787.1	6,411.7	6,249.7	6,200.1	6,208.7	6,163.7	6,199.9
LIABILITIES										
1 Time deposits	5,514.7	5,803.6	6,037.9	6,297.6	5,711.8	5,485.2	5,425.1	5,403.9	5,346.3	5,385.9
2 Bonds and money market instruments	10.3	61.7	40.1	91.5	230.8	265.6	283.4	287.5	294.7	297.9
3 Capital accounts	258.0	244.7	303.0	390.6	478.1	498.5	500.2	502.2	500.7	495.0
4 Other items (net)	61.1	42.2	9.6	7.4	-8.9	0.5	-8.7	15.0	21.9	21.0
Total (1+2+3+4)	5,844.2	6,152.3	6,390.5	6,787.1	6,411.7	6,249.7	6,200.1	6,208.7	6,163.7	6,199.9

Table E1 Housing savings banks' accounts • Housing savings banks' accounts include data on claims and liabilities of the Croatian housing savings banks. All housing savings banks' claims and liabilities refer exclusively to domestic sectors.

Housing savings banks' required reserves held at the central bank include funds in vaults. Until September 2003, they also included kuna funds held in accounts at the central bank.

Claims on central government and funds are claims in kuna on the Republic of Croatia and central government funds.

Claims on other domestic sectors include kuna loans to local government and households.

Claims on banks include loans to banks, as well as deposits with banks, including, from October 2003 on, accounts for regular operations with banks.

Claims on other banking institutions include investments in investment funds.

Item Time deposits includes local government and households' time deposits.

Bonds and money market instruments are housing savings banks' liabilities for securities issued (net) and loans received.

Capital accounts are share capital, profit or loss for the previous and current year, retained earnings (loss), legal reserves, reserves provided for by the articles of association and other capital reserves, hedging reserves, unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets classified as available-for-sale assets, value adjustments and collectively assessed impairment provisions. Other items (net) are unclassified liabilities decreased by unclassified assets.

F Monetary policy instruments and liquidity

Table F1 Credit rates of the Croatian National Bank

in percentage, on annual basis

		ONE	OND				Credit rates		
Year	Month	CNB discount rate	CNB repo rateª	On Lombard credits ^b	On intervention credits	On intra-day refinance facility ^b	On short-term liquidity credits	On inaccurately calculated statutory reserves ^b	On arrears
	2	3		5		7	8	9	10
1996	December	6.50	-	11.00	19.00	17.00	-	19.00	18.00
1997	December	5.90	-	9.50	19.00	17.00	-	19.00	18.00
1998	December	5.90	-	12.00	19.00	7.00	14.00	19.00	18.00
1999	December	7.90	-	13.00	19.00	-	14.00	19.00	18.00
2000	December	5.90	-	12.00	18.00	-	13.00	18.00	18.00
2001	December	5.90	-	10.00	-	-	11.00	15.00	18.00
2002	December	4.50	-	9.50	-	-	10.50	15.00	15.00
2003	December	4.50	-	9.50	-	-	10.50	15.00	15.00
2004	December	4.50	-	9.50	-	-	10.50	15.00	15.00
2005	December	4.50	3.50	7.50°	-	-	8.50°	15.00	15.00
2006	December	4.50	3.50	7.50	-	-	8.50	15.00	15.00
2007	December	9.00 ^d	4.06	7.50	-	-	8.50	15.00	15.00
2008	December	9.00	6.00	9.00	-	-	10.00	15.00	15.00
2009	August	9.00	6.00	9.00	-	-	10.00	15.00	15.00
	September	9.00	6.00	9.00	-	-	10.00	15.00	15.00
	October	9.00	6.00	9.00	-	-	10.00	15.00	15.00
	November	9.00	-	9.00	-	-	10.00	15.00	15.00
	December	9.00	-	9.00	-	-	10.00	15.00	15.00
2010	January	9.00	-	9.00	-	-	10.00	15.00	15.00
	February	9.00	-	9.00	-	-	10.00	15.00	15.00
	March	9.00	-	9.00	-	-	10.00	15.00	15.00
	April	9.00	-	9.00	-	-	10.00	15.00	15.00
	May	9.00	-	9.00	-	-	10.00	15.00	15.00
	June	9.00	-	9.00	-	-	10.00	15.00	15.00
	July	9.00	_	9.00	_	-	10.00	15.00	15.00

^a Weighted averages of weighted repo rates achieved at regular reverse repo auctions of the CNB in the reporting month. ^b Breaks in the series of data are explained in notes on methodology. ^c Since 14 December 2005. ^d Since 31 December 2007.

Table F1 Credit rates of the Croatian National Bank • The table shows interest rates used by the CNB to calculate and charge interest on credits from the primary issue and on all other claims.

Credit rates of the CNB are set by decisions of the Council of the Croatian National Bank, on a yearly basis. Exceptionally, from June 1995 interest rate charged by the CNB on Lombard credits was 1.5 percentage points higher than the weighted average interest rate on CNB bills on a voluntary basis (which serve as collateral for Lombard credits) in cases when the weighted average interest rate was higher than 16.5%. Congruently, from June 1995 to August 1996 the table reports the weighted average interest rate on Lombard credits.

Time series presented in the table contain certain breaks, due to changes in the CNB's monetary policy instruments.

Data shown in column 4 refer to the weighted averages of the weighted repo rates achieved at regular reverse repo auctions of the CNB in the reporting month.

Data shown in column 7 refer, until September 1994, to interest rates on special credits for savings deposits' payments

and for payments from households' current accounts, and from October 1994 until September 1997 to interest rates on daily credits for savings deposits and households' current accounts in kuna. Daily credits, as opposed to special credits, are paid back on the same day. In October 1997, this instrument was replaced by daily credits for overcoming short-term liquidity problems that are collateralised by CNB bills. From December 1998 to April 1999, this credit is incorporated in Lombard credit, applying different interest rate for its usage within one day.

Data shown in column 8 refer, until December 1994, to interest rate on initial credits, and since 18 March 1998, to credits for overcoming liquidity problems of banks under evaluation for entry into rehabilitation and restructuring procedures and since February 1999, to interest rates on short-term liquidity credits. From December 1999 on, data show interest rates on short-term liquidity credit with a maturity over 3 months which is 1 percentage point higher than interest rate on Lombard credits. Interest rate on short-term liquidity credit up to 3 months is 0.5 percentage point higher than interest rate on Lombard credits.

Table F2 Deposit rates of the Croatian National Bank

in percentage, on annual basis

Year	Month	Interest rates on statutory	Interest rates on CNB bills		erest rates on a volun			Interest ra	ates on f/c	CNB bills	on a volun	tary basis	Interest rates on
Tear	Mortui	reserves dep. with the CNB	on an obligatory basis	Due in 7 days	Due in 35 days	Due in 70 days	Due in 105 days	Due in 35 days	Due in 63 days	Due in 91 days	Due in 182 days	Due in 364 days	overnight deposits
1		3				7		9	10	11	12	13	14
1996	December	5.50	-	-	8.00	9.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1997	December	4.50	-	-	8.00	9.00	10.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
1998	December	5.90	-	-	9.50	10.50	11.00	-	4.60	3.12	3.08	-	-
1999	December	5.90	-	-	10.50	11.55	12.50	-	4.83	3.56	-	-	-
2000	December	4.50	-	-	6.65	7.00	7.70	-	5.51	4.83	-	-	-
2001	December	2.00	-	-	3.36	4.26	4.85	-	2.62	3.06	-	-	-
2002	December	1.75	-	-	2.08	-	-	2.30	2.68	-	-	-	-
2003	December	1.25	0.50	-	-	-	-	1.75	1.48	-	-	-	-
2004	December	1.25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2005	December	0.75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.50
2006	December	0.75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.50
2007	December	0.75	0.75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.50
2008	December	0.75	0.25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.50
2009	August	0.75	0.25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.50
	September	0.75	0.25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.50
	October	0.75	0.25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.50
	November	0.75	0.25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.50
	December	0.75	0.25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.50
2010	January	0.75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.50
	February	0.75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.50
	March	0.75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.50
	April	0.75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.50
	May	0.75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.50
	June	0.75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.50
	July	0.75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.50

^a Breaks in the series of data are explained in notes on methodology.

Table F2 Deposit rates of the Croatian National Bank • The table shows interest rates used by the CNB to calculate and pay interest on funds deposited with the CNB and on issued securities.

Interest rates paid by the CNB for appropriated statutory reserve funds are set by a decision of the Council of the Croatian National Bank. Until April 2005, the appropriated statutory reserve funds included the calculated statutory reserve funds that were deposit in a special statutory reserve account with the CNB, or maintained (in average) in banks' settlement accounts, or deposited in a special account with the CNB for the settlement of net positions in the National Clearing System (NCS). From April 2005, they include the calculated statutory reserve funds allocated to a special statutory reserve account with the CNB (column 3).

Interest rates on CNB bills on an obligatory basis are set by a decision of the Council of the Croatian National Bank.

Interest rates on CNB bills on a voluntary basis are set at CNB bills' auction sales. Congruently, columns 5, 6 and 7 report the weighted average interest rates attained at auctions of CNB bills. From November 1994 through January 2001, columns 7 and 8 report interest rates on CNB bills on a voluntary basis due in 91 and 182 days respectively.

From April 1998 on, columns 9 through 13 report the weighted average interest rates on CNB bills on a voluntary basis in EUR and USD (until December 1998, in DEM and USD) attained at CNB bills' auctions as a weighted average of subscribed amounts in those two currencies.

Column 14 reports the interest rate on overnight deposits with the CNB.

Table F3 Banks' reserve requirements • This table shows data on monthly averages of day-to-day balances of banks' kuna and foreign currency reserve requirements with the CNB. Savings banks are included beginning in July 1999.

Column 3 shows the weighted average reserve requirement ratio as a percentage of the kuna and foreign currency reserve requirements (column 4) in the reserve base.

Reserve requirement (column 4) represents the prescribed amount of funds banks are required to deposit in a special statutory reserve account with the CNB, or to maintain (in average) in their settlement accounts and in vaults, or in accounts of liquid foreign currency claims (which include foreign cash and checks in foreign currency, liquid foreign currency claims maintained in the accounts with the high-grade foreign banks and foreign currency CNB bills).

Column 5 shows the amount of kuna reserve requirements. Between January 1995 and December 2000, this amount corresponded with the statutory reserve requirement instrument, while until December 1994 it comprised two instruments: statutory reserves and liquid assets requirement – LAR (except for the part in which banks were conforming to this requirement by registering CNB bills on a voluntary basis). In December 2000, reserve requirements in kuna and in foreign currency were unified, i.e. reserve requirements rate, periods for calculating, allocating and maintaining reserve requirements were unified, as

Table F3 Banks' reserve requirements

daily averages and percentages, in million HRK and %

Year	Month	Weighted average res. requirement	Reser	ve requiremer	nt (RR)	Other obligatory	Statutory deposited w	reserves vith the CNB	Weighted avg. remuneration rate on	Weighted avg. remuneration
rear	Worth	in % on res. base	Total	In kuna	In f/c	deposits with the CNB	In kuna	In f/c	immobilised funds in kuna	rate on allocated funds in f/c
1		3	4=5+6	5	6			9	10	11
1996	December	35.91	3,652.9	3,652.9	-	-	3,312.0	-	4.99	-
1997	December	32.02	4,348.8	4,348.8	-	-	3,914.2	-	4.05	-
1998	December	29.57	13,112.7	3,967.2	9,145.4	57.4	3,469.8	1,467.6	5.28	
1999	December	30.50	13,579.0	4,210.1	9,368.9	37.3	3,695.1	4,606.5	5.62	
2000	December	23.22	16,245.8	4,646.8	11,599.0	5.0	4,191.6	5,544.6	4.05	
2001	December	19.67	21,187.1	8,691.5	12,495.5	-	6,287.8	5,950.0	1.97	2.73
2002	December	19.00	25,985.1	11,447.1	14,538.0	-	8,156.7	7,139.9	1.72	2.16
2003	December	19.00	31,009.4	18,023.8	12,985.6	109.4	12,459.8	6,850.2	1.17	1.47
2004	December	18.00	33,615.7	20,040.9	13,574.8	430.1	14,664.1	10,171.3	1.22	1.36
2005	December	18.00	37,424.5	24,997.9	12,426.6	3,940.2	17,497.7	9,271.4	0.52	0.92
2006	December	17.00	40,736.4	28,966.1	11,770.4	7,332.5	20,257.0	8,780.9	0.52	1.06
2007	December	17.00	44,465.9	31,809.1	12,656.8	6,641.1	22,266.4	9,203.5	0.53	1.29
2008	December	14.87	41,474.4	29,179.7	12,294.7	461.9	20,425.8	8,807.0	0.52	0.81
2009	August	14.00	40,057.0	33,623.7	6,433.2	136.0	23,536.5	4,726.5	0.52	0.30
	September	14.00	40,316.3	33,756.0	6,560.3	131.7	23,629.1	4,801.0	0.52	0.26
	October	14.00	40,547.6	33,890.5	6,657.1	134.0	23,723.3	4,859.0	0.52	0.35
	November	14.00	40,416.4	33,739.3	6,677.1	136.8	23,617.5	4,857.6	0.52	0.16
	December	14.00	40,423.5	33,693.7	6,729.8	30.9	23,585.6	4,898.0	0.52	-
2010	January	14.00	40,448.1	33,667.2	6,780.9	-	23,567.0	4,937.3	0.52	-
	February	13.32	38,605.2	32,102.4	6,502.8	-	22,471.7	4,747.4	0.52	-
	March	13.00	37,874.7	31,468.5	6,406.3	-	22,027.9	4,681.7	0.52	-
	April	13.00	37,779.3	31,362.6	6,416.7	-	21,953.8	4,692.1	0.52	-
	May	13.00	37,765.9	31,349.9	6,416.0	-	21,944.9	4,689.1	0.52	-
	June	13.00	37,970.3	31,515.2	6,455.1	-	22,060.6	4,712.6	0.52	-
	July	13.00	38,106.9	31,647.5	6,459.4	-	22,153.3	4,715.9	0.52	-

well as a minimum percentage of the total reserve requirements deposited with the Croatian National Bank. From September 2001 on, column 5 includes also the f/c component of reserve requirements that is set aside/maintained in kuna.

Column 6 shows the amount of foreign currency reserve requirements, i.e. the prescribed amount of funds banks are required to deposit in the CNB's foreign currency accounts, or to maintain (in average) in accounts of liquid claims. Until November 2000, the calculation base consisted of the average daily balances of household foreign currency savings deposits with a remaining maturity of up to 3 months, while starting from December 2000 the base consists of foreign currency sources of funds, including: ordinary foreign currency accounts, special foreign currency accounts, foreign currency accounts and foreign currency sight deposits, received foreign currency deposits and received foreign currency loans, as well as obligations arising from securities issued in foreign currency (excluding banks' equity securities). From November 2001 on, the base includes also hybrid and subordinated instruments.

Column 7 shows the total amount of other obligatory deposits with the CNB, including CNB bills on an obligatory basis, those CNB bills on a voluntary basis used by banks to maintain the prescribed minimal liquidity (LAR), special statutory reserves until July 1995, special reserve requirement on liabilities arising from issued securities from March 2006 to February 2009, statutory reserves on f/c deposits, f/c credits from foreign banks and guarantees for such credits and marginal reserve

requirement (from August 2004 to October 2008).

Column 8 shows the portion of the kuna reserve requirement which banks deposit in a statutory reserve account with the CNB (until December 1994, this amount corresponded with the statutory reserve instrument, while since January 1995 a minimum percentage of the total reserve requirement banks are required to deposit in a special statutory reserve account with the CNB has been prescribed). In April 2005, this percentage was set at 70%.

Column 9 shows the portion of the foreign currency reserve requirement which banks deposit in the CNB's foreign currency accounts. The percentage for allocating the foreign currency component of reserve requirements calculated on the basis of foreign currency funds of non-residents and foreign currency funds received from legal persons in a special relationship with a bank amounts to 100%, while the percentage for allocating the remaining portion of the foreign currency component of reserve requirements amounts to 60%.

Column 10 shows the weighted average remuneration rate on all forms of immobilised kuna funds which include reserve requirements and other obligatory deposits with the CNB.

Column 11 shows the weighted average remuneration rate on allocated funds in foreign currency, including the marginal reserve requirement funds (from August 2004 to October 2008). From November 2009 on, the CNB does not pay remuneration on the allocated foreign currency component of reserve requirements.

Table F4 Banks' liquidity indicators

daily averages and percentages, in million HRK and %

Year	Month -	Free re	serves	Primary liquidity	Secondary liquidity	Kuna CNB bills	F/c CNB bills	Kuna MoF
Ieai	WOITH	In kuna	In f/c	ratio	sources	Rulia CIVID Dillo	17C CIVE DIIIS	treasury bills
	2	3	4	5	6	7		9
1996	December	267.9		2.63	98.5	780.9	-	183.8
1997	December	396.3		2.92	32.7	728.9	-	260.7
1998	December	221.9		1.65	445.5	850.4	1,377.4	141.3
1999	December	179.6		1.30	1,183.6	1,311.1	1,507.6	373.9
2000	December	638.8	10,721.4	3.32	80.1	2,485.3	1,692.7	2,006.5
2001	December	794.4	17,247.4	3.23	2.6	2,656.2	2,630.8	3,360.9
2002	December	1,225.0	10,398.0	3.53	0.6	4,965.5	1,273.9	4,279.5
2003	December	451.6	20,561.4	0.98	501.6	_	4,316.0	3,073.2
2004	December	1,495.5	26,126.1	2.64	0.0	_	-	4,581.7
2005	December	672.5	20,493.4	0.96	0.2	_	-	4,163.3
2006	December	840.8	20,239.1	0.83	-	-	-	5,993.7
2007	December	1,161.5	30,412.6	1.03	330.4	_	-	4,449.4
2008	December	1,168.7	28,101.4	1.03	289.1	-	-	6,171.2
2009	August	233.3	24,161.5	0.23	79.8	-	-	3,770.8
	September	181.5	24,897.9	0.18	129.7	_	-	4,529.6
	October	253.8	24,146.7	0.26	-	_	-	5,406.8
	November	320.1	24,082.1	0.33	-	-	-	5,101.7
	December	880.0	24,885.6	0.91	-	-	-	4,776.6
2010	January	784.1	24,541.5	0.82	-	_	-	4,710.5
	February	519.6	23,949.6	0.55	-	-	-	5,225.8
	March	555.7	23,023.3	0.59	-	-	-	5,116.9
	April	445.3	23,604.0	0.48	-	-	-	5,533.6
	May	387.1	25,201.0	0.42	-	-	-	5,430.2
	June	469.6	25,994.3	0.50	-	-	-	5,737.2
	July	404.0	27,045.2	0.43	-	-	-	6,119.9

Table F4 Banks' liquidity indicators • The table reports monthly averages of day-to-day balances of some indicators of banks' liquidity. Savings banks are included beginning in July 1999.

Column 3 shows free reserves in kuna, defined as a difference between the average balance in the settlement account and the average balance in the vault (until October 2008). From November 2008 on, they are defined as a difference between the average balance in the settlement account in the kuna reserve requirement maintenance period and the minimal average settlement account balance prescribed by the kuna reserve requirement calculation methodology.

Column 4 shows free reserves in foreign currency, defined as funds for the maintenance of foreign currency reserve requirements (foreign cash and checks in foreign currency, liquid foreign currency claims maintained in the accounts with the high-grade foreign banks and foreign currency CNB bills) decreased by the minimal required balance of these funds in the same period.

Column 5 shows the primary liquidity ratio as a percentage

of monthly day-to-day kuna free reserves averages (column 3) in monthly day-to-day averages of deposits which constitute the reserve base.

Column 6 shows the monthly average of day-to-day balances of secondary liquidity sources used. Secondary liquidity sources comprise: Lombard credits (since December 1994), short-term liquidity credits (since February 1999) and overdue liabilities to the CNB.

Column 7 reports the monthly average of day-to-day balances of kuna CNB bills on a voluntary basis (until December 1994, this amount is decreased by the portion of voluntarily registered CNB bills used by banks to maintain the prescribed minimal liquidity).

Column 8 reports the monthly average of day-to-day balances of foreign currency CNB bills on a voluntary basis (in EUR and USD).

Column 9 reports the monthly average of day-to-day balances of kuna MoF treasury bills. Until September 2002, it shows the discounted value of treasury bills, while starting from October 2002, it shows their nominal value.

G Financial markets

Table G1 Banks' interest rates on kuna credits not indexed to foreign currency

weighted averages of monthly interest rates, in % on annual basis

			on interbank posit trading			Interest rates	on kuna cr	edits not in	ndexed to	foreign curr	ency	
						On sho	ort-term cre	dits		On	long-term c	redits
Year	Month	On overnight	On other	Total			ŀ	Household				
		credits	credits	average	Total average	Enterprises	Total average	Credit lines	Other	Total average	Enteprises	Households
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		10	11	12	13
1996	December	9.66	10.72	18.46	19.35	19.18	20.18	19.90	23.12	11.51	11.29	14.28
1997	December	8.46	9.49	14.06	14.12	13.17	19.26	19.34	18.11	13.24	12.98	13.75
1998	December	10.00	15.91	16.06	16.22	14.89	20.77	20.80	19.92	11.73	11.48	13.16
1999	December	9.92	12.78	13.54	13.52	10.55	20.83	20.84	20.39	15.14	15.31	14.16
2000	December	2.39	4.45	10.45	10.45	6.81	20.30	20.33	19.05	9.90	9.64	12.97
2001	December	2.49	2.18	9.51	9.49	5.43	18.81	18.85	14.88	11.42	10.06	13.14
2002	December	1.03	1.59	10.91	11.24	7.44	15.16	15.28	9.84	7.32	6.48	7.88
2003	December	6.54	6.36	11.45	11.80	8.02	14.89	15.01	12.38	8.51	6.14	10.69
2004	December	4.87	4.74	11.44	11.71	8.33	14.19	14.27	12.29	9.31	6.90	11.16
2005	December	3.08	3.91	9.91	9.99	7.71	11.26	13.18	5.35	8.75	6.48	10.35
2006	December	3.14	2.52	9.07	9.37	6.75	11.84	13.21	4.67	7.53	5.86	9.44
2007	December	6.23	7.33	9.32	9.74	7.39	12.34	13.19	4.95	7.50	6.66	8.01
2008	December	5.77	6.77	10.71	10.89	8.98	12.33	12.97	4.96	9.05	8.10	10.35
2009	August	6.47	7.92	11.88	11.93	10.34	12.70	13.22	3.58	10.83	9.99	11.30
	September	6.58	7.48	11.82	11.89	10.32	12.68	13.22	4.08	10.59	9.20	11.46
	October	4.66	5.80	11.70	11.74	10.03	12.68	13.24	4.20	10.93	10.16	11.29
	November	1.09	2.18	11.60	11.65	9.85	12.73	13.24	4.09	10.66	9.25	11.28
	December	1.20	1.50	11.12	11.22	9.29	12.68	13.24	4.89	9.77	8.27	11.33
2010	January	0.62	1.08	10.97	10.99	8.31	12.69	13.20	4.11	10.56	7.55	11.38
	February	0.55	0.88	10.86	10.96	8.32	12.70	13.19	4.26	9.32	6.36	11.28
	March	0.77	1.02	10.20	10.27	7.24	12.60	13.16	4.02	9.37	7.10	11.03
	April	0.77	1.41	10.28	10.31	7.24	12.64	13.16	4.00	9.87	7.19	10.79
	May	0.85	1.42	10.59	10.74	7.76	12.64	13.17	4.50	9.03	6.41	10.72
	June	0.94	1.40	10.35	10.52	7.57	12.65	13.15	3.92	8.51	6.03	10.77
	July	1.45	2.20	10.31	10.50	7.29	12.65	13.19	4.44	8.54	6.31	10.98
Relative sign	ificance ^a	-	-	73.66	66.40	26.63	39.76	37.32	2.44	7.26	3.80	3.46

^a Relative significance is calculated as a percentage of corresponding credit category in total credits disbursed in the reporting month (according to data for the last period included in the table).

Note: A break in the time series occurred due to changes in the methodology used in interest rate statistics as of 1 January 2001. This especially refers to interest rates shown in columns 5, 6 and 7. Interbank credits, which bear relatively low interest rates, were, among others, excluded from short-term credits to enterprises. The increase in interest rates was also caused by the weighting method: all categories are weighted by the amounts of newly-granted credits, except credit lines whose relative share grew in the new coverage, which are weighted by book balances.

Table G1 Banks' interest rates on kuna credits not indexed to foreign currency • The table contains the weighted averages of banks' monthly interest rates on kuna credits not indexed to f/c, reported on a yearly basis.

Up to December 2001, data refer to the weighted averages of banks' monthly interest rates on kuna credits not indexed to f/c granted to legal persons (which included enterprises, the public sector, financial institutions, non-profit institutions and non-residents) and households, reported on a yearly basis. Savings banks are not covered.

From January 2002 on, data refer to the weighted averages of banks' monthly interest rates on kuna credits not indexed to f/c granted only to enterprises (public and other) and households, reported on a yearly basis.

Up to February 1996, columns 3 and 4 show interest rates

on the interbank money market, according to information published by the Zagreb Money Market (ZMM). From March 1996 to August 2002, interest rates on the money market were calculated as the weighted monthly averages of the weighted daily interest rates and shown separately for trading in overnight credits and trading in other credits on the ZMM. In the period between May 1998 and January 2001, the repayment of credits granted on the interbank overnight market was guaranteed by banks' required reserves with the CNB.

As from Bulletin No. 157 columns 3 and 4 contain the revised data for the period from September 2002 onward. From September 2002 on, interest rates on overnight credits and other credits are calculated as the weighted monthly averages of the weighted daily interest rates on interbank demand deposit trading.

Table G2 Banks' interest rates on kuna credits indexed to foreign currency and on credits in euros weighted averages of monthly interest rates, in % on annual basis

				Interest rat	es on kuna	credits ind	exed to foreig	ın currency			Interes	t rates on o	credits in
			On sł	nort-term c	redits		On lo	ng-term cre	edits				
Year	Month	Total	Total	Entou	Havea	Total			Households		Total	On short-	On long-term
		average	Total average	Enter- prises	House- holds	Total average	Enterprises	Total average	Housing credits	Other	average	term credits	credits
1	2	3	4			7	8		10	11	12	13	14
1996	December	18.97	22.56	22.40	27.00	12.12	13.15	11.30			19.50	21.46	10.77
1997	December	14.40	16.92	17.00	14.02	12.25	13.00	11.02			13.61	14.95	9.71
1998	December	13.04	14.28	14.25	13.64	11.15	10.55	12.12			6.95	8.37	5.71
1999	December	12.53	13.66	13.54	17.21	10.81	10.46	11.65			6.75	7.43	6.07
2000	December	10.74	11.17	11.10	13.59	10.52	9.41	11.64			7.70	7.49	8.05
2001	December	9.29	9.45	9.45	11.30	9.20	7.52	10.79			5.94	5.70	7.27
2002	December	8.25	9.34	8.72	11.37	7.98	6.37	9.50	7.42	10.11	5.91	6.66	5.44
2003	December	7.07	7.21	7.00	8.66	7.03	5.76	8.04	6.02	9.70	5.62	6.22	5.18
2004	December	6.89	7.25	7.09	8.47	6.77	5.55	7.73	5.71	8.79	5.34	5.92	4.83
2005	December	6.18	6.52	6.34	7.91	6.07	5.18	6.98	4.95	8.10	5.29	5.28	5.30
2006	December	6.30	6.56	6.29	8.33	6.22	6.21	6.22	4.75	7.57	5.65	6.19	5.34
2007	December	6.73	6.86	6.86	6.84	6.66	6.51	6.80	5.12	8.24	6.79	6.59	7.10
2008	December	7.73	8.20	8.18	8.65	7.43	6.92	7.89	6.08	9.02	7.08	7.17	6.83
2009	August	8.19	8.47	8.41	9.43	8.00	7.21	8.61	6.45	9.87	7.77	8.08	7.43
	September	8.25	8.76	8.69	9.80	7.86	6.76	8.82	6.55	9.83	7.48	7.93	7.06
	October	8.30	8.33	8.28	9.64	8.27	7.42	9.01	6.41	9.94	7.32	7.38	7.21
	November	8.34	8.22	8.16	9.06	8.44	7.08	9.24	6.50	10.07	8.55	7.48	8.90
	December	8.28	8.48	8.41	10.23	8.11	7.31	9.02	6.45	9.96	6.98	7.35	6.49
2010	January	8.36	8.25	8.19	9.71	8.46	7.68	8.96	6.41	10.03	6.72	7.37	6.40
	February	8.24	8.26	8.15	9.75	8.23	7.49	8.96	6.39	9.89	6.94	7.33	6.55
	March	8.45	8.72	8.68	9.32	8.28	7.67	8.82	6.41	9.77	6.95	7.42	6.50
	April	8.17	8.29	8.09	10.02	8.09	7.07	8.87	6.37	9.85	6.23	6.87	5.68
	May	7.91	7.85	7.77	8.93	7.95	7.05	8.73	6.43	9.84	6.81	7.15	6.43
	June	7.93	8.45	8.53	7.77	7.65	6.82	8.65	6.46	9.66	5.77	6.97	5.62
	July	8.01	8.13	7.94	9.65	7.97	7.28	8.53	6.38	9.42	6.70	6.81	6.57
Relative s	ignificance ^a	21.17	5.69	5.06	0.63	15.48	6.87	8.61	2.51	6.09	5.17	2.77	2.40

a Relative significance is calculated as a percentage of corresponding credit category in total credits disbursed in the reporting month (according to data for the last period included in the table).

Columns 5 through 13 show the weighted averages of banks' monthly interest rates classified by maturity and sectors. Interest rates on short-term credits to enterprises also include interest rates on callable loans.

Data on banks' interest rates on kuna credits not indexed to f/c are based on banks' periodic reports. The basis for the calculation of the weighted averages are amounts of credits bearing corresponding interest rates, which were disbursed during the reporting month, with the exception of interest rates on giro and current account credit lines, for which the weighted averages were calculated based on the balance of these loans at the end of the reporting month.

Table G2 Banks' interest rates on kuna credits indexed to foreign currency and on credits in euros • The table contains the weighted averages of banks' monthly interest rates on kuna credits indexed to f/c and on credits in euros, reported on a yearly basis.

Up to December 2001, data refer to the weighted averages of banks' monthly interest rates on kuna credits indexed to f/c and on credits in euros (or German marks) granted to legal persons (which included enterprises, the public sector, financial

institutions, non-profit institutions and non-residents) and households, reported on a yearly basis. Savings banks are not covered.

From January 2002 on, data refer to the weighted averages of banks' monthly interest rates on kuna credits indexed to f/c and on credits in euros granted only to enterprises (public and other) and households, reported on a yearly basis.

Data on banks' interest rates on kuna credits indexed to f/c and on credits in euros are based on banks' periodic reports. The basis for the calculation of the weighted averages are amounts of credits bearing corresponding interest rates, which were disbursed during the reporting month.

Columns 3 through 11 show the weighted averages of banks' monthly interest rates classified by maturity and sectors. Interest rates on short-term credits to enterprises also include interest rates on callable loans.

Up to December 2001, interest rates on credits in euros (columns 12, 13 and 14) refer to credits released in German marks in the reporting month, and starting from January 2002, they refer to credits released in euros, while the weighted averages are calculated based on their kuna equivalent using the current exchange rate. Credits released in other currencies are not included in this table.

Table G3 Banks' interest rates on kuna deposits not indexed to foreign currency

weighted averages of monthly interest rates, in % on annual basis

				Interest ra	ates on kuna c	leposits not ind	exed to foreign	currency		
						C	n time deposit			
Year	Month	Total	In giro and current	Takal	On	short-term dep	osits	On	long-term depo	osits
		average	accounts	Total average	Total average	Households	Enterprises	Total average	Households	Enterprises
	2		4		6	7	8		10	11
1996	December	4.15	2.19	10.19	10.11	9.84	10.26	12.36	15.49	9.88
1997	December	4.35	2.19	9.10	9.08	9.30	8.96	9.48	11.24	8.06
1998	December	4.11	2.31	7.73	7.63	9.47	7.15	10.19	10.72	9.56
1999	December	4.27	2.24	8.87	8.79	9.62	8.38	10.96	11.56	10.18
2000	December	3.40	1.64	7.20	7.13	7.44	7.03	8.89	9.19	8.63
2001	December	2.76	1.40	5.68	5.60	6.35	5.38	7.35	7.93	6.70
2002	December	1.55	0.94	3.64	3.53	4.39	2.86	6.05	7.24	3.23
2003	December	1.66	0.75	4.46	4.46	3.62	4.69	4.58	4.90	2.82
2004	December	1.83	0.74	4.11	4.11	3.93	4.13	4.10	4.65	3.30
2005	December	1.58	0.61	3.36	3.34	3.89	3.23	4.12	5.04	3.49
2006	December	1.91	0.56	2.98	2.94	4.10	2.69	4.32	4.98	3.11
2007	December	2.67	0.49	5.42	5.34	4.47	5.48	6.28	5.45	6.45
2008	December	2.92	0.43	5.65	5.60	5.34	5.64	6.58	5.88	6.85
2009	August	3.12	0.46	6.48	6.34	5.12	6.45	8.46	6.18	8.70
	September	3.20	0.46	6.32	6.19	5.25	6.28	8.09	6.13	8.32
	October	2.95	0.45	5.05	4.96	5.30	4.92	6.26	6.14	6.27
	November	2.36	0.43	2.69	2.72	5.04	2.34	2.53	6.28	2.10
	December	2.22	0.43	2.52	2.49	4.89	2.04	2.76	6.12	2.07
2010	January	2.17	0.43	2.70	2.70	4.95	1.95	2.64	6.23	1.99
	February	1.91	0.40	2.64	2.95	4.65	1.74	1.79	5.63	1.27
	March	1.80	0.40	2.07	2.10	4.44	1.18	1.95	5.42	1.37
	April	1.76	0.36	2.15	2.25	4.35	1.44	1.81	5.52	1.34
	May	1.78	0.36	2.19	2.25	4.22	1.37	2.00	5.38	1.53
	June	1.72	0.35	1.94	1.91	4.12	1.22	2.07	5.34	1.59
	July	1.73	0.36	2.04	1.93	4.06	1.31	2.44	5.19	2.05
lative sign	ificance ^a	51.32	33.84	14.66	11.66	2.62	9.03	3.00	0.37	2.63

a Relative significance is calculated as a percentage of corresponding deposit category in total deposits received in the reporting month (according to data for the last period included in the table).

Table G3 Banks' interest rates on kuna deposits not indexed to foreign currency • The table contains the weighted averages of banks' monthly interest rates on kuna deposits not indexed to f/c, reported on a yearly basis.

Up to December 2001, data refer to the weighted averages of banks' monthly interest rates on kuna deposits not indexed to f/c received from legal persons (which included enterprises, the public sector, financial institutions, non-profit institutions and non-residents) and households, reported on a yearly basis. Savings banks are not covered.

From January 2002 on, data refer to the weighted averages of banks' monthly interest rates on kuna deposits not indexed to f/c received from enterprises (public and other) and households, reported on a yearly basis.

Data on banks' interest rates on kuna deposits not indexed to f/c are based on banks' periodic reports.

Column 3 reports the weighted averages of monthly interest rates on total kuna deposits (giro and current accounts, household savings deposits and time deposits) not indexed to f/c.

Column 4 shows the weighted averages of monthly interest rates on deposits in giro and current accounts not indexed to f/c received from enterprises (until December 2001, all legal persons) and households, and column 5 shows the weighted averages of monthly interest rates on total time deposits not indexed to f/c.

The basis for the calculation of the weighted averages for kuna time deposits not indexed to f/c are the amounts of those deposits received during the reporting month. The basis for the calculation of the weighted averages for deposits in giro and current accounts are the end-of-month book balances of those deposits. The averages of interest rates on total kuna deposits not indexed to f/c (column 3) are weighted by the end-of-month balances of all categories included in the calculation.

Kuna and foreign currency deposits used as collateral for credit are included, while restricted deposits (deposits used for payment of imports and other restricted deposits) are not included into the calculation of the weighted averages.

Table G4a Banks' interest rates on kuna deposits indexed to foreign currency and on foreign currency deposits weighted averages of monthly interest rates, in % on annual basis

		Inte	erest rates on savi	ings		Interest ra	ates on foreig	ın currency de	posits	
		and tim	ne deposits indexe	ed to f/c			Sa	vings deposits		
Year	Month	Total	On short-term	On long-term	Total average	Total	House	eholds	Enter	prises
		average	deposits	deposits		average	EUR	USD	EUR	USD
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1996	December	9.46	9.56	8.80	5.09	1.44	1.32	1.95	1.47	1.39
1997	December	7.63	7.24	11.77	4.77	1.75	1.89	2.43	0.83	1.40
1998	December	7.47	7.67	5.58	3.98	2.09	2.38	2.40	0.72	0.74
1999	December	6.62	6.91	1.10	4.23	1.80	1.95	2.04	0.78	1.30
2000	December	5.54	5.94	2.16	3.47	1.03	0.99	1.23	0.65	1.29
2001	December	4.58	4.92	2.56	2.60	0.71	0.71	0.81	0.82	0.40
2002	December	2.92	3.45	1.48	2.55	0.50	0.52	0.41	0.52	0.38
2003	December	3.48	3.74	5.55	2.22	0.31	0.35	0.23	0.23	0.15
2004	December	4.17	3.61	5.19	2.65	0.31	0.34	0.22	0.22	0.21
2005	December	3.99	3.63	4.77	2.61	0.27	0.27	0.17	0.27	0.76
2006	December	3.67	3.30	4.07	2.94	0.25	0.23	0.17	0.32	0.44
2007	December	3.98	3.76	4.35	3.44	0.25	0.22	0.15	0.36	0.43
2008	December	4.09	4.05	4.42	3.97	0.21	0.20	0.15	0.26	0.13
2009	August	3.95	3.27	4.01	3.98	0.18	0.20	0.16	0.11	0.07
	September	4.06	3.15	4.48	4.01	0.18	0.21	0.15	0.11	0.06
	October	3.40	3.08	3.37	3.99	0.18	0.21	0.15	0.10	0.07
	November	3.39	3.16	4.08	3.99	0.18	0.21	0.15	0.11	0.08
	December	3.01	3.12	3.31	3.98	0.18	0.22	0.16	0.10	0.07
2010	January	3.50	3.07	3.33	3.88	0.19	0.22	0.16	0.11	0.07
	February	3.40	2.78	4.39	3.71	0.18	0.22	0.16	0.10	0.07
	March	3.52	2.73	2.63	3.57	0.18	0.21	0.16	0.09	0.07
	April	3.63	2.99	5.46	3.51	0.17	0.20	0.16	0.09	0.09
	May	3.21	2.78	2.54	3.37	0.17	0.20	0.16	0.09	0.07
	June	3.32	2.79	3.82	3.26	0.18	0.22	0.16	0.10	0.08
	July	3.57 ^b	3.02	4.06	3.26	0.19	0.21	0.16	0.11	0.08
Relative sign	ificance ^a	0.92	0.85	0.07	47.76	21.73	14.87	1.91	4.52	0.43

^a Relative significance is calculated as a percentage of corresponding deposit category in total deposits received in the reporting month (according to data for the last period included in the table). ^b Of the total amount of deposits to which this interest rate refers, 45.20% refers to enterprises.

Tables G4a – G4b Banks' interest rates on kuna deposits indexed to foreign currency and on foreign currency deposits • The table contains the weighted averages of banks' monthly interest rates on kuna deposits indexed to f/c and on foreign currency deposits, reported on a yearly basis.

Up to December 2001, data refer to the weighted averages of banks' monthly interest rates on kuna deposits indexed to f/c and on foreign currency deposits received from legal persons (which included enterprises, the public sector, financial institutions, non-profit institutions and non-residents) and households, reported on a yearly basis. Savings banks are not covered.

From January 2002 on, data refer to the weighted averages of banks' monthly interest rates on kuna deposits indexed to f/c and on foreign currency deposits received from enterprises (public and other) and households, reported on a yearly basis.

Data on banks' interest rates on kuna deposits indexed to f/c and on foreign currency deposits are based on banks' periodic reports.

Column 3 reports the weighted averages of monthly interest rates on total kuna savings and time deposits indexed to f/c received from enterprises (until December 2001, all legal persons)

and households, whereas the weighted averages of monthly interest rates on time deposits are shown in column 4 (short-term deposits) and column 5 (long-term deposits) respectively.

Up to December 2001, interest rates on foreign currency deposits refer to deposits received in German marks or US dollars, and starting from January 2002, they refer to deposits received in euros and US dollars, while the weighted averages are calculated based on their kuna equivalent using the current exchange rate. Deposits received in other currencies are not included in this table.

The basis for the calculation of the weighted averages for kuna time deposits indexed to f/c and foreign currency time deposits are the amounts of those deposits received during the reporting month. The basis for the calculation of the weighted averages for savings deposits indexed to f/c are the end-of-month book balances of those deposits. From January 2002 on, the averages of interest rates on total kuna deposits indexed to f/c (column 3) are weighted by the end-of-month balances of all categories included in the calculation.

The average interest rate on total foreign currency deposits (column 6) refers to the weighted average of monthly interest

Table G4b Banks' interest rates on kuna deposits indexed to foreign currency and on foreign currency deposits weighted averages of monthly interest rates, in % on annual basis

					Inte	erest rates o	n foreign cu	ırrency depos	sits			
						O	n time depo	sits				
Year	Month			On sł	nort-term de	posits			On lo	ong-term de	oosits	
		Total average	Total	House	eholds	Enter	prises	Total	Hous	eholds	Enter	prises
			average	EUR	USD	EUR	USD	average	EUR	USD	EUR	USE
		12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
1996	December	7.77	6.95	5.65	6.21	9.86	5.47	12.24	7.71	7.97	19.92	1.50
1997	December	6.36	6.07	6.03	6.42	5.09	7.10	7.32	7.87	8.71	5.09	6.7
1998	December	4.89	4.49	5.42	6.16	2.84	5.37	7.29	7.68	8.59	4.93	6.9
1999	December	5.43	5.17	4.93	6.39	3.97	6.00	6.59	6.64	8.09	3.66	6.7
2000	December	4.57	4.36	3.65	5.15	4.59	6.62	5.56	5.17	6.61	5.97	8.5
2001	December	3.54	3.35	3.42	3.23	3.60	2.44	4.59	4.72	4.42	4.58	0.2
2002	December	3.13	2.96	3.27	2.21	2.89	1.43	4.59	4.69	3.84	3.46	2.3
2003	December	2.64	2.46	2.83	1.65	2.29	1.08	3.69	4.71	3.13	2.85	1.6
2004	December	2.85	2.65	3.01	1.69	2.46	2.28	4.20	4.85	3.13	3.61	2.6
2005	December	3.07	2.94	2.99	1.76	2.63	4.34	3.69	4.25	0.48	4.39	-
2006	December	3.82	3.76	3.16	2.05	4.24	5.84	4.25	4.47	2.26	4.79	4.6
2007	December	4.32	4.25	3.47	2.60	5.10	5.33	4.80	4.83	3.84	5.13	2.1
2008	December	4.15	3.95	4.33	2.69	4.13	1.84	5.51	5.57	3.58	5.52	2.3
2009	August	3.95	3.83	4.48	2.77	3.45	2.38	5.37	5.40	3.99	5.71	-
	September	3.86	3.76	4.58	2.73	3.34	2.52	5.18	5.25	3.73	5.39	3.5
	October	3.61	3.46	4.27	2.79	3.08	1.73	5.36	5.42	3.81	5.41	0.0
	November	3.58	3.40	4.25	2.70	2.73	2.15	5.28	5.37	3.86	5.19	1.5
	December	3.58	3.40	4.33	2.73	2.64	1.77	5.13	5.43	3.86	2.85	0.1
2010	January	3.65	3.47	4.22	2.68	2.78	1.47	5.30	5.39	3.78	4.75	0.7
	February	3.31	3.10	4.04	2.75	2.36	1.28	5.14	5.25	3.73	3.90	2.7
	March	3.17	2.91	3.78	2.72	2.42	0.97	5.12	5.20	3.71	4.47	2.0
	April	3.17	2.92	3.73	2.75	2.26	1.55	5.01	5.07	3.93	3.48	1.1
	May	3.03	2.84	3.63	2.73	2.07	1.45	4.62	4.73	3.82	2.18	3.0
	June	3.00	2.83	3.48	2.75	2.33	1.57	4.61	4.68	3.65	3.30	_
	July	2.98	2.75	3.50	2.64	2.11	1.32	4.65	4.74	3.78	2.71	1.2
tive sifnit	ficancea	26.03	22.90	11.00	0.76	9.96	1.17	3.14	2.95	0.13	0.04	0.0

^a Relative significance is calculated as a percentage of corresponding deposit category in total deposits received in the reporting month (according to data for the last period included in the table).

rates on savings and foreign currency time deposits, which are weighted by the end-of-month balances of all categories included in the calculation.

The basis for the calculation of the weighted averages of monthly interest rates on total foreign currency savings deposits (column 7) are the end-of-month balances of those deposits.

The basis for the calculation of the weighted averages of

monthly interest rates on total foreign currency time deposits (column 12) are the amounts of those deposits received during the reporting month. The same basis is applied in calculating the weighted averages of monthly interest rates on total short-term foreign currency deposits (column 13) and on total long-term foreign currency deposits (column 18).

Table G5 Banks' trade with foreign exchange

in million EUR, current exchange rate

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009 -					2010
	2000	2000	2001	2000	2000	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.
A Purchase of foreign exchange										
1 Legal persons	8,443.5	14,442.7	26,365.0	33,058.3	19,939.9	1,571.5	1,483.2	1,439.7	1,369.4	2,079.
2 Natural persons	4,931.8	6,262.7	6,151.3	4,755.3	4,920.3	382.7	389.6	447.9	436.4	562.
2.1 Residents	4,662.6	5,909.4	3,184.0	4,252.9	4,389.6	346.6	342.8	391.1	364.2	454.
2.2 Non-residents	269.2	353.2	326.3	502.4	530.7	36.1	46.8	56.8	72.2	108.
3 Domestic banks	9,069.9	14,380.1	20,141.3	20,017.6	10,964.5	807.0	734.3	909.0	962.9	1,221.
4 Foreign banks	2,602.3	5,056.8	5,194.1	7,342.5	5,681.9	389.2	371.6	433.1	565.8	542.
5 Croatian National Bank	0.0	125.5	0.0	420.6	1,899.4	-	-	-	-	
Total (1+2+3+4)	25,106.0	40,439.5	57,851.7	65,594.2	43,405.9	3,150.4	2,978.7	3,229.6	3,334.5	4,405.
B Sale of foreign exchange										
1 Legal persons	13,022.3	17,515.0	28,564.1	35,448.8	21,707.2	1,528.0	1,267.3	1,429.6	1,519.4	2,049.
2 Natural persons	2,722.5	4,109.1	3,712.5	4,366.4	3,205.5	160.1	123.2	142.8	108.6	193.
2.1 Residents	2,693.9	4,056.4	2,071.3	4,335.2	3,186.0	159.3	122.0	141.6	107.3	191.
2.2 Non-residents	28.6	52.6	40.0	31.2	19.5	0.8	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.8
3 Domestic banks	9,069.9	14,380.1	20,141.3	20,017.6	10,964.5	807.0	734.3	909.0	962.9	1,221.
4 Foreign banks	1,407.1	3,526.1	4,072.6	6,615.7	5,281.5	346.9	606.8	361.6	410.3	468.
5 Croatian National Bank	670.8	1,329.5	839.0	409.1	2,224.2	-	-	-	125.6	238.
Total (1+2+3+4)	26,892.7	40,859.7	57,329.5	66,857.5	43,382.7	2,842.1	2,731.7	2,843.1	3,126.7	4,170.9
C Net purchase (A-B)										
1 Legal persons	-4,578.8	-3,072.3	-2,199.1	-2,390.5	-1,767.3	43.5	215.9	10.0	-149.9	30.2
2 Natural persons	2,209.3	2,153.6	2,438.9	388.9	1,714.8	222.6	266.4	305.0	327.8	368.
2.1 Residents	1,968.7	1,853.0	1,112.7	-82.2	1,203.6	187.3	220.9	249.5	256.9	262.6
2.2 Non-residents	240.6	300.6	286.3	471.1	511.2	35.3	45.5	55.6	70.9	106.2
3 Foreign banks	1,195.2	1,530.7	1,121.4	726.8	400.4	42.3	-235.3	71.5	155.6	73.
4 Croatian National Bank	-670.8	-1,204.0	-839.0	11.5	-324.8	-	-	-	-125.6	-238.
Total (1+2+3)	-1,845.2	-592.1	522.2	-1,263.3	23.2	308.4	247.0	386.5	207.9	234.
Memo items: Other Croatian National Bank transactions										
Purchase of foreign exchange	-	3.1	5.1	265.4	664.6	2.4	2.8	0.3	1.7	2.
Sale of foreign exchange	167.6	441.3	176.7	83.7	98.3	108.0	38.8	0.0	19.6	-

Table G5 Banks' trade with foreign exchange • Data on trade with foreign exchange between banks comprise the spot purchase and sale of foreign exchange in domestic foreign exchange market. Spot transactions are contracted obligations to buy/sell foreign currency within maximally 48 hours.

The transactions are classified by category of participants (legal and natural persons, domestic and foreign banks and the

CNB). Sources of data are banks' reports on trading with foreign exchange and statistical data on external payment operations.

Other Croatian National Bank transactions include foreign exchange sales and purchases on behalf of the Ministry of Finance.

H International economic relations

Table H1 Balance of payments - summarya,b

in million EUR

	2005	2222	222	2222	2222				2009	2010
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1°
A CURRENT ACCOUNT (1+6)	-1,975.6	-2,717.1	-3,236.1	-4,337.8	-2,447.8	-1,844.7	-875.7	1,788.4	-1,515.8	-1,404.6
1 Goods, services, and income (2+5)	-3,159.5	-3,824.5	-4,279.1	-5,408.3	-3,483.4	-2,051.5	-1,170.2	1,547.3	-1,808.9	-1,657.4
1.1 Credit	15,990.2	17,883.1	19,600.2	21,256.5	16,927.9	2,916.7	4,224.5	6,581.6	3,205.1	2,892.8
1.2 Debit	-19,149.7	-21,707.6	-23,879.3	-26,664.8	-20,411.3	-4,968.2	-5,394.8	-5,034.3	-5,014.0	-4,550.2
2 Goods and services (3+4)	-2,200.2	-2,641.6	-3,166.6	-3,835.9	-1,722.4	-1,597.0	-609.7	1,905.2	-1,420.9	-1,164.8
2.1 Credit	15,272.9	16,990.4	18,307.2	19,904.6	16,144.4	2,701.9	4,023.0	6,376.5	3,043.0	2,805.0
2.2 Debit	-17,473.2	-19,632.0	-21,473.8	-23,740.5	-17,866.8	-4,298.9	-4,632.7	-4,471.3	-4,464.0	-3,969.7
3 Goods	-7,518.0	-8,344.2	-9,434.0	-10,793.8	-7,398.0	-1,731.8	-2,011.7	-1,836.7	-1,817.8	-1,288.6
3.1 Credit	7,220.3	8,463.6	9,192.5	9,814.0	7,690.5	1,928.5	1,901.6	1,888.6	1,971.7	2,017.1
3.2 Debit	-14,738.3	-16,807.8	-18,626.5	-20,607.8	-15,088.5	-3,660.3	-3,913.4	-3,725.4	-3,789.5	-3,305.7
4 Services	5,317.7	5,702.7	6,267.4	6,957.9	5,675.6	134.8	1,402.1	3,741.9	396.9	123.8
4.1 Credit	8,052.6	8,526.8	9,114.7	10,090.6	8,453.9	773.4	2,121.4	4,487.8	1,071.3	787.8
4.2 Debit	-2,734.9	-2,824.2	-2,847.3	-3,132.7	-2,778.3	-638.6	-719.3	-745.9	-674.5	-664.1
5 Income	-959.2	-1,182.9	-1,112.5	-1,572.4	-1,761.0	-454.5	-560.6	-357.9	-388.0	-492.6
5.1 Credit	717.3	892.7	1,293.0	1,351.9	783.5	214.8	201.5	205.1	162.0	87.9
5.2 Debit	-1,676.5	-2,075.6	-2,405.5	-2,924.3	-2,544.5	-669.3	-762.1	-563.1	-550.1	-580.4
6 Current transfers	1,183.8	1,107.4	1,043.0	1,070.5	1,035.6	206.8	294.6	241.1	293.2	252.7
6.1 Credit	1,628.4	1,639.5	1,576.1	1,684.4	1,607.1	348.7	431.0	388.3	439.2	394.6
6.2 Debit	-444.6	-532.1	-533.1	-613.9	-571.5	-141.9	-136.4	-147.2	-146.0	-141.9
B CAPITAL AND FINANCIAL ACCOUNT	3,008.7	3,695.1	4,084.3	5,909.9	3,173.0	2,312.5	532.0	-606.8	935.2	640.7
B1 Capital account	53.8	-134.0	28.5	14.9	40.5	-3.4	5.3	5.8	32.9	12.6
B2 Financial account, excl. reserves	3,776.8	5,241.3	4,777.4	5,564.6	4,028.9	1,905.2	858.1	-639.8	1,905.4	110.5
1 Direct investment	1,276.1	2,556.6	3,411.7	3,206.6	1,177.3	408.5	472.9	-39.3	335.1	472.7
1.1 Abroad	-191.8	-208.2	-266.9	-988.8	-918.7	-28.7	-34.9	-763.8	-91.4	38.5
1.2 In Croatia	1,467.9	2,764.8	3,678.6	4,195.4	2,096.0	437.2	507.8	724.4	426.6	434.2
2 Portfolio investment	-1,187.9	-529.6	6.1	-633.9	155.7	-415.7	360.0	-397.4	608.7	-640.2
2.1 Assets	-581.3	-459.8	-404.7	-280.0	-797.4	155.9	-74.9	-246.7	-631.8	-102.6
2.2 Liabilities	-606.6	-69.8	410.8	-353.9	953.1	-571.6	435.0	-150.7	1,240.4	-537.5
3 Financial derivatives	-88.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-61.1
4 Other investment	3,777.0	3,214.3	1,359.7	2,991.9	2,695.9	1,912.4	25.1	-203.1	961.5	339.1
4.1 Assets	982.2	-692.3	-1,653.3	-1,620.9	682.6	1,940.7	-947.4	-982.0	671.3	426.0
4.2 Liabilities	2,794.7	3,906.6	3,012.9	4,612.8	2,013.3	-28.4	972.5	778.9	290.3	-86.9
B3 Reserve assets	-821.8	-1,412.2	-721.6	330.4	-896.4	410.7	-331.3	27.2	-1,003.0	517.5
C NET ERRORS AND OMISSIONS	-1,033.1	-977.9	-848.2	-1,572.1	-725.2	-467.8	343.6	-1,181.6	580.5	763.9

^a As from Bulletin No. 146 the CBRD is reclassified from the subsector central government funds to the subsector non-banking financial institutions. The reclassification covers the entire statistical series (from January 1999 onwards). Moreover, as from the same number of the Bulletin, CM is reclassified from the subsector central government funds to the subsector public enterprises. The reclassification covers the statistical series from January 2008 onwards. ^b Data also include the round tripping which increases direct investment in Croatia and direct investment abroad by the same amount. This type of direct investment was recorded in December 2008 (EUR 825.7m) and August 2009 (EUR 666.5m).
^c Preliminary data.

Note: The item net errors and omissions also comprises the counter-entry of a part of revenues from travel services which relates to such revenues not stated in the banks' records

Tables H1 – H6 Balance of payments • The balance of payments of the Republic of Croatia represents a systematic overview of the value of economic transactions performed by the Croatian residents with foreign countries within a particular period. It is compiled in accordance with the recommendations of the International Monetary Fund (Balance of Payments Manual, Fifth Edition, 1993). Data sources include: 1) reports of the government institutions (Central Bureau of Statistics and Croatian Institute for Health Insurance), 2) special reports of the Croatian National Bank (International Transaction Reporting System (ITRS), external debt relations, monetary statistics and

reserve assets) and 3) estimates and statistical research carried out by the Croatian National Bank.

Balance of payments of the Republic of Croatia data are reported in three currencies: in euros (EUR), US dollars (USD) and domestic currency (HRK). In all cases, the same data sources are used and the same principles regarding the scope of transactions and the procedures for compiling particular items are applied. Since the original data are reported in different currencies, the transaction values are converted from the original currency into the reporting currency by applying the exchange rate from the CNB exchange rate list in one of the following manners:

Table H2 Balance of payments - goods and services

in million EUR

	0005	0000	0007	0000	0000				2009	2010
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1ª
Goods	-7,518.0	-8,344.2	-9,434.0	-10,793.8	-7,398.0	-1,731.8	-2,011.7	-1,836.7	-1,817.8	-1,288.6
1 Credit	7,220.3	8,463.6	9,192.5	9,814.0	7,690.5	1,928.5	1,901.6	1,888.6	1,971.7	2,017.1
1.1 Exports (f.o.b.) in trade statistics	7,069.4	8,251.6	9,001.6	9,585.1	7,516.7	1,892.7	1,864.6	1,835.2	1,924.2	1,984.0
1.2 Adjustments for coverage	150.9	212.0	191.0	228.9	173.8	35.8	37.0	53.4	47.5	33.1
2 Debit	-14,738.3	-16,807.8	-18,626.5	-20,607.8	-15,088.5	-3,660.3	-3,913.4	-3,725.4	-3,789.5	-3,305.7
2.1 Imports (c.i.f.) in trade statistics	-14,949.5	-17,104.7	-18,826.6	-20,817.1	-15,218.5	-3,706.9	-3,951.6	-3,738.0	-3,822.0	-3,326.7
2.2 Adjustments for coverage	-346.4	-341.1	-370.4	-421.4	-331.1	-65.7	-81.5	-100.6	-83.3	-79.8
2.3 Adjustments for classification	557.6	638.0	570.4	630.8	461.1	112.3	119.7	113.3	115.8	100.8
Services	5,317.7	5,702.7	6,267.4	6,957.9	5,675.6	134.8	1,402.1	3,741.9	396.9	123.8
1 Transportation	376.1	474.2	542.1	508.5	255.0	51.2	72.4	90.8	40.5	37.3
1.1 Credit	880.3	1,037.5	1,165.4	1,209.4	752.0	173.9	197.2	220.6	160.3	145.8
1.2 Debit	-504.2	-563.2	-623.3	-700.9	-497.1	-122.7	-124.8	-129.8	-119.8	-108.5
2 Travel	5,394.9	5,708.7	6,035.2	6,694.0	5,655.8	171.9	1,399.9	3,660.9	423.1	188.1
2.1 Credit	5,998.9	6,293.3	6,752.6	7,459.4	6,379.7	300.7	1,590.1	3,897.0	591.9	324.7
2.1.1 Business	504.0	388.4	389.2	386.4	255.7	40.0	94.3	65.7	55.8	39.0
2.1.2 Personal	5,494.9	5,904.9	6,363.4	7,073.1	6,124.0	260.7	1,495.8	3,831.3	536.1	285.7
2.2 Debit	-604.1	-584.6	-717.3	-765.5	-724.0	-128.8	-190.2	-236.1	-168.8	-136.6
2.2.1 Business	-267.4	-229.5	-266.9	-261.3	-240.8	-40.2	-70.1	-63.9	-66.6	-39.1
2.2.2 Personal	-336.7	-355.1	-450.4	-504.2	-483.1	-88.7	-120.0	-172.2	-102.2	-97.6
3 Other services	-453.3	-480.3	-310.0	-244.6	-235.1	-88.4	-70.2	-9.8	-66.7	-101.6
3.1 Credit	1,173.4	1,196.0	1,196.8	1,421.8	1,322.2	298.8	334.1	370.2	319.1	317.4
3.2 Debit	-1,626.6	-1,676.3	-1,506.7	-1,666.4	-1,557.3	-387.1	-404.3	-380.0	-385.8	-419.0

- by applying the midpoint exchange rate on the date of the transaction;
- by applying the average monthly or quarterly midpoint exchange rate in the case the transaction date is not available;
- by applying the end-of-period exchange rate for the calculation of a change in the transaction value between the two periods; the end-of-period balances reported in the original currency serve as a basis for calculating the change in the original currency value, which is converted, by applying the average midpoint exchange rate in the observed period, into the value of change in the reporting currency.

The Report of the Central Bureau of Statistics on foreign trade in goods of the Republic of Croatia represents the basic data source for the balance of payments items related to exports and imports. These data are adjusted, in accordance with the recommended compilation method, for coverage and classification. Accordingly, goods exports and imports in the balance of payments are reported at f.o.b. parity. The value of exports at this parity is already contained in the previously mentioned CBS Report, whereas the value of imports f.o.b. is estimated on the basis of research studies of the CNB on the stratified sample of importers. The resulting value serves as a basis for the estimate of the share of transportation and insurance services by which the original value of imports c.i.f., stated in the CBS Report, is reduced. In the 1993-2001 period, this share stood at 7.10% (estimated only on the basis of the largest and large importers), while from 2002 on it has amounted to 3.73%. The same research study, conducted by the CNB at the end of 2006 (comprising the imports in the previous year), showed that the share of transportation and insurance costs, after continuing to decrease, has reached 3.03%. This share was first applied in the calculations for the first quarter of 2007. In the period from

1993 to 1996, the value of imports was modified by estimates of imports in duty free zones, which have been included in the merchandise trade statistics since 1997. From 1996 on, goods exports and imports are modified by the data on repairs on goods and goods procured in ports by carriers. In addition, since 1999, based on the Survey on Consumption of Foreign Travellers in Croatia and Domestic Travellers Abroad, the item of goods exports has been modified by the estimated value of goods sold to foreign travellers and tourists and taken out of the Republic of Croatia. The item of goods imports is adjusted for the estimated value of goods imported personally by the Croatian citizens from the neighbouring countries (shopping expenditures).

Transportation, travel and other services are reported separately under service account. Revenues and expenditures on the basis of transportation, in the 1993-1998 period, were adopted from the ITRS. From 1999 on, revenues and expenditures arising from transportation of goods and passengers, as well as the value of accompanying services, which together constitute the total value of these services, are compiled on the basis of the results of the Research on transactions related to international transportation services, carried out by the CNB. Owing to an exceptionally large population of road carriers, revenues and expenditures on the basis of road transportation are not adopted from this research. They are compiled by using ITRS data. As regards transportation of goods, expenditures are supplemented by a portion of transportation and insurance costs related to imports of goods which belongs to non-residents and which is estimated by adjusting the value of imports at c.i.f. parity to the value of imports f.o.b.

Revenues from services rendered to foreign travellers and tourists, as well as expenditures incurred by domestic travellers and tourists abroad are shown under the position Travel. In the

Table H3 Balance of payments – income and current transfers in million EUR

	0005	0000	0007	0000	0000				2009	2010
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1ª
Income	-959.2	-1,182.9	-1,112.5	-1,572.4	-1,761.0	-454.5	-560.6	-357.9	-388.0	-492.6
1 Compensation of employees	259.7	373.2	494.2	564.1	586.5	146.0	149.3	141.8	149.5	142.7
1.1 Credit	289.2	404.3	527.8	599.7	624.2	154.9	159.1	151.1	159.1	151.0
1.2 Debit	-29.5	-31.1	-33.6	-35.5	-37.6	-8.9	-9.8	-9.3	-9.7	-8.3
2 Direct investment income	-739.0	-1,002.0	-921.6	-1,139.4	-1,114.6	-270.7	-395.3	-189.5	-259.0	-369.7
2.1 Credit	112.7	80.7	174.5	194.6	-56.3	-6.7	-9.9	8.9	-48.6	-103.1
o/w: Reinvested earnings	63.8	64.0	123.3	118.6	-95.1	-15.2	-19.1	-5.0	-55.7	-109.8
2.2 Debit	-851.8	-1,082.7	-1,096.1	-1,334.0	-1,058.3	-264.0	-385.4	-198.5	-210.5	-266.6
o/w: Reinvested earnings	-570.5	-717.5	-483.3	-508.5	-286.2	110.3	-108.8	-128.5	-159.1	-73.8
3 Portfolio investment income	-217.6	-175.9	-162.9	-145.8	-155.8	-29.7	-33.8	-43.3	-49.0	-68.9
3.1 Credit	46.2	57.4	74.5	74.6	64.3	17.8	15.3	12.0	19.3	7.7
3.2 Debit	-263.8	-233.3	-237.4	-220.4	-220.1	-47.5	-49.0	-55.3	-68.3	-76.6
4 Other investment income	-262.3	-378.2	-522.2	-851.3	-1,077.2	-300.0	-280.7	-266.9	-229.5	-196.6
4.1 Credit	269.1	350.3	516.2	483.0	151.3	48.9	37.1	33.1	32.2	32.3
4.2 Debit	-531.4	-728.6	-1,038.4	-1,334.3	-1,228.5	-348.9	-317.9	-300.0	-261.7	-228.9
Current transfers	1,183.8	1,107.4	1,043.0	1,070.5	1,035.6	206.8	294.6	241.1	293.2	252.7
1 General government	9.7	-8.6	-16.7	-20.0	-30.7	-31.5	20.4	-30.5	10.9	-19.5
1.1 Credit	219.6	255.7	260.2	342.6	308.4	52.2	100.7	59.9	95.5	63.0
1.2 Debit	-209.9	-264.4	-276.8	-362.7	-339.0	-83.7	-80.3	-90.4	-84.6	-82.5
2 Other sectors	1,174.1	1,116.0	1,059.6	1,090.5	1,066.3	238.3	274.1	271.6	282.2	272.3
2.1 Credit	1,408.8	1,383.8	1,316.0	1,341.7	1,298.8	296.5	330.2	328.4	343.7	331.6
2.2 Debit	-234.6	-267.7	-256.3	-251.2	-232.5	-58.2	-56.1	-56.8	-61.4	-59.4

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1993-1998 period, this position was assessed by using various data sources which did not provide for a full coverage in accordance with the recommended methodology. Accordingly, in the second half of 1998, the Croatian National Bank started to carry out the Survey on Consumption of Foreign Travellers in Croatia and Domestic Travellers Abroad and use its results for compiling the Travel position. Since early 1999, the results of this Survey, based on carrying out a survey of travellers (stratified sample) at border crossings, have been combined with the Ministry of the Interior data on total number of foreign and domestic travellers, along with the data on distribution of foreign travellers by countries contained in the CBS Report on tourism, in order to assess the corresponding balance of payment items.

Other services position is complied by using different data sources: apart from revenues and expenditures related to insurance and communication services, which have been determined by the CNB special statistical research since 2001, the values of all other services are adopted from the ITRS.

Transactions in the income account are classified into four main groups. Compensation of employees item is compiled on the basis of the ITRS. Income from direct investment, portfolio investment and other investment are reported separately. Data on reinvested earnings are reported separately, under direct investment income, calculated on the basis of the CNB Research on direct and other equity investment. In contrast to data on dividends, these data are not available for the 1993-1996 period, since at that time they were not reported separately. From the first quarter of 2009 on, international standards are applied in the statistical monitoring of reinvested earnings, meaning that reinvested earnings are reported on a quarterly basis, i.e. in the period in which the profit is actually earned. Previously, reinvested earnings were reported in the month in which the decision on

the distribution of the previous year's profit was adopted, meaning that they were based on the profit earned in the preceding year. On the basis of statistical data on external debt relations, starting from 1997, income from direct investment includes data on interest arising from credit relations between residents and non-residents directly related through ownership. Income from equity portfolio investment is compiled on the basis of the same research, whereas data on debt portfolio investment income have been compiled since 1999, based on statistics on foreign credit relations, which also encompass income related to debt securities owned by non-residents. Income from other investments includes the calculation of interest in accordance with the foreign credit relations statistics. The methodology for compiling the statistics on debt investment income has been changed in 2007 to include the reporting of income on an accrual basis. This basically means that income from debt investment and interest are reported at the point in time when they accrue and not at the point in time when they mature or when they are paid. As a result, the historical data for the 1999-2006 period have been revised.

Current transfers are reported separately for the general government sector and other sectors. The ITRS is used as the main data source on current transfers for both sectors. In addition to taxes and excise duties, pensions, monetary support and donations, which are included in current transfers of both sectors, the government sector also encompasses data on multilateral cooperation, whereas other sectors include data on workers' remittances. Current transfers of the general government sector also include data on exports and imports of goods without a payment obligation, provided by the CBS. In the 1993-1998 period, current transfers of other sectors also encompassed an estimate of unregistered foreign currency remittances, which accounted

Table H4 Balance of payments – direct and portfolio invstments^{a,b}

in million EUR

									2009	2010
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009 -	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1°
Direct investment	1,276.1	2,556.6	3,411.7	3,206.6	1,177.3	408.5	472.9	-39.3	335.1	472.7
1 Abroad	-191.8	-208.2	-266.9	-988.8	-918.7	-28.7	-34.9	-763.8	-91.4	38.5
1.1 Equity capital and reinvested earnings	-121.0	-211.9	-321.1	-1,094.6	-912.4	-97.3	-49.4	-736.2	-29.5	45.2
1.1.1 Claims	-122.2	-211.9	-324.2	-1,094.6	-1,007.5	-112.5	-68.5	-741.2	-85.2	-64.6
1.1.2 Liabilities	1.3	0.0	3.1	0.0	95.1	15.2	19.1	5.0	55.7	109.8
1.2 Other capital	-70.9	3.7	54.1	105.7	-6.3	68.6	14.5	-27.6	-61.9	-6.7
1.1.1 Claims	-59.8	-13.9	20.3	106.8	-42.6	47.3	-13.9	-42.4	-33.6	-25.4
1.2.2 Liabilities	-11.1	17.6	33.9	-1.1	36.3	21.4	28.4	14.8	-28.3	18.7
2 In Croatia	1,467.9	2,764.8	3,678.6	4,195.4	2,096.0	437.2	507.8	724.4	426.6	434.2
2.1 Equity capital and reinvested earnings	1,363.5	2,460.9	2,671.0	2,682.9	967.8	28.3	278.7	362.2	298.7	311.0
2.1.1 Claims	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-6.9	-110.3	-110.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.1.2 Liabilities	1,363.5	2,461.0	2,671.0	2,689.8	1,078.1	138.6	278.7	362.2	298.7	311.0
2.2 Other capital	104.4	303.8	1,007.6	1,512.5	1,128.2	408.9	229.1	362.3	127.9	123.1
2.2.1 Claims	0.0	16.6	20.4	-26.3	-32.1	-13.1	8.4	0.7	-28.1	-16.2
2.2.2 Liabilities	104.4	287.3	987.2	1,538.8	1,160.3	422.0	220.7	361.5	156.1	139.3
Portfolio investment	-1,187.9	-529.6	6.1	-633.9	155.7	-415.7	360.0	-397.4	608.7	-640.2
1 Assets	-581.3	-459.8	-404.7	-280.0	-797.4	155.9	-74.9	-246.7	-631.8	-102.6
1.1 Equity securities	-193.0	-320.5	-844.2	146.8	-111.0	12.8	-56.1	-17.4	-50.4	-248.2
1.1.1 General government	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.1.1 Banks	0.0	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.1.2 Other sectors	-193.0	-323.1	-844.2	146.8	-111.0	12.8	-56.1	-17.4	-50.4	-248.2
1.2 Debt securities	-388.2	-139.3	439.4	-426.8	-686.4	143.1	-18.8	-229.3	-581.4	145.6
1.2.1 Bonds	-407.8	118.2	329.7	-326.0	-345.0	141.1	-75.5	-106.2	-304.3	236.8
1.2.1.1 General government	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.2.1.2 Banks	-371.4	161.9	267.8	-226.5	-52.5	196.6	-0.4	-94.3	-154.4	228.2
1.2.1.3 Other sectors	-36.3	-43.7	61.9	-99.5	-292.5	-55.5	-75.1	-11.9	-149.9	8.6
1.2.2 Money market instruments	19.5	-257.4	109.7	-100.8	-341.4	2.0	56.7	-123.1	-277.0	-91.2
1.2.2.1 General government	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.2.2.2 Banks	19.5	-257.4	109.7	-100.9	-341.4	2.0	56.7	-123.1	-277.0	-91.2
1.2.2.3 Other sectors	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2 Liabilities	-606.6	-69.8	410.8	-353.9	953.1	-571.6	435.0	-150.7	1,240.4	-537.5
2.1 Equity securities	89.2	325.7	315.7	-87.1	-12.5	-0.3	-22.2	-12.0	22.0	0.2
2.1.1 Banks	-12.8	41.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.1.2 Other sectors	102.0	284.0	315.7	-87.1	-12.5	-0.3	-22.2	-12.0	22.0	0.2
2.2 Debt securities	-695.8	-395.6	95.1	-266.8	965.7	-571.3	457.2	-138.7	1,218.4	-537.8
2.2.1 Bonds	-695.8	-395.6	95.1	-266.8	965.7	-571.3	457.2	-138.7	1,218.4	-537.8
2.2.1.1 General government	-705.9	-463.7	-276.4	-208.0	998.8	-572.4	460.0	58.4	1,052.8	-571.4
2.2.1.2 Banks	3.2	1.2	1.0	-1.6	-446.5	2.8	3.3	-452.6	0.0	0.0
2.2.1.3 Other sectors	6.9	66.9	370.5	-57.3	413.3	-1.7	-6.1	255.5	165.7	33.7
2.2.2 Money market instruments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.2.2.1 General government	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.2.2.2 Banks	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.2.2.3 Other sectors	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

^a As from Bulletin No. 146 the CBRD is reclassified from the subsector central government funds to the subsector non-banking financial institutions. The reclassification covers the entire statistical series (from January 1999 onwards). Moreover, as from the same number of the Bulletin, CM is reclassified from the subsector central government funds to the subsector public enterprises. The reclassification covers the statistical series from January 2008 onwards. ^b Data also include the round tripping which increases direct investment in Croatia and direct investment abroad by the same amount. This type of direct investment was recorded in December 2008 (EUR 825.7m) and August 2009 (EUR 666.5m).
^c Preliminary data.

for 15% of the positive difference between unclassified inflows and outflows of the household sector. From 1993 to the second quarter of 1996, the CNB also assessed a portion of the outflow based on current transfers. From 2002 on, inflows and outflows based on current transfers of other sectors are supplemented by the data of the CNB special statistical research on international

transactions related to insurance services.

Capital account is compiled on the basis of the ITRS, particularly on their part related to transfers of migrants. In addition, capital account includes transfers that cannot be classified into current transfers, such as allocation of gold of the former SFRY or investments in patents and rights.

Table H5 Balance of payments – other investment^a

in million EUR

	2005	2222	222		2000				2009	2010
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009 -	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1 ^b
Other investment (net)	3,777.0	3,214.3	1,359.7	2,991.9	2,695.9	1,912.4	25.1	-203.1	961.5	339.1
1 Assets	982.2	-692.3	-1,653.3	-1,620.9	682.6	1,940.7	-947.4	-982.0	671.3	426.0
1.1 Trade credits	-134.8	-33.3	-99.4	-126.5	148.9	12.3	-38.4	129.3	45.7	-71.1
1.1.1 General government	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.1.1.1 Long-term	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.1.1.2 Short-term	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.1.2 Other sectors	-134.8	-33.3	-99.4	-126.5	148.9	12.3	-38.4	129.3	45.7	-71.1
1.1.2.1 Long-term	10.4	-4.9	-63.5	26.7	58.0	16.2	11.6	11.1	19.1	7.2
1.1.2.2 Short-term	-145.3	-28.4	-35.9	-153.2	90.9	-3.9	-50.0	118.2	26.6	-78.3
1.2 Loans	-116.8	-153.1	-4.5	-107.5	41.5	18.6	35.2	1.2	-13.5	-5.2
1.2.1 General government	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.2.1.1 Long-term	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.2.1.2 Short-term	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.2.2 Banks	-28.5	-80.4	-32.6	-66.7	20.5	-1.7	28.3	-9.7	3.6	0.5
1.2.2.1 Long-term	-20.5	-58.9	-25.4	-26.8	-28.7	-0.8	4.8	-23.1	-9.5	4.4
1.2.2.2 Short-term	-8.0	-21.5	-7.3	-39.9	49.2	-0.8	23.5	13.4	13.1	-3.9
1.2.3 Other sectors	-88.3	-72.7	28.1	-40.8	21.0	20.3	6.9	10.8	-17.0	-5.6
1.2.3.1 Long-term	-89.2	-73.0	28.1	-37.6	20.9	20.3	9.2	8.7	-17.4	-3.2
1.2.3.2 Short-term	1.0	0.3	0.0	-3.2	0.1	0.0	-2.3	2.1	0.3	-2.4
1.3 Currency and deposits	1,233.8	-505.9	-1,549.4	-1,386.8	492.2	1,909.8	-944.2	-1,112.4	639.1	502.4
1.3.1 General government	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.3.2 Banks	1,313.7	-462.1	-1,317.1	-136.4	426.5	1,755.1	-855.4	-693.2	220.1	521.1
1.3.3 Other sectors	-79.8	-43.8	-232.3	-1,250.5	65.7	154.7	-88.8	-419.2	419.0	-18.8
1.4 Other assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2 Liabilities	2,794.7	3,906.6	3,012.9	4,612.8	2,013.3	-28.4	972.5	778.9	290.3	-86.9
2.1 Trade credits	15.1	18.5	313.5	32.0	-143.5	-250.5	68.6	51.5	-13.0	-152.7
2.1.1 General government	0.4	-0.7	-0.6	-0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.1.1.1 Long-term	0.4	-0.7	-0.6	-0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.1.1.2 Short-term	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.1.2 Other sectors	14.7	19.2	314.2	32.5	-143.5	-250.5	68.6	51.5	-13.0	-152.7
2.1.2.1 Long-term	27.4	-3.7	165.0	34.9	-58.0	-1.9	-33.8	7.9	-30.2	0.2
2.1.2.2 Short-term	-12.7	22.9	149.2	-2.4	-85.5	-248.6	102.4	43.6	17.1	-152.9
2.2 Loans	2,405.7	3,059.2	2,890.3	3,703.9	969.3	-131.9	506.8	537.6	56.8	387.4
2.2.1 Croatian National Bank	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.2.1.1 o/w: IMF	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.2.1.1.1 Drawings	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.2.1.1.2 Repayments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.2.1.2 Short-term	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.2.2 General government	97.2	165.0	161.0	96.7	-7.4	36.0	17.3	-33.0	-27.8	186.2
2.2.2.1 Long-term	97.2	165.0	161.0	65.0	24.3	44.7	26.0	-24.4	-22.0	186.2
2.2.2.1.1 Drawings	342.0	477.8	523.5	330.1	306.0	106.9	106.9	38.0	54.1	220.9
2.2.2.1.2 Repayments	-244.8	-312.8	-362.5	-265.2	-281.7	-62.3	-80.9	-62.4	-76.1	-34.8
2.2.2.2 Short-term	0.0	0.0	0.0	31.7	-31.7	-8.6	-8.6	-8.6	-5.8	0.0
2.2.3 Banks	826.0	541.2	-1,065.0	115.2	-166.5	-341.1	-111.5	76.3	209.9	214.5
2.2.3.1 Long-term	281.1	419.5	-630.8	-276.1	158.1	18.0	-118.3	-27.9	286.3	-63.1
2.2.3.1.1 Drawings	1,236.1	2,833.6	1,216.2	609.4	1,219.2	140.6	511.2	183.8	383.6	69.2
2.2.3.1.2 Repayments	-955.0	-2,414.1	-1,847.0	-885.4	-1,061.1	-122.6	-629.4	-211.7	-97.3	-132.3
2.2.3.2 Short-term	544.9	121.7	-434.2	391.3	-324.6	-359.1	6.7	104.2	-76.4	277.6
2.2.4 Other sectors	1,482.6	2,353.0	3,794.4	3,492.0	1,143.2	173.1	601.1	494.3	-125.3	-13.3
2.2.4.1 Long-term	1,428.1	2,264.1	3,184.9	3,175.7	866.9	141.3	404.0	425.2	-103.6	-27.6
2.2.4.1.1 Drawings	2,934.5	4,266.4	5,960.8	6,700.9	4,804.5	834.9	1,665.9	1,184.4	1,119.3	811.5
2.2.4.1.2 Repayments	-1,506.4	-2,002.3	-2,775.9	-3,525.2	-3,937.5	-693.6	-1,261.9	-759.1	-1,222.9	-839.1
2.2.4.2 Short-term	54.5	88.9	609.5	316.2	276.2	31.9	197.0	69.1	-21.7	14.3

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009			2009	2010	
	2005	2006	2007	2006	2009	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1 ^b
2.3 Currency and deposits	371.1	826.2	-193.6	875.7	1,185.5	353.8	396.6	189.4	245.7	-321.9
2.3.1 General government	0.1	0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-1.2	-0.3	-0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.3.2 Banks	371.1	826.0	-193.6	867.1	1,197.2	359.0	401.4	191.2	245.7	-321.9
2.3.3 Other sectors	-0.1	0.1	0.1	8.7	-10.6	-4.9	-3.9	-1.8	0.0	0.0
2.4 Other liabilities	2.8	2.7	2.7	1.3	2.0	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.8	0.3

^a As from Bulletin No. 146 the CBRD is reclassified from the subsector central government funds to the subsector non-banking financial institutions. The reclassification covers the entire statistical series (from January 1999 onwards). Moreover, as from the same number of the Bulletin, CM is reclassified from the subsector central government funds to the subsector public enterprises. The reclassification covers the statistical series from January 2008 onwards. ^b Preliminary data.

Foreign direct investments include equity capital, reinvested earnings and debt relations between ownership-related residents and non-residents. Direct investments are investments whereby a foreign owner acquires a minimum of 10% interest in equity capital of a company, regardless of whether a resident invests abroad or a non-resident invests in Croatian residents. The CNB Research on foreign direct investments started in 1997 when companies included in the survey also delivered data on direct investments for the 1993-1996 period. For the same period, no data are available on reinvested earnings and other capital under direct investment position, where all debt relations between related residents and non-residents are classified (excluding the banking sector). Such data actually became available only after the stated research has been launched. Since 1999, data on debt relations within direct investments have been collected on the basis of external debt relations statistics. From 2007 on, the CNB Statistics Department conducts the research on the purchase and sale of the real estate by non-residents on the territory of the Republic of Croatia. Persons obliged to submit reports are the public notaries who learn about these transactions in the course of their business. Data on the purchase and sale of the real estate by Croatian residents abroad are compiled on the basis of the ITRS. These purchase and sale transactions are also a constituent part of direct investments.

Data on equity portfolio investments are collected from the same data source as the data on direct investments. Debt portfolio investments include all investments in short-term and long-term debt securities that cannot be classified under direct investments. In the 1997-1998 period, these data were collected through the CNB Research on direct and portfolio investments, and since 1999 data on external debt relations and monetary statistics data for bank investment have been used. Starting from 2002 and 2004, this position has also been compiled for investment funds and pension funds, respectively.

Other investment encompasses all other debt investments that have not been mentioned, apart from investment constituting reserve assets. Other investments are classified by instruments, maturity and sectors. Trade credits, in the 1996–2002 period, included the CNB estimates of advance payment and

deferred payments, made on the basis of the sample of the largest and large importers and exporters. Data on advance payments have been estimated since 1996, while data on short-term deferred payments (first up to 90 days, then up to 150 days, and today from 8 days to 1 year) have been collected since 1999. In 2003, this research was replaced by a new one, where the selected companies, regardless of their size (stratified sample), are obliged to submit data. Data on deferred payments with the original maturity of more than one year are adopted from the CNB foreign credit relations statistics. Credits granted by residents to non-residents, i.e. foreign loans utilised by residents and granted by non-residents, which cannot be classified into direct investments or trade credits, are classified by the institutional sector and maturity under the corresponding positions of other investment. The CNB foreign credit relations statistics represent the data source for these positions. Currency and deposit position shows residents' claims on foreign countries for foreign cash and deposits with foreign banks, as well as obligations of the Croatian banks for deposits owned by non-residents. Monetary statistics represent a data source for the general government sector and banks sector. Data on balance and currency structure of foreign assets and liabilities, contained in monetary statistics, are used to assess transactions from which the exchange rate effect was eliminated. In the 1993-1998 period, data on other sectors' claims under this position were compiled on the basis of the CNB estimate of a portion of net foreign currency inflows of the household sector which is not classified under current transfers. Since 1999, this position has included only the data based on the Bank for International Settlement quarterly data, while data in the fourth quarter of 2001 and in the first two quarters of 2002 relate to the effect of the EMU countries' currencies changeover to the euro.

In the period from 1993 to 1998, the estimate of reserve assets transactions was made by converting the changes in the original currencies into the US dollars by applying the average monthly exchange rate of the currencies contained in the reserves. Since 1999, the changes in reserve assets balance have been calculated on the basis of the CNB accounting data.

Table H6 Balance of payments – summary^a

in million HRK

									2009	2010
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1 ^b
A CURRENT ACCOUNT (1+6)	-14,828.7	-20,064.6	-23,874.5	-31,687.6	-18,077.5	-13,678.7	-6,470.7	13,097.8	-11,025.8	-10,234.4
1 Goods, services, and income (2+5)	-23,586.8	-28,173.7	-31,525.4	-39,163.3	-25,677.6	-15,214.0	-8,638.9	11,334.3	-13,159.0	-12,074.9
1.1 Credit	117,994.9	130,756.5	143,640.4	153,418.7	124,162.3	21,610.8	31,070.0	48,174.2	23,307.2	21,066.3
1.2 Debit	-141,581.7	-158,930.2	-175,165.8	-192,582.0	-149,839.8	-36,824.8	-39,708.9	-36,839.9	-36,466.2	-33,141.2
2 Goods and services (3+4)	-16,508.1	-19,535.2	-23,342.4	-27,771.7	-12,732.8	-11,843.9	-4,510.9	13,954.7	-10,332.7	-8,482.4
2.1 Credit	112,693.7	124,216.9	134,156.6	143,655.7	118,408.1	20,018.2	29,586.9	46,673.6	22,129.4	20,427.4
2.2 Debit	-129,201.8	-143,752.1	-157,499.0	-171,427.5	-131,140.9	-31,862.1	-34,097.8	-32,718.9	-32,462.1	-28,909.8
3 Goods	-55,568.1	-61,083.9	-69,218.6	-77,984.3	-54,329.4	-12,848.0	-14,811.4	-13,444.2	-13,225.8	-9,390.0
3.1 Credit	53,397.7	61,988.6	67,424.8	70,856.8	56,453.8	14,291.5	14,000.4	13,823.2	14,338.7	14,689.2
3.2 Debit	-108,965.8	-123,072.5	-136,643.4	-148,841.1	-110,783.2	-27,139.5	-28,811.8	-27,267.4	-27,564.5	-24,079.2
4 Services	39,060.0	41,548.7	45,876.2	50,212.6	41,596.6	1,004.2	10,300.4	27,398.9	2,893.1	907.6
4.1 Credit	59,296.0	62,228.3	66,731.8	72,798.9	61,954.3	5,726.8	15,586.4	32,850.4	7,790.7	5,738.2
4.2 Debit	-20,236.0	-20,679.6	-20,855.6	-22,586.3	-20,357.7	-4,722.6	-5,286.0	-5,451.5	-4,897.5	-4,830.6
5 Income	-7,078.7	-8,638.5	-8,183.0	-11,391.6	-12,944.8	-3,370.1	-4,128.0	-2,620.4	-2,826.3	-3,592.5
5.1 Credit	5,301.2	6,539.7	9,483.7	9,762.9	5,754.1	1,592.6	1,483.1	1,500.6	1,177.8	638.9
5.2 Debit	-12,379.9	-15,178.1	-17,666.8	-21,154.5	-18,698.9	-4,962.7	-5,611.1	-4,121.0	-4,004.1	-4,231.4
6 Current transfers	8,758.1	8,109.0	7,650.9	7,475.7	7,600.1	1,535.3	2,168.2	1,763.5	2,133.1	1,840.5
6.1 Credit	12,047.2	12,005.6	11,562.1	12,159.5	11,793.0	2,586.1	3,170.7	2,841.0	3,195.2	2,874.0
6.2 Debit	-3,289.1	-3,896.5	-3,911.1	-4,683.7	-4,192.9	-1,050.8	-1,002.5	-1,077.6	-1,062.1	-1,033.4
B CAPITAL AND FINANCIAL ACCOUNT	22,085.4	26,918.4	29,686.9	42,512.1	23,275.0	16,986.9	3,885.4	-4,548.4	6,951.2	4,549.8
B1 Capital account	396.8	-981.8	209.1	108.2	333.2	-19.5	39.0	51.2	262.6	92.0
B2 Financial account, excl. reserves	27,764.0	38,213.6	34,792.8	40,095.6	29,453.0	13,997.1	6,269.6	-4,798.7	13,985.0	681.9
1 Direct investment	9,093.0	18,726.0	25,074.4	22,752.8	8,673.1	3,030.8	3,483.9	-286.8	2,445.2	3,447.9
1.1 Abroad	-1,415.4	-1,525.6	-1,961.1	-7,116.9	-6,729.2	-213.6	-258.6	-5,592.6	-664.3	278.8
1.2 In Croatia	10,508.5	20,251.6	27,035.5	29,869.7	15,402.3	3,244.4	3,742.5	5,305.9	3,109.5	3,169.1
2 Portfolio investment	-8,713.6	-4,008.6	-34.7	-4,425.5	1,087.6	-3,138.2	2,632.6	-2,935.0	4,528.2	-4,730.9
2.1 Assets	-4,195.8	-3,483.3	-3,055.9	-1,903.0	-5,774.1	1,108.2	-542.4	-1,831.3	-4,508.6	-804.9
2.2 Liabilities	-4,517.8	-525.3	3,021.2	-2,522.4	6,861.7	-4,246.5	3,175.0	-1,103.7	9,036.9	-3,925.9
3 Financial derivatives	-659.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-445.5
4 Other investment	28,044.0	23,496.2	9,753.1	21,768.3	19,692.2	14,104.5	153.1	-1,576.9	7,011.6	2,410.4
4.1 Assets	7,421.4	-5,121.6	-12,078.3	-11,587.5	5,116.4	14,406.7	-6,979.0	-7,187.7	4,876.3	3,096.2
4.2 Liabilities	20,622.6	28,617.9	21,831.4	33,355.8	14,575.9	-302.2	7,132.0	5,610.8	2,135.3	-685.8
B3 Reserve assets (CNB)	-6,075.4	-10,313.4	-5,315.0	2,308.3	-6,511.2	3,009.3	-2,423.2	199.1	-7,296.4	3,775.9
C NET ERRORS AND OMISSIONS	-7,256.7	-6,853.8	-5,812.5	-10,824.5	-5,197.5	-3,308.1	2,585.3	-8,549.3	4,074.7	5,684.6

^a As from Bulletin No. 146 the CBRD is reclassified from the subsector central government funds to the subsector non-banking financial institutions. The reclassification covers the entire statistical series (from January 1999 onwards). Moreover, as from the same number of the Bulletin, CM is reclassified from the subsector central government funds to the subsector public enterprises. The reclassification covers the statistical series from January 2008 onwards. ^b Preliminary data.

Note: The item net errors and omissions also comprises the counter-entry of a part of revenues from travel services which relates to such revenues not stated in the banks' records.

Table H7 International reserves and banks' foreign currency reserves^a end of period, in million EUR

			lr	nternational reserv	es of the Croa	atian National B	ank		
Year	Month		Special	Reserve			Foreign currency		Banks' foreign
roai		Total	drawing rights	position in the Fund	Gold	Total	Currency and deposits	Bonds and notes	currency reserves
1996	December	1,867.7	101.3	0.0	-	1,766.3	1,627.6	138.7	1,549.2
1997	December	2,303.7	133.4	0.1	-	2,170.2	1,825.2	345.0	2,078.9
1998	December	2,400.2	197.1	0.1	-	2,203.0	1,642.6	560.4	1,607.0
1999	December	3,012.7	188.7	0.2	-	2,823.7	2,449.8	373.9	1,344.7
2000	December	3,783.2	158.5	0.2	-	3,624.5	2,763.0	861.5	2,310.7
2001	December	5,333.6	122.9	0.2	-	5,210.5	3,469.7	1,740.7	4,056.0
2002	December	5,651.3	2.3	0.2	-	5,648.8	3,787.8	1,861.0	2,581.6
2003	December	6,554.1	0.7	0.2	-	6,553.2	3,346.0	3,207.2	3,927.1
2004	December	6,436.2	0.6	0.2	-	6,435.4	3,173.3	3,262.0	4,220.1
2005	December	7,438.4	0.9	0.2	-	7,437.3	3,834.5	3,602.8	2,938.4
2006	December	8,725.3	0.7	0.2	-	8,724.4	4,526.9	4,197.5	3,315.0
2007	December	9,307.4	0.8	0.2	-	9,306.5	4,533.9	4,772.5	4,388.9
2008	December	9,120.9	0.7	0.2	-	9,120.0	2,001.8	7,118.2	4,644.5
2009	September	9,317.6	330.1	0.2	-	8,987.3	1,657.5	7,329.8	4,463.1
	October	9,540.9	327.4	0.2	-	9,213.3	2,265.4	6,947.8	3,963.6
	November	10,145.5	327.9	0.2	-	9,817.5	2,753.5	7,064.0	3,963.9
	December	10,375.8	331.7	0.2	-	10,043.9	2,641.4	7,402.6	4,293.9
2010	January	10,394.0	336.8	0.2	-	10,057.0	2,648.0	7,409.0	3,597.4
	February	10,081.5	345.2	0.2	-	9,736.1	2,762.1	6,974.0	3,649.9
	March	10,008.1	342.5	0.2	-	9,665.5	2,717.3	6,948.1	3,801.9
	April	10,015.0	346.7	0.2	-	9,668.1	2,724.0	6,944.0	3,709.9
	May	10,176.6	365.3	0.2	-	9,811.1	3,016.3	6,794.8	3,807.3
	June	10,305.2	368.3	0.2	-	9,936.7	3,110.6	6,826.1	3,977.6
	July	11,325.0	352.8	0.2	-	10,972.0	4,160.1	6,811.9	4,008.5
	Augustb	11,428.4	360.3	0.2	_	11,068.0	3,981.8	7,086.1	4,015.6

a International reserves of the Republic of Croatia consist only of the Croatian National Bank's foreign currency reserves. b Preliminary data.

Table H7 International reserves and banks' foreign currency reserves • Data on the international reserves of the Croatian National Bank are compiled in accordance with the methodology set out in the Balance of Payments Manual (International Monetary Fund, 1993), and include those foreign claims of the Croatian National Bank that can be used to bridge imbalances in international payments. International reserves include special

drawing rights, reserve position in the Fund, gold, foreign currency and deposits with foreign banks, as well as bonds and debt instruments.

The foreign currency reserves of banks include foreign currency and deposits of domestic banks with foreign banks. These foreign currency reserves represent an additional source of liquidity for bridging imbalances in international payments.

Table H8 International reserves and foreign currency liquidity

end of period, in million $\ensuremath{\mathsf{EUR}}$

		2005	2006	2007	2008	2009					2010
		Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul
Official reserve assets and other f/c assets (approximate m	arket value)										
A Official reserve assets		7,438.4	8,725.3	9,307.4	9,120.9	10,375.8	10,008.1	10,015.0	10,176.6	10,305.2	11,325.
(1) Foreign currency reserves (in convertible f/c)		7,337.3	8,162.8	8,911.0	8,625.0	9,243.3	8,283.0	8,397.2	9,166.1	8,798.5	9,796.
(a) Securities		3,602.8	4,197.5	4,772.5	7,118.2	7,402.6	6,948.1	6,944.0	6,794.8	6,826.1	6,811.
o/w: Issuer headquartered in reporting country but located abroad		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(b) Total currency and deposits with:		3,734.5	3,965.3	4,138.4	1,506.7	1,840.8	1,334.9	1,453.1	2,371.3	1,972.4	2,984.
(i) Other national central banks, BIS and IMF		407.3	198.7	190.7	1,397.3	1,698.9	1,241.0	1,376.3	2,193.3	1,907.5	2,930
(ii) Banks headquartered in the reporting country		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
o/w: Located abroad		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(iii) Banks headquartered outside the reporting country		3,327.2	3,766.6	3,947.7	109.5	141.8	93.9	76.9	178.0	64.9	54
o/w: Located in the reporting country		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(2) IMF reserve position		0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	C
(3) SDRs		0.9	0.7	0.8	0.7	331.7	342.5	346.7	365.3	368.3	352
(4) Gold		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(5) Other reserve assets		100.0	561.6	395.5	495.0	800.6	1,382.4	1,270.9	645.0	1,138.2	1,175
– Reverse repo		100.0	561.6	395.5	495.0	800.6	1,382.4	1,270.9	645.0	1,138.2	1,175
3 Other foreign currency assets (specify)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- Time deposits		_	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	
C Total (A+B)		7,438.4	8,725.3	9,307.4	9,120.9	10,375.8	10,008.1	10,015.0	10,176.6	10,305.2	11,325
Predetermined short-term net drains on f/c assets (nomina	al value)										
F/c loans, securities, and deposits (total net drains up to one year)		-899.7	-650.5	-521.1	-1,084.1	-989.3	-1,181.2	-1,249.0	-1,212.1	-1,215.3	-1,235
(a) Croatian National Bank		-1.1	-1.6	-2.0	-0.9	-	-	-	-	-	
Up to 1 month	Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Interest	-1.1	-1.6	-2.0	-0.9	-	-	-	-	-	
More than 1 and up to 3 months	Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
More than 3 months and up to 1 year	Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(b) Central government (excl. central government funds)		-898.6	-648.9	-519.1	-1,083.2	-989.3	-1,181.2	-1,249.0	-1,212.1	-1,215.3	-1,23
Up to 1 month	Principal	-77.9	-48.3	-47.6	-50.8	-39.9	-13.5	-6.0	-35.3	-47.5	-7
	Interest	-	-	-	_	-	-8.2	-0.4	-0.8	-0.2	-(
More than 1 and up to 3 months	Principal	-603.0	-138.4	-133.2	-616.8	-625.3	-101.5	-154.5	-88.4	-107.8	-130
	Interest	-	-	-	_	-	-3.1	-2.1	-0.9	-3.0	-23
More than 3 months and up to 1 year	Principal	-160.2	-399.8	-284.5	-348.3	-207.1	-910.3	-884.1	-893.0	-879.6	-876
	Interest	-57.5	-62.3	-53.8	-67.4	-117.0	-144.6	-201.9	-193.7	-177.2	-197
 Aggregate short and long positions in forwards and futures of f/c vis-a-vis the domestic currency (including the forward leg of currency swaps) 	g	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(a) Short positions (–)		_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	
Up to 1 month		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
More than 1 and up to 3 months		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
More than 3 months and up to 1 year		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
(b) Long positions (+)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Up to 1 month		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
More than 1 and up to 3 months		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
More than 3 months and up to 1 year		_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	
Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
 Outflows related to repos (-) 											
 Outflows related to repos (-) Up to 1 month 	Principal	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	
	Principal Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

		2005	2006	2007	2008	2009					2010
		Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.
	Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
More than 3 months and up to 1 year	Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
4 Total predetermined short-term net drains on f/c assets (1+2+3)		-899.7	-650.5	-521.1	-1,084.1	-989.3	-1,181.2	-1,249.0	-1,212.1	-1,215.3	-1,235.3
III Contingent short-term net drains on f/c assets (nominal val	ue)										
1 Contingent liabilities in foreign currency		-2,273.1	-2,734.9	-2,607.4	-1,896.1	-1,351.6	-1,467.1	-1,525.1	-1,485.2	-1,474.5	-1,507.2
(a) Collateral guarantees on debt falling due within 1 year		-443.8	-478.9	-662.1	-803.2	-661.5	-818.2	-873.3	-834.2	-828.4	-862.3
- Croatian National Bank		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Central government (excl. central government funds)		-443.8	-478.9	-662.1	-803.2	-661.5	-818.2	-873.3	-834.2	-828.4	-862.3
Up to 1 month		-59.6	-71.9	-54.3	-91.8	-30.3	-59.0	-31.9	-54.7	-1.6	-2.2
More than 1 and up to 3 months		-53.0	-84.8	-42.4	-58.4	-101.3	-202.5	-166.2	-80.6	-53.5	-87.4
More than 3 months and up to 1 year		-331.2	-322.2	-565.3	-652.9	-529.8	-556.6	-675.3	-698.9	-773.3	-772.7
(b) Other contingent liabilities		-1,829.3	-2,256.0	-1,945.3	-1,092.9	-690.1	-648.9	-651.8	-651.1	-646.1	-644.9
- Croatian National Bank		-1,829.3	-2,256.0	-1,945.3	-1,092.9	-690.1	-648.9	-651.8	-651.1	-646.1	-644.9
Up to 1 month		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
More than 1 and up to 3 months		-1,829.3	-2,256.0	-1,945.3	-1,092.9	-690.1	-648.9	-651.8	-651.1	-646.1	-644.9
More than 3 months and up to 1 year		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Central government (excl. central government funds)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2 Foreign currency securities issued with embedded options (puttable bonds)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 Undrawn, unconditional credit lines provided by:		_	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
- BIS (+)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
- IMF (+)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
4 Aggregate short and long positions of options in f/c vis-a-vis domestic currency	the	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 Total contingent short-term net drains on f/c assets (1+2+3+4	1)	-2,273.1	-2,734.9	-2,607.4	-1,896.1	-1,351.6	-1,467.1	-1,525.1	-1,485.2	-1,474.5	-1,507.2
V Memo items											
(a) Short-term domestic currency debt indexed to the exchange rate		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
o/w: Central government (excl. central government funds	s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Financial instruments denominated in foreign currency and settled by other means (e.g., in domestic currency)	d	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(c) Pledged assets		_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	
(d) Securities lent and on repo		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
- Lent or repoed and included in Section I		_	_	_	-6.1	_	-4.2	_	-7.7	-1.0	-0.6
- Lent or repoed but not included in Section I		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Borrowed or acquired and included in Section I		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Borrowed or acquired but not included in Section I		88.5	559.5	389.7	478.6	766.5	1,311.6	1,224.5	610.2	1,040.4	1,099.5
(e) Financial derivative assets (net, marked to market)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
(f) Currency composition of official reserves assets											
- Currencies in SDR basket		7,438.1	8,725.0	9,307.1	9,120.8	10.375 7	10.008 0	10.014 8	10,176.4	10.305 0	11,324 8
- Currencies not in SDR basket		0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3
	USD	1,104.5	1,266.0	1,357.2	2,064.6	2,461.8	1,963.1	1,964.7	2,001.3	1,923.7	2,809.7
	USD	1,104.5	1,200.0	1,007.2	2,004.0	401.0	1,503.1	1,904./	2,001.3	1,523.1	2,009.7
By individual currencies	EUR	6,332.5	7,458.0	7,944.2	7,054.9	7,581.5	7,702.1	7,703.0	7,809.5	8,012.6	8,161.9

Table H8 International reserves and foreign currency liquidity • International reserves and foreign currency liquidity are shown in accordance with a Template on international reserves

shown in accordance with a Template on international reserves and foreign currency liquidity, drawn up by the IMF. A detailed explanation of the Template is given in "International Reserves and Foreign Currency Liquidity – Guidelines for a Data Template, 2001".

The first part of the Template shows total assets of the Croatian National Bank in convertible foreign currency. Official reserve assets (IA) show those types of assets that are readily available to the CNB at any moment for bridging imbalances in

international payments. Official international reserves include: short-term foreign negotiable debt securities, foreign cash, foreign currency sight deposits, foreign currency time deposits which can be withdrawn before maturity, foreign currency time deposits with a remaining maturity of up to 1 year, reserve position with the IMF, special drawing rights, gold, and reverse repos with foreign negotiable debt securities.

The second part of the Template shows fixed predetermined foreign currency net liabilities of the Croatian National Bank and the central government (excluding central government funds) that fall due in the next 12 months. Foreign currency

Table H9 Midpoint exchange rates of the Croatian National Bank (period average)

Year	Month	HRK/EUR	HRK/ATS	HRK/FRF	HRK/100 ITL	HRK/CHF	HRK/GBP	HRK/USD	HRK/DEM
1996		6.805527	0.513812	1.062870	0.352204	4.407070	8.476847	5.433979	3.614716
1997		6.960719	0.505335	1.056368	0.362049	4.248502	10.089408	6.161849	3.556098
1998		7.139159	0.514631	1.080018	0.366853	4.396452	10.537622	6.362284	3.620795
1999		7.581823	0.550993	1.155840	0.391568	4.739965	11.514804	7.122027	3.876528
2000		7.633852	0.554774	1.163773	0.394256	4.903244	12.530514	8.287369	3.903127
2001		7.471006	0.542939	1.138947	0.385845	4.946810	12.010936	8.339153	3.819865
2002		7.406976				5.049125	11.793108	7.872490	
2003		7.564248				4.978864	10.943126	6.704449	
2004		7.495680				4.854986	11.048755	6.031216	
2005		7.400047				4.780586	10.821781	5.949959	
2006		7.322849				4.656710	10.740292	5.839170	
2007		7.336019				4.468302	10.731537	5.365993	
2008		7.223178				4.553618	9.101622	4.934417	
2009		7.339554				4.861337	8.233112	5.280370	
2009	September	7.314846				4.828248	8.215257	5.030900	
	October	7.244857				4.786519	7.906241	4.890609	
	November	7.283676				4.822430	8.110227	4.885203	
	December	7.292240				4.850202	8.096641	4.979623	
2010	January	7.290819				4.936781	8.253859	5.098490	
	February	7.304744				4.978585	8.346769	5.327413	
	March	7.260644				5.009436	8.050570	5.346701	
	April	7.258114				5.063618	8.280297	5.405008	
	May	7.257505				5.112983	8.456556	5.752744	
	June	7.229388				5.229912	8.716015	5.921915	
	July	7.211539				5.361420	8.642265	5.667137	
	August	7.246101				5.397058	8.789254	5.613821	

loans, securities and deposits (II1) include future interest payments on banks' foreign currency reserve requirements with the CNB (only interest payments for the next month are included), payments of future maturities of foreign currency CNB bills, future principal and interest payments on loans from the IMF, and future principal and interest payments on the central government's foreign currency debts (excluding central government funds). Aggregate short and long positions in forwards and futures in foreign currencies (II2) include future collections (+) or payments (-) arising from currency swaps between the CNB and domestic banks (temporary sale or purchase of foreign currency). Item Other (II3) includes future payments arising from repo transactions with foreign negotiable debt securities.

The third part of the Template shows predetermined contingent foreign currency net liabilities of the Croatian National Bank and the central government (excluding central government funds), which fall due in the following 12 months. Contingent liabilities in foreign currency (III1) include future principal and interest payments on foreign loans guaranteed by the central government, and banks' foreign currency reserve requirements with the CNB. (The inclusion of reserve requirements in foreign currency is based on the assumption that there will be no changes in ratios or in the base of foreign currency reserve requirements, which comprises foreign currency sources of funds, including ordinary foreign currency accounts, special foreign currency accounts, foreign currency accounts and foreign currency sight deposits, received foreign currency deposits and received foreign currency loans, as well as obligations arising from securities issued in foreign currency (excluding banks' equity securities) and hybrid and subordinated instruments). Undrawn credit lines show potential inflows (+) or outflows (-) which would arise from drawdowns under these credits.

The fourth part of the Template lists memo items. Short-term, domestic currency debt indexed to foreign currency (IV(a)) shows obligations arising from the Act on Converting Households' Foreign Currency Deposits into the Public Debt of the Republic of Croatia, which fall due in the next 12 months. Pledged assets (IV(c)) show time deposits in foreign currency with a maturity over 3 months listed in item IB which are also used as collateral. Repo transactions with securities show the value of collateral that is subject to repo and reverse repo transactions with securities as well as how these transactions are registered in the Template.

Table H9 Midpoint exchange rates of the Croatian National Bank (period average) • The annual averages of CNB midpoint exchange rates are calculated based on the midpoint exchange rates effective on the working days in a year, using CNB exchange rate lists whose application dates pertain to the calculation period.

The monthly averages of CNB midpoint exchange rates are calculated based on the midpoint exchange rates effective on the working days in a month, using CNB exchange rate lists whose application dates pertain to the calculation period.

The data show the annual and monthly averages of CNB midpoint exchange rates for selected currencies from 1992 to date, in kuna terms. The averages related to the calculation periods from the beginning of 1992, when the legal tender in the Republic of Croatia was the Croatian dinar, until the introduction of the kuna on 30 May 1994, are shown in kuna equivalent, and are denominated by dividing their values by one thousand (1,000).

The annual and monthly averages of midpoint exchange rates for the euro from 1992 until end 1998 are the averages of midpoint exchange rates applied for the ECU.

Table H10 Midpoint exchange rates of the Croatian National Bank (end of period)

Year	Month	HRK/EUR	HRK/ATS	HRK/FRF	HRK/100 ITL	HRK/CHF	HRK/GBP	HRK/USD	HRK/DEM
	WOTHT								
1996		6.863600	0.506253	1.055662	0.362600	4.098835	9.359000	5.539600	3.562200
1997		6.947200	0.499445	1.050510	0.357700	4.332003	10.475600	6.303100	3.514000
1998		7.329100	0.531546	1.114954	0.377700	4.567584	10.451000	6.247500	3.739700
1999		7.679009	0.558055	1.170657	0.396588	4.784268	12.340257	7.647654	3.926215
2000		7.598334	0.552192	1.158359	0.392421	4.989712	12.176817	8.155344	3.884966
2001		7.370030	0.535601	1.123554	0.380630	4.977396	12.101856	8.356043	3.768237
2002		7.442292				5.120256	11.451442	7.145744	
2003		7.646909				4.901551	10.860544	6.118506	
2004		7.671234				4.971314	10.824374	5.636883	
2005		7.375626				4.744388	10.753209	6.233626	
2006		7.345081				4.571248	10.943208	5.578401	
2007		7.325131				4.412464	9.963453	4.985456	
2008		7.324425				4.911107	7.484595	5.155504	
2009		7.306199				4.909420	8.074040	5.089300	
2009	September	7.288341				4.824479	7.922110	4.999548	
	October	7.225837				4.788811	8.049278	4.867522	
	November	7.317610				4.855747	8.055493	4.905880	
	December	7.306199				4.909420	8.074040	5.089300	
2010	January	7.313102				4.985753	8.453476	5.236361	
	February	7.270536				4.968249	8.151739	5.342054	
	March	7.259334				5.071847	8.126423	5.392463	
	April	7.246875				5.052200	8.339327	5.473884	
	May	7.263120				5.090496	8.526790	5.852635	
	June	7.193455				5.422066	8.870952	5.897241	
	July	7.248517				5.353805	8.705882	5.576640	
	August	7.274976				5.562334	8.904499	5.719321	

Table H10 Midpoint exchange rates of the Croatian National Bank (end of period) • The table shows CNB midpoint exchange rates applied on the last day of the observed period.

The data show CNB midpoint exchange rates for selected currencies from 1992 to date, in kuna terms. The end of period midpoint exchange rates related to the periods from the

beginning of the time series in 1992 until the introduction of the kuna on 30 May 1994 are shown in kuna equivalent and are denominated by dividing their values by one thousand (1,000).

The midpoint exchange rates for the euro applied on the last days of the observed periods from 1992 until end 1998 are the end of period midpoint exchange rates applied for the ECU.

Table H11 Indices of the effective exchange rate of the kuna

indices 2005 = 100

		Nominal effective exchange	Real effective exchange	rate of the kuna; deflator
Year	Month	rate of the kuna	Consumer price index	Producer price index
1996	December	92.67	104.56	99.92
1997	December	96.27	106.16	102.55
1998	December	100.26	105.40	106.31
1999	December	108.18	111.59	111.29
2000	December	109.87	110.36	106.71
2001	December	107.12	107.17	105.38
2002	December	104.68	105.19	102.47
2003	December	104.01	104.83	102.55
2004	December	100.45	101.04	98.72
2005	December	100.86	100.37	101.96
2006	December	98.14	97.62	100.58
2007	December	95.59	92.77	97.41
2008	December	95.57	91.37	93.42
2009	September	95.51	90.25	89.82
	October	94.21	89.13	89.08
	November	94.60	89.22	89.67
	December	95.07	90.39	90.20
2010	January	95.55	89.90	90.40
	February	96.58	90.93	91.40
	March	96.17	90.87	90.86
	April	96.39	91.08	91.35
	May	97.66	92.13	92.36
	June	98.00	92.51 ^a	92.37 ^a
	July	96.94	91.68 ^a	91.56 ^a
	August	97.13		

^a Preliminary data.

Table H11 Indices of the effective exchange rate of the kuna • The index of the nominal effective exchange rate of the kuna is a weighted geometric average of the index of bilateral nominal exchange rates of the kuna versus the euro, US dollar, Swiss franc and pound sterling. The basic CNB methodology for the calculation of both the nominal and real effective exchange rates of the kuna is described in Box 2 in the CNB Bulletin No. 64 (October 2001) and was first modified in 2004 (see the CNB Bulletin No. 94, June 2004). Starting with the CNB Bulletin No. 157 (March 2010), the presented time series of indices of the effective exchange rates of the kuna have been calculated based on the weights reflecting the structure of the current account (ITRS data) in the period from January 2006 to December 2009. The euro was assigned a 77.6% weight, the US dollar a 20.6% weight, the pound sterling a 0.9% weight and the Swiss franc a weight of 0.8%. The time series of basic indices were recalculated on the basis of 2005.

The index of the nominal effective exchange rate is an aggregate indicator of the average value of the domestic currency

against a basket of currencies. An increase in the index of the nominal effective exchange rate of the kuna in a certain period indicates that the kuna has depreciated against the basket of currencies and vice versa. The index of the real effective exchange rate is a weighted geometric average of the index of bilateral exchange rates of the kuna adjusted for the corresponding indices of relative prices (the ratio of price indices in partner countries and domestic prices). Producer price indices, consumer price indices and the total harmonised consumer price index for the eurozone countries are used as deflators. The time series for consumer prices in Croatia is constructed in the following manner: retail price indices are used for the period until and including December 1997 and consumer price indices for the period as of January 1998. Data for the last two months are preliminary. The historical data may be corrected for the subsequent changes in the data published by the statistical offices of the countries whose prices are included in the calculation of the index of the real effective exchange rate of the kuna.

Table H12 Gross external debt by domestic sectors^a

in million EUR

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009				2010
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec. ^b	Dec. ^{c,d}	Dec.e*	Mar.*	Apr.*	May*	Jun.
Government	6,152.7	5,670.1	5,371.8	4,197.3	5,165.2	4,959.0	4,960.9	5,015.8	5,022.0
Short-term	2.0	1.3	5.3	35.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Money market instruments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Credits	0.0	0.0	0.0	31.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Trade credits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other debt liabilities	2.0	1.3	5.3	4.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Principal arrears	1.8	0.0	1.1	3.9	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Interest arrears	0.2	1.2	4.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Long-term	6,150.7	5,668.8	5,366.5	4,161.6	5,165.1	4,959.0	4,960.9	5,015.8	5,021.
Bonds	3,663.4	3,109.1	2,756.9	2,621.9	3,572.5	3,119.8	3,131.6	3,177.6	3,217.
Credits	2,484.8	2,557.8	2,608.4	1,538.9	1,592.6	1,839.2	1,829.3	1,838.2	1,804.
Trade credits	2.6	1.9	1.2	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other debt liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Croatian National Bank	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.3	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3
Short-term	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.3	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.
Money market instruments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Credits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Currency and deposits	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.3	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.
Other debt liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Principal arrears	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Interest arrears	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Long-term	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Bonds	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Credits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Currency and deposits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other debt liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Banks	8,978.7	10,222.6	8,879.1	10,079.1	10,679.8	10,662.4	10,283.8	10,517.4	11,100.
Short-term	2,505.2	3,362.7	2,361.2	3,793.3	3,094.8	2,912.6	2,581.5	2,486.0	3,100.
Money market instruments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Credits	1,064.8	1,150.4	710.8	1,121.1	809.8	1,088.0	775.5	642.7	1,018.
Currency and deposits	1,438.6	2,211.1	1,648.8	2,670.3	2,283.9	1,823.3	1,805.2	1,842.6	2,081.
Other debt liabilities	1.7	1.2	1.7	2.0	1.2	1.4	0.9	0.7	1.
Principal arrears	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Interest arrears	1.7	1.2	1.5	2.0	1.2	1.4	0.9	0.7	1.
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Long-term	6,473.6	6,859.9	6,517.9	6,285.8	7,584.9	7,749.8	7,702.3	8,031.4	7,999.
Bonds	456.6	457.9	459.0	456.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Credits	3,822.7	4,217.3	3,565.1	3,373.9	3,542.3	3,515.7	3,510.3	3,752.5	3,696.
Currency and deposits	2,194.3	2,184.7	2,493.9	2,455.0	4,042.7	4,234.1	4,192.0	4,278.9	4,303.
Other debt liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other sectors	8,176.4	10,500.2	14,743.1	19,835.7	21,354.0	21,482.8	21,584.3	21,730.4	21,540.
Short-term	706.7	700.9	1,478.2	925.2	1,376.1	1,490.4	1,546.7	1,585.8	1,509.
Money market instruments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Credits	133.0	155.0	681.0	652.9	698.0	676.8	713.6	729.2	521.
Currency and deposits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Trade credits	27.8	35.9	31.1	39.5	28.2	37.6	41.3	40.7	33.
Other debt liabilities	545.9	510.0	766.0	232.9	649.9	776.0	791.8	815.9	953.
Principal arrears	502.1	460.6	683.4	170.4	527.3	643.3	654.0	677.7	794.
Interest arrears	43.8	49.4	82.6	62.5	122.6	132.7	137.8	138.1	159.

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Dec e*			2010
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.b	Dec.c,d	Dec.e*	Mar.*	Apr.*	May*	Jun.
Long-term	7,469.7	9,799.3	13,264.9	18,910.5	19,977.9	19,992.5	20,037.6	20,144.6	20,030.8
Bonds	763.9	837.8	1,208.3	1,186.4	1,611.1	1,599.4	1,615.0	1,615.5	1,595.5
Credits	6,542.1	8,816.1	11,766.9	17,391.3	18,078.6	18,101.5	18,103.8	18,240.6	18,154.4
Currency and deposits	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Trade credits	163.7	145.4	289.8	322.2	288.1	291.6	318.8	288.6	281.0
Other debt liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5 Direct investment	2,450.7	2,878.4	3,932.8	5,835.9	7,388.1	7,474.1	7,134.2	7,135.9	7,222.0
Short-term	177.5	233.9	540.4	1,415.7	426.3	483.0	531.6	521.2	549.2
Money market instruments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Credits	36.3	51.2	216.8	1,314.0	327.4	360.4	403.2	397.8	422.9
Trade credits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other debt liabilities	141.2	182.7	323.6	101.6	98.9	122.6	128.4	123.4	126.3
Principal arrears	121.8	158.2	293.9	85.8	75.3	98.7	104.1	99.4	101.0
Interest arrears	19.4	24.5	29.7	15.8	23.6	23.9	24.2	24.0	25.3
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Long-term	2,273.2	2,644.5	3,392.5	4,420.2	6,961.8	6,991.1	6,602.7	6,614.7	6,672.8
Bonds	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Credits	2,239.3	2,618.1	3,374.5	4,414.7	6,960.8	6,990.4	6,601.9	6,614.0	6,672.1
Trade credits	33.9	26.4	18.0	5.5	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Other debt liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total (1+2+3+4+5)	25,761.1	29,273.9	32,929.2	39,950.2	44,588.2	44,579.5	43,964.5	44,400.8	44,885.7
o/w: Round tripping ^a	_	_	_	825.6	1,499.0	1,560.1	1,207.2	1,270.1	1,288.4

^a The rise in the external debt of the Republic of Croatia is attributed to the direct investment-related debt which comprises round-tripping transactions. ^b The relevant comparable data as at 31 December 2007, published in Bulletin No. 146, should be used for the calculation of the external debt growth rate in 2008. ^c From January 2008 on, the data of non-financial enterprises are estimated on the basis of the data collected from the sample. ^d The relevant comparable data as at 31 December 2008, published in Bulletin No. 161, should be used for the calculation of the external debt growth rate in 2009. ^e From January 2009 on, the data of non-banking financial institutions and non-financial enterprises are processed with the help of the new reporting system (INOK) which uses market interest rates to calculate the balance and the schedule of interest payments. The comparable balance as at 31 December 2008 has been calculated by applying the same methodology (published in Bulletin No. 161).

Table H12 Gross external debt by domestic sectors • External debt is defined as the external debt liabilities of residents on the basis of debt securities issued in the foreign markets (at face value), credits (repo agreements included) regardless of their contractual maturity, deposits of non-residents, and trade credits granted by non-residents with contractual maturity of more than 180 days (90 days up to 11 July 2001 and 150 days up to 31 December 2002).

External debt by domestic sectors is shown in the same manner as in the capital and financial account of the BOP. Item Government shows the external debt of the general government, comprising the Republic of Croatia, central government funds (including the State Agency for Deposit Insurance and Bank Rehabilitation, the Croatian Roads and, until 31 December 2007, the Croatian Motorways; from this date on, the Croatian Motorways is shown within the subsector public enterprises under item Other sectors), and local government. Item Croatian National Bank shows the debt of the central bank. Item Banks shows the debt of banks. Item Other sectors shows the debt of other banking institutions, non-banking financial institutions (including the Croatian Bank for Reconstruction and Development), enterprises, non-profit institutions and households, including craftsmen. Item Direct investment shows borrower lender transactions of other sectors that are interrelated by ownership (borrower or lender owns more than 10% of the other).

Each sector data are further shown by contractual (short-term or long-term) maturity and by debt instrument. From the beginning of 2004, instruments included in item Currency and deposits (3 Banks) are reported in accordance with their maturity. Data for the previous periods are reported only on a

long-term basis.

Outstanding gross external debt includes principal and interest arrears, as well as accrued interest and future principal payments.

Outstanding debt data are shown at the CNB's midpoint exchage rate at the end of the period.

Data are considered preliminary until after publication of the final BOP data for the reporting quarter.

Table H13 Public sector gross external debt, and publicly guaranteed and non-publicly guaranteed private sector gross external debt • The gross external debt position presented in this table highlights the role of the public sector.

Public sector includes the general government (comprising the Republic of Croatia, central government funds and local government), the central bank, public enterprises, mixed enterprises and the CBRD. Public enterprises are defined as enterprises in 100% ownership of business entities from the public sector. Mixed enterprises are defined as enterprises in which business entities from the public sector have a share larger than 50%.

Publicly guaranteed private sector gross external debt is defined as the external debt liabilities of business entities not covered by the definition of the public sector, the servicing of which is guaranteed by a business entity from the public sector.

Non-publicly guaranteed private sector gross external debt is defined as the external debt liabilities of business entities not covered by the definition of the public sector, the servicing of which is not guaranteed by the public sector.

Items are valued in the same manner as in Table H12.

Table H13 Public sector gross external debt, and publicly guaranteed and non-publicly guaranteed private sector gross external debt^a in million EUR

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009				2010
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec. ^b	Dec. ^{c,d}	Dec.e*	Mar.*	Apr.*	May*	Jun.
1 Public sector	8,501.6	8,256.8	9,259.5	10,247.8	12,200.5	12,153.8	12,277.1	12,460.3	12,440.5
Short-term	23.2	41.7	72.5	184.6	259.6	108.4	146.6	151.2	153.4
Money market instruments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Credits	2.3	15.2	35.4	164.1	215.6	62.1	99.3	102.9	104.2
Currency and deposits	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.3	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3
Trade credits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other debt liabilities	18.3	23.9	34.7	18.2	42.9	45.2	46.2	47.0	47.9
Principal arrears	17.1	20.6	29.9	17.1	39.4	41.3	42.3	43.5	43.9
Interest arrears	1.2	3.3	4.8	1.1	3.6	3.9	3.9	3.5	4.1
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Long-term	8,477.3	8,213.6	9,185.2	10,061.5	11,767.2	11,840.9	11,923.9	12,095.5	12,071.2
Bonds	4,052.0	3,640.5	3,859.7	3,714.5	4,891.4	4,430.6	4,447.9	4,499.8	4,533.1
Credits	4,314.5	4,485.2	5,120.3	6,068.5	6,608.0	7,138.3	7,176.1	7,326.1	7,276.6
Currency and deposits	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Trade credits	110.8	87.9	205.2	267.9	267.8	272.0	299.9	269.6	261.5
Other debt liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Direct investment	1.0	1.5	1.8	1.7	173.7	204.5	206.6	213.6	215.9
2 Publicly guaranteed private sector	289.7	204.2	139.9	80.3	9.2	7.2	7.2	10.0	10.2
Short-term	21.8	17.2	11.3	7.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Money market instruments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Credits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Currency and deposits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Trade credits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other debt liabilities	21.8	17.2	11.3	7.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Principal arrears	14.2	14.4	9.4	7.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Interest arrears	7.6	2.8	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Long-term	267.9	187.0	128.6	73.2	9.2	7.2	7.2	10.0	10.2
Bonds	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Credits	267.3	187.0	128.6	73.2	9.2	7.2	7.2	10.0	10.2
Currency and deposits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Trade credits	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other debt liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Direct investment	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3 Non-publicly guaranteed private sector	16,969.7	20,812.9	23,529.9	29,622.2	32,378.5	32,418.5	31,680.1	31,930.5	32,435.0
Short-term	3,171.4	4,008.7	3,763.3	4,564.9	4,212.5	4,295.8	3,982.8	3,922.0	4,458.2
Money market instruments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Credits	1,195.5	1,290.2	1,356.4	1,641.6	1,292.2	1,702.6	1,389.8	1,269.1	1,436.0
Currency and deposits					2,283.9		1,805.2		2,081.3
	1,438.6	2,211.1	1,648.8	2,670.3		1,823.3		1,842.6	
Trade credits	27.8	35.9	31.1	39.5	28.2	37.6	41.3	40.7	33.7
Other debt liabilities	509.5	471.5	727.0	213.5	608.3	732.2	746.6	769.6	907.1
Principal arrears	472.5	425.6	645.4	150.2	488.0	602.1	611.8	634.3	750.5
Interest arrears	37.0	45.8	81.7	63.3	120.3	130.2	134.7	135.4	156.6
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Long-term	11,348.7	13,927.4	15,835.5	19,223.1	20,951.5	20,853.2	20,769.6	21,086.3	20,970.7
Bonds	831.8	764.3	564.4	550.6	292.2	288.6	298.7	293.3	279.9
Credits	8,267.8	10,919.0	12,691.4	16,162.4	16,596.3	16,310.9	16,260.0	16,487.9	16,361.0
Currency and deposits	2,194.3	2,184.7	2,493.9	2,455.0	4,042.7	4,234.1	4,192.0	4,278.9	4,303.1
Trade credits	54.8	59.4	85.8	55.0	20.3	19.6	18.9	26.1	26.7

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009				2010
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.b	Dec.c,d	Dec.e*	Mar.*	Apr.*	May*	Jun.
Other debt liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Direct investment	2,449.6	2,876.9	3,931.1	5,834.2	7,214.4	7,269.5	6,927.6	6,922.3	7,006.1
Total (1+2+3)	25,761.1	29,273.9	32,929.2	39,950.2	44,588.2	44,579.5	43,964.5	44,400.8	44,885.7
o/w: Round tripping ^a	-	-	-	825.6	1,499.0	1,560.1	1,207.2	1,270.1	1,288.4

^a The rise in the external debt of the Republic of Croatia is attributed to the direct investment-related debt which comprises round-tripping transactions. ^b The relevant comparable data as at 31 December 2007, published in Bulletin No. 146, should be used for the calculation of the external debt growth rate in 2008. ^c From January 2008 on, the data of non-financial enterprises are estimated on the basis of the data collected from the sample. ^d The relevant comparable data as at 31 December 2008, published in Bulletin No. 161, should be used for the calculation of the external debt growth rate in 2009. ^e From January 2009 on, the data of non-banking financial institutions and non-financial enterprises are processed with the help of the new reporting system (INOK) which uses market interest rates to calculate the balance and the schedule of interest payments. The comparable balance as at 31 December 2008 has been calculated by applying the same methodology (published in Bulletin No. 161).

Table H14 Gross external debt by domestic sectors and projected future payments^a in million EUR

	Gross external	Immedi-									Proje	cted fut	ure princ	cipal pa	ymen
	debt 30/6/2010	ate	Q3/10	Q4/10	Q1/11	Q2/11	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Oth
1 Government	5,022.0	0.1	159.9	69.1	755.6	69.3	229.0	935.3	158.2	144.2	621.7	970.4	105.0	72.2	1,785
Short-term	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(
Money market instruments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Credits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Trade credits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Other debt liabilities	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Principal arrears	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Interest arrears	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Long-term	5,021.9	0.0	159.9	69.1	755.6	69.3	229.0	935.3	158.2	144.2	621.7	970.4	105.0	72.2	1,78
Bonds	3,217.4	0.0	73.4	0.0	729.2	0.0	73.4	729.2	0.0	0.0	487.6	705.2	0.0	0.0	1,22
Credits	1,804.5	0.0	86.5	69.1	26.4	69.3	155.6	206.0	158.2	144.2	134.1	265.2	105.0	72.2	56
Trade credits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Other debt liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2 Croatian National Bank	1.3	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Short-term	1.3	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Money market instruments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Credits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Currency and deposits	1.3	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Other debt liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Principal arrears	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Interest arrears	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Long-term	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Bonds	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Credits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Currency and deposits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Other debt liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
3 Banks	11,100.3	1.4	3,031.3	658.7	609.0	776.5	3,689.9	2,833.6	1,539.4	547.2	934.6	277.9	357.7	865.0	5
Short-term	3,100.9	1.4	2,198.0	227.8	379.2	294.6	2,425.7	673.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Money market instruments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Credits	1,018.2	0.0	801.2	0.0	151.5	65.6	801.2	217.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Currency and deposits	2,081.3	0.0	1,396.7	227.8	227.8	229.0	1,624.5	456.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Other debt liabilities	1.4	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Principal arrears	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Interest arrears	1.4	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Long-term	7,999.3	0.0	833.3	430.9	229.8	481.9		2,159.8		547.2	934.6	277.9	357.7	865.0	5
Bonds	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	_
Credits	3,696.2	0.0	448.6	263.8	62.8	314.2	712.5	891.2	505.6	408.1	515.1	49.9	299.7	272.9	4

	Gross										Proje	ected f <u>ut</u>	ture prin	cipal <u>pa</u>	yment <u>s</u>
	external debt 30/6/2010	Immedi- ate	Q3/10	Q4/10	Q1/11	Q2/11	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Other
Currency and deposits	4,303.1	0.0	384.7	167.0	167.0	167.7	551.7	1,268.6	1,033.9	139.1	419.5	228.1	58.0	592.1	12.2
Other debt liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4 Other sectors	21,540.1	953.6	1,531.5	1,330.4	1,075.6	1,103.1	2,861.9	4,104.5	2,299.3	2,629.7	1,112.7	1,107.8	1,245.3	1,373.3	3,851.9
Short-term	1,509.3	953.6	181.1	99.3	175.1	100.1	280.4	275.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Money market instruments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Credits	521.9	0.0	181.1	99.3	141.4	100.1	280.4	241.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Currency and deposits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Trade credits	33.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.7	0.0	0.0	33.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other debt liabilities	953.6	953.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Principal arrears	794.4	794.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Interest arrears	159.3	159.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Long-term	20,030.8	0.0	1,350.5	1,231.1	900.4	1,003.0	2,581.5	3,829.2	2,299.3	2,629.7	1,112.7	1,107.8	1,245.3	1,373.3	3,851.9
Bonds	1,595.5	0.0	40.7	16.7	299.1	0.0	57.5	315.8	283.5	29.6	29.6	29.6	309.5	540.4	0.0
Credits	18,154.4	0.0	1,226.6	1,139.7	489.8	999.6	2,366.4	3,396.1	2,014.1	2,595.9	1,083.1	1,078.2	935.8	832.9	3,851.9
Currency and deposits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Trade credits	281.0	0.0	83.1	74.6	111.5	3.4	157.7	117.3	1.8	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other debt liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5 Direct investment	7,222.0	126.3	607.0	1,852.4	560.5	559.7	2,459.4	1,528.2	639.3	325.6	266.3	147.9	254.8	125.1	1,349.1
Short-term	549.2	126.3	103.1	118.3	31.9	169.5	221.4	201.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Money market instruments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Credits	422.9	0.0	103.1	118.3	31.9	169.5	221.4	201.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Trade credits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other debt liabilities	126.3	126.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Principal arrears	101.0	101.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Interest arrears	25.3	25.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Long-term	6,672.8	0.0	503.9	1,734.1	528.6	390.2	2,238.0	1,326.8	639.3	325.6	266.3	147.9	254.8	125.1	1,349.1
Bonds	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Credits	6,672.1	0.0	503.9	1,733.9	528.6	390.2	2,237.8	1,326.6	639.1	325.4	266.3	147.9	254.8	125.1	1,349.1
Trade credits	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other debt liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total (1+2+3+4+5)	44,885.7	1,081.4	5,331.0	3,910.6	3,000.8	2,508.6	9,241.6	9,401.6	4,636.3	3,646.7	2,935.3	2,504.0	1,962.9	2,435.5	7,040.4
o/w: Round tripping ^a	1,288.4	0.0	28.4	961.6	0.0	0.0	990.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	298.3
Supplement: Projected interest payments			157.2	291.5	259.9	294.1	448.7	1,025.6	786.4	696.6	566.4	476.9	357.0	275.7	1,764.4
o/w: Round tripping			0.0	6.5	0.0	0.0	6.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	361.9

^a The rise in the external debt of the Republic of Croatia is attributed to the direct investment-related debt which comprises round-tripping transactions.

Table H14 Gross external debt by domestic sectors and projected future payments • The table shows outstanding gross external debt, projected principal payments and estimated interest payments according to the CNB's midpoint exchange rate at the end of the period. Projected principal payments and estimated interest payments on currency and deposits of non-residents under item Banks are reported in accordance with the available monetary statistics data on original and remaining maturity.

Estimated interest payments do not include interest on repo transactions and hybrid and subordinated instruments, as well as late interest on these instruments (up to March 2010, estimated interest payments did not also include interest on currency and deposits). Future interest payments of banks are estimated on the basis of contractual interest rates and do not reflect changes of variable interest rates. Future interest payments of other sectors are estimated on the basis of the benchmark interest rate applicable on the reporting date. Projected payments of accrued interest, which are an integral part of the gross external debt, increase the projected principal payments in the first quarter period and, consequently, decrease the interest payments estimated for the same period.

Table H15 Gross external debt by other sectors

in million EUR

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009				2010
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.a	Dec. ^{b,c}	Dec. ^{d*}	Mar.*	Apr.*	May*	Jun
other sectors	8,176.4	10,500.1	14,743.1	19,835.7	21,354.0	21,482.8	21,584.3	21,730.4	21,540.
Short-term	706.7	700.9	1,478.2	925.3	1,376.1	1,490.4	1,546.7	1,585.8	1,509.
Money market instruments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Credits	133.0	155.0	681.0	652.9	698.0	676.8	713.6	729.2	521.
Currency and deposits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Trade credits	27.8	35.9	31.1	39.5	28.2	37.6	41.3	40.7	33.
Other debt liabilities	545.9	510.0	766.0	232.9	649.9	776.0	791.8	815.9	953.
Principal arrears	502.1	460.6	683.4	170.4	527.3	643.3	654.0	677.7	794.
Interest arrears	43.8	49.4	82.6	62.5	122.6	132.7	137.8	138.1	159
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Long-term	7,469.7	9,799.3	13,264.9	18,910.5	19,977.9	19,992.5	20,037.6	20,144.6	20,030
Bonds	763.9	837.8	1,208.3	1,186.4	1,611.1	1,599.4	1,615.0	1,615.5	1,595
Credits	6,542.1	8,816.1	11,766.9	17,391.3	18,078.6	18,101.5	18,103.8	18,240.6	18,154
Currency and deposits	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Trade credits	163.7	145.4	289.8	322.2	288.1	291.6	318.8	288.6	281
Other debt liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
.1 Other banking institutions	25.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Short-term	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Money market instruments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Credits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Currency and deposits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Other debt liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Principal arrears	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Interest arrears	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Long-term	25.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Bonds	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Credits	25.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Currency and deposits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Other debt liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
.2 Non-banking financial institutions	2,132.1	2,871.4	3,922.0	4,949.7	5,396.5	5,127.3	5,102.8	5,057.8	4,977
Short-term	19.6	60.1	201.6	155.4	436.4	336.9	322.3	338.2	198
Money market instruments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Credits	14.3	46.5	184.5	144.5	431.8	332.2	317.1	333.3	192
Currency and deposits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Trade credits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Other debt liabilities	5.3	13.6	17.1	10.9	4.6	4.7	5.2	4.9	5
Principal arrears	2.9	6.4	2.9	4.2	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.5	1
Interest arrears	2.4	7.2	14.2	6.7	3.3	3.3	3.5	3.4	4
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Long-term	2,112.5	2,811.3	3,720.4	4,794.3	4,960.1	4,790.5	4,780.5	4,719.6	4,779
Bonds	388.6	531.4	806.7	791.5	1,014.7	1,003.4	1,007.5	1,012.0	1,004
Credits							, i		
	1,723.8	2,279.9	2,913.7	3,992.3	3,945.3	3,787.0	3,773.0	3,707.6	3,775
Currency and deposits	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Trade credits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Other debt liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
I.3 Public enterprises	1,121.9	1,168.5	1,997.4	3,945.4	5,177.9	5,454.7	5,536.8	5,665.4	5,645
Short-term	13.3	31.6	48.3	145.1	77.7	107.2	145.4	149.9	151
Money market instruments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Credits	0.0	15.2	35.4	132.4	34.8	62.1	99.3	102.9	104
Trade credits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Other debt liabilities	13.3	16.4	12.9	12.7	42.8	45.1	46.1	47.0	47

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009				2010
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.a	Dec.b,c	Dec.d*	Mar.*	Apr.*	May*	Jun.
Principal arrears	12.5	14.5	12.5	11.8	39.3	41.2	42.2	43.5	43.8
Interest arrears	0.8	1.9	0.5	0.9	3.6	3.9	3.9	3.5	3.5
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Long-term	1,108.6	1,136.9	1,949.0	3,800.4	5,100.2	5,347.5	5,391.4	5,515.6	5,494.0
Bonds	0.0	0.0	296.2	301.2	304.2	307.4	308.7	310.2	311.7
Credits	1,026.8	1,066.8	1,470.2	3,254.7	4,528.3	4,768.2	4,782.7	4,935.7	4,920.9
Trade credits	81.8	70.1	182.7	244.5	267.8	272.0	299.9	269.6	261.5
Other debt liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.4 Mixed enterprises	328.8	416.5	594.9	741.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Short-term	5.3	6.3	16.5	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Money market instruments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Credits	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Trade credits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other debt liabilities	3.0	6.3	16.5	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Principal arrears	2.9	6.1	16.4	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Interest arrears	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Long-term	323.5	410.2	578.4	740.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bonds	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Credits	297.1	394.3	557.1	717.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Trade credits	26.4	15.9	21.3	22.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other debt liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.5 Other enterprises	4,454.5	5,929.1	8,062.2	9,933.4	10,499.9	10,632.7	10,677.3	10,736.9	10,667.8
Short-term	653.7	578.8	1,174.3	619.2	829.7	1,011.7	1,044.2	1,061.9	1,143.0
Money market instruments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Credits	114.8	86.9	451.2	373.8	199.1	247.9	262.4	257.2	208.7
Trade credits	27.8	35.9	31.1	39.5	28.2	37.6	41.3	40.7	33.7
Other debt liabilities	511.1	456.0	692.0	205.9	602.4	726.2	740.5	764.0	900.6
Principal arrears	473.4	420.3	630.2	151.2	486.7	600.7	610.1	632.8	748.9
Interest arrears	37.7	35.7	61.8	54.7	115.8	125.5	130.4	131.2	151.7
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Long-term	3,800.9	5,350.3	6,887.9	9,314.2	9,670.2	9,620.9	9,633.1	9,675.0	9,524.8
Bonds	375.3	306.4	105.4	93.8	292.2	288.6	298.7	293.3	279.9
Credits	3,377.5	4,989.1	6,701.7	9,168.7	9,358.0	9,312.9	9,315.7	9,363.0	9,225.7
Trade credits	48.1	54.8	80.8	51.7	20.0	19.4	18.7	18.7	19.2
Other debt liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.6 Non-profit institutions	4.9	5.3	5.4	3.8	3.6	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.8
1.7 Craftsmen and sole traders	35.2	26.8	24.1	17.1	11.5	10.2	9.9	9.8	9.5
1.8 Households	73.3	82.7	137.2	244.7	264.7	254.9	254.5	257.6	237.1

^a The relevant comparable data as at 31 December 2007, published in Bulletin No. 146, should be used for the calculation of the external debt growth rate in 2008. ^b From January 2008 on, the data of non-financial enterprises are estimated on the basis of the data collected from the sample. ^cThe relevant comparable data as at 31 December 2008, published in Bulletin No. 161, should be used for the calculation of the external debt growth rate in 2009. ^d From January 2009 on, the data of non-banking financial institutions and non-financial enterprises are processed with the help of the new reporting system (INOK) which uses market interest rates to calculate the balance and the schedule of interest payments. The comparable balance as at 31 December 2008 has been calculated by applying the same methodology (published in Bulletin No. 161)..

Table H16 International investment position – summary^{a,b} in million EUR

	2005	0000	0007	0000	0000		20	09		2010
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1°
1 International investment position (net)	-20,227.6	-30,060.0	-39,693.9	-35,293.5	-39,243.2	-36,938.8	-38,497.8	-39,052.2	-39,243.2	-40,004.5
2 Assets	16,061.4	18,154.2	21,438.8	22,265.6	24,127.2	19,790.5	21,043.2	23,120.2	24,127.2	23,453.6
2.1 Direct investment abroad	1,729.8	1,833.3	2,365.1	3,513.8	4,060.8	3,518.8	3,474.8	4,100.8	4,060.8	4,139.9
2.2 Portfolio investment	2,155.7	2,487.0	3,262.0	2,645.4	3,410.0	2,261.7	2,554.2	2,755.3	3,410.0	3,412.4
2.2.1 Equity securities	379.6	559.4	1,756.7	660.8	794.0	502.6	626.5	733.0	794.0	953.5
2.2.2 Debt securities	1,776.1	1,927.6	1,505.4	1,984.6	2,616.1	1,759.2	1,927.7	2,022.3	2,616.1	2,458.9
Bonds	1,628.9	1,536.2	1,225.0	1,602.2	1,907.5	1,394.0	1,619.2	1,590.8	1,907.5	1,659.1
Money market instruments	147.1	391.4	280.4	382.4	708.6	365.1	308.5	431.6	708.6	799.8
2.3 Financial derivatives	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	24.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	24.1	20.7
2.4 Other investment	4,737.6	5,108.5	6,504.2	6,985.5	6,256.4	5,140.6	5,924.2	6,946.5	6,256.4	5,872.6
2.4.1 Trade credits	262.9	230.5	248.9	224.7	125.9	156.6	154.0	143.9	125.9	116.7
2.4.2 Loans	146.2	239.5	296.4	435.9	377.3	404.9	362.8	359.8	377.3	387.2
2.4.3 Currency and deposits	4,328.5	4,638.3	5,958.9	6,324.9	5,753.2	4,579.1	5,407.4	6,442.9	5,753.2	5,368.8
2.4.4 Other assets	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.5 Reserve assets (CNB)	7,438.4	8,725.3	9,307.4	9,120.9	10,375.8	8,869.5	9,090.1	9,317.7	10,375.8	10,008.1
3 Liabilities	36,289.0	48,214.2	61,132.7	57,559.1	63,370.4	56,729.3	59,541.1	62,172.4	63,370.4	63,458.2
3.1 Direct investment in Croatia	12,332.0	20,782.0	30,611.5	22,827.3	25,462.5	22,062.1	23,624.9	25,682.3	25,462.5	25,594.4
3.2 Portfolio investment	5,530.4	5,441.6	5,949.1	4,882.6	5,850.6	4,204.6	4,672.5	4,609.4	5,850.6	5,431.8
3.2.1 Equity securities	646.5	1,036.8	1,524.9	617.4	665.4	567.3	594.9	664.2	665.4	708.4
3.2.2 Debt securities	4,883.8	4,404.8	4,424.2	4,265.2	5,185.3	3,637.2	4,077.6	3,945.2	5,185.3	4,723.4
Bonds	4,883.8	4,404.8	4,424.2	4,265.2	5,185.3	3,637.2	4,077.6	3,945.2	5,185.3	4,723.4
Money market instruments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.3 Financial derivatives	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	52.1	72.3
3.4 Other investment	18,426.6	21,990.6	24,572.1	29,849.2	32,005.1	30,462.7	31,243.7	31,880.7	32,005.1	32,359.7
3.4.1 Trade credits	249.5	244.9	337.8	367.5	339.9	388.5	372.9	371.8	339.9	353.9
3.4.2 Loans	14,541.4	17,347.4	20,088.8	24,343.4	25,337.1	24,616.2	24,989.6	25,437.2	25,337.1	25,946.9
3.4.3 Currency and deposits	3,635.6	4,398.4	4,145.5	5,138.3	6,328.1	5,457.9	5,881.1	6,071.8	6,328.1	6,058.9
3.4.4 Other assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

^a As from Bulletin No. 146 the CBRD is reclassified from the subsector central government funds to the subsector non-banking financial institutions. The reclassification covers the entire statistical series (from December 1998 onwards). Moreover, as from the same number of the Bulletin, CM is reclassified from the subsector central government funds to the subsector public enterprises. The reclassification covers the statistical series from January 2008 onwards. ^b Data also include the round tripping which increases direct investment in Croatia and direct investment abroad by the same amount. This type of direct investment was recorded in December 2008 (EUR 825.7m) and August 2009 (EUR 666.5m). Accordingly, they impact the stock of direct investment in Croatia and direct investment abroad from these months onwards. ^c Preliminary data.

Table H16 International investment position • This table is made in accordance with the recommendations of the IMF (Balance of Payments Manual, Fifth Edition, 1993). Data sources include: reports from banks, enterprises, the Croatian National Bank, and the Zagreb Stock Exchange (ZSE).

Data on international investments of the Republic of Croatia and international investments into the Republic of Croatia are recorded in euros (EUR) and US dollars (USD). Depending on the sources of data available, the conversion of values from the original currencies into the reporting currencies is performed:

- by applying the current rate of exchange or the average monthly midpoint exchange rate of the Croatian National Bank to transactions;
- by applying the midpoint exchange rate of the Croatian National Bank on the reporting date to balances.

The source of data on foreign direct and portfolio equity investment is the statistical research of the Croatian National Bank. The equity investments have been monitored since the beginning of 2001 and are corrected for changes in the official index of the Zagreb Stock Exchange (CROBEX).

Portfolio debt investment and other investment are classified according to the following institutional sectors: the Croatian National Bank, government, banks and other sectors. The

government sector comprises the central government and funds and local government authorities. The banking sector comprises banks.

Item Portfolio debt investment – Assets and liabilities comprises data on investments of residents into debt securities issued by non-residents (assets) and investments of non-residents into debt securities issued by residents (liabilities). The source of data is the register of foreign credit relations kept by the Croatian National Bank, which also comprises claims and liabilities arising from bonds and money market instruments.

Item Other investment – Trade credits – Assets and liabilities comprises foreign claims and foreign liabilities of the said sectors arising from trade credits. The source of data is the register of foreign credit relations kept by the Croatian National Bank.

Item Other investment – Loans – Assets and liabilities comprises data on loans granted and received between residents and non-residents classified according to institutional sectors. The source of data is the register of foreign credit relations kept by the Croatian National Bank.

Item Other investment – Currency and deposits – Assets shows the total liquid foreign currency assets of banks authorised to do business abroad reduced by the amount of foreign currency deposited by banks with the CNB in fulfilment of a

part of their reserve requirements. In addition to banks' foreign claims, foreign claims of the government sector are also shown. The sources of data are reports from the government and banks.

Item Other investment – Currency and deposits – Liabilities shows the total foreign currency and kuna liabilities of the said sectors abroad arising from current accounts, time and notice

deposits, sight deposits and demand deposits. The sources of data for this item are reports from banks.

Item International reserves of the CNB is compiled on the basis of the CNB Accounting Department reports which contain data on their balances and changes.

Table H17 International investment position – direct investment^a in million EUR

	2005	2222	2227	2222	0000		20	09		2010
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1 ^b
Direct investment (net)	-10,602.2	-18,948.7	-28,246.4	-19,313.6	-21,401.7	-18,543.3	-20,150.1	-21,581.5	-21,401.7	-21,454.5
1 Abroad	1,729.8	1,833.3	2,365.1	3,513.8	4,060.8	3,518.8	3,474.8	4,100.8	4,060.8	4,139.9
1.1 Equity capital and reinvested earnings	1,610.5	1,725.2	2,264.1	3,324.0	3,964.7	3,405.4	3,386.9	4,028.9	3,964.7	4,040.4
1.1.1 Claims	1,610.5	1,725.2	2,264.1	3,324.0	3,964.7	3,405.4	3,386.9	4,028.9	3,964.7	4,040.4
1.1.2 Liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.2 Other capital	119.3	108.2	101.0	189.7	96.1	113.4	87.9	71.9	96.1	99.5
1.1.1 Claims	138.0	144.8	175.4	220.2	218.0	218.9	221.4	221.0	218.0	240.6
1.2.2 Liabilities	18.7	36.6	74.4	30.5	122.0	105.6	133.4	149.1	122.0	141.1
1.3 Financial derivatives (net)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2 In Croatia	12,332.0	20,782.0	30,611.5	22,827.3	25,462.5	22,062.1	23,624.9	25,682.3	25,462.5	25,594.4
2.1 Equity capital and reinvested earnings	9,920.2	17,961.2	26,777.2	17,046.2	18,249.1	15,991.3	17,277.5	18,822.6	18,249.1	18,323.6
2.1.1 Claims	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.1.2 Liabilities	9,920.2	17,961.2	26,777.2	17,046.2	18,249.1	15,991.3	17,277.5	18,822.6	18,249.1	18,323.6
2.2 Other capital	2,411.8	2,820.7	3,834.3	5,781.1	7,213.4	6,070.8	6,347.4	6,859.7	7,213.4	7,270.7
2.2.1 Claims	20.1	21.1	24.2	24.3	54.7	32.0	20.7	17.3	54.7	69.3
2.2.2 Liabilities	2,431.9	2,841.8	3,858.5	5,805.4	7,268.0	6,102.8	6,368.1	6,876.9	7,268.0	7,340.0
2.3 Financial derivatives (net)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

^a Data also include the round tripping which increases direct investment in Croatia and direct investment abroad by the same amount. This type of direct investment was recorded in December 2008 (EUR 825.7m) and August 2009 (EUR 666.5m). Accordingly, they impact the stock of direct investment in Croatia and direct investment abroad from these months onwards. ^b Preliminary data.

Table H18 International investment position – portfolio investment^a

in million EUR

							20	09		2010
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1 ^b
Portfolio investment (net)	-3,374.7	-2,954.6	-2,687.0	-2,237.2	-2,440.6	-1,942.8	-2,118.3	-1,854.1	-2,440.6	-2,019.5
1 Assets	2,155.7	2,487.0	3,262.0	2,645.4	3,410.0	2,261.7	2,554.2	2,755.3	3,410.0	3,412.4
1.1 Equity securities	379.6	559.4	1,756.7	660.8	794.0	502.6	626.5	733.0	794.0	953.5
1.1.1 Banks	5.9	6.7	8.3	11.6	12.8	12.9	10.2	11.9	12.8	8.1
1.1.2 Other sectors	373.7	552.7	1,748.4	649.2	781.1	489.6	616.4	721.1	781.1	945.4
1.2 Debt securities	1,776.1	1,927.6	1,505.4	1,984.6	2,616.1	1,759.2	1,927.7	2,022.3	2,616.1	2,458.9
2 Liabilities	5,530.4	5,441.6	5,949.1	4,882.6	5,850.6	4,204.6	4,672.5	4,609.4	5,850.6	5,431.8
2.1 Equity securities	646.5	1,036.8	1,524.9	617.4	665.4	567.3	594.9	664.2	665.4	708.4
2.1.1 Banks	84.0	145.0	164.6	70.5	66.3	64.5	63.7	74.6	66.3	64.1
2.1.2 Other sectors	562.6	891.8	1,360.3	547.0	599.1	502.8	531.2	589.6	599.1	644.3
2.2 Debt securities	4,883.8	4,404.8	4,424.2	4,265.2	5,185.3	3,637.2	4,077.6	3,945.2	5,185.3	4,723.4
2.2.1 Bonds	4,883.8	4,404.8	4,424.2	4,265.2	5,185.3	3,637.2	4,077.6	3,945.2	5,185.3	4,723.4
2.2.1.1 General government	3,663.4	3,109.1	2,756.9	2,621.9	3,572.5	2,000.4	2,444.4	2,501.1	3,572.5	3,076.3
2.2.1.2 Banks	456.6	457.9	459.0	456.8	0.0	442.7	445.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.2.1.3 Other sectors	763.9	837.8	1,208.3	1,186.4	1,612.7	1,194.1	1,187.7	1,444.0	1,612.7	1,647.1
2.2.2 Money market instruments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.2.2.1 Other sectors	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

^a As from Bulletin No. 146 the CBRD is reclassified from the subsector central government funds to the subsector non-banking financial institutions. The reclassification covers the entire statistical series (from December 1998 onwards). Moreover, as from the same number of the Bulletin, CM is reclassified from the subsector central government funds to the subsector public enterprises. The reclassification covers the statistical series from January 2008 onwards. ^b Preliminary data.

Table H19 International investment position – other investment^a

in million EUR

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009		20	09		2010
	2003	2000	2007	2006	2009	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1 ^l
Other investment (net)	-13,689.0	-16,882.1	-18,067.8	-22,863.7	-25,748.6	-25,322.1	-25,319.5	-24,934.2	-25,748.6	-26,487.
Assets	4,737.6	5,108.5	6,504.2	6,985.5	6,256.4	5,140.6	5,924.2	6,946.5	6,256.4	5,872.
1.1 Trade credits	262.9	230.5	248.9	224.7	125.9	156.6	154.0	143.9	125.9	116.
1.1.1 General government	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Long-term	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
1.1.2 Other sectors	262.9	230.5	248.9	224.7	125.9	156.6	154.0	143.9	125.9	116.
Long-term	190.9	177.5	228.8	202.6	98.9	142.0	130.7	118.3	98.9	93.
Short-term	72.0	53.0	20.1	22.1	27.0	14.6	23.3	25.6	27.0	23.
1.2 Loans	146.2	239.5	296.4	435.9	377.3	404.9	362.8	359.8	377.3	387.
1.2.1 Croatian National Bank	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.
Long-term	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.
1.2.2 General government	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.
Long-term	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.
1.2.3 Banks	113.2	188.5	214.8	285.3	267.0	292.8	262.0	270.8	267.0	269.
Long-term	85.3	140.0	160.0	193.6	230.5	206.0	199.2	221.4	230.5	228.
Short-term	27.9	48.5	54.8	91.7	36.5	86.8	62.9	49.4	36.5	41.
1.2.4 Other sectors	32.3	50.4	81.1	150.0	109.4	111.1	99.9	88.0	109.4	116.
Long-term	32.0	50.2	81.0	146.8	109.3	110.1	97.0	87.2	109.3	114.
Short-term	0.3	0.2	0.1	3.3	0.1	1.0	2.9	0.7	0.1	2.
1.3 Currency and deposits	4,328.5	4,638.3	5,958.9	6,324.9	5,753.2	4,579.1	5,407.4	6,442.9	5,753.2	5,368.
1.3.1 General government	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
1.3.2 Banks	3,112.2	3,499.9	4,715.1	4,863.6	4,442.9	3,156.8	3,984.1	4,655.0	4,442.9	3,952.
1.3.3 Other sectors	1,216.3	1,138.3	1,243.8	1,461.3	1,310.3	1,422.3	1,423.3	1,787.8	1,310.3	1,416.
1.4 Other assets	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
? Liabilities	18,426.6	21,990.6	24,572.1	29,849.2	32,005.1	30,462.7	31,243.7	31,880.7	32,005.1	32,359.
2.1 Trade credits	249.5	244.9	337.8	367.5	339.9	388.5	372.9	371.8	339.9	353.
2.1.1 General government	2.6	1.9	1.2	0.7	0.0	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.
Long-term	2.6	1.9	1.2	0.7	0.0	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.
Short-term	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
2.1.2 Other sectors	246.9	243.0	336.6	366.7	339.9	387.8	372.2	371.0	339.9	353.
Long-term	219.1	207.0	305.5	327.2	311.7	348.6	330.1	334.2	311.7	316.
Short-term	27.8	35.9	31.1	39.5	28.2	39.2	42.1	36.8	28.2	37.
2.2 Loans	14,541.4	17,347.4	20,088.8	24,343.4	25,337.1	24,616.2	24,989.6	25,437.2	25,337.1	25,946.
2.2.1 Croatian National Bank	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
o/w: IMF	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
2.2.2 General government	2,486.7	2,559.0	2,613.7	1,574.6	1,592.7	1,665.5	1,663.6	1,620.1	1,592.7	1,835.
Long-term	2,486.7	2,559.0	2,613.7	1,542.9	1,592.7	1,642.4	1,649.2	1,614.3	1,592.7	1,835.
Short-term	0.0	0.0	0.0	31.7	0.0	23.1	14.4	5.8	0.0	0.
2.2.3 Banks	4,889.2	5,368.9	4,276.8	4,496.7	4,352.9	4,160.1	4,053.1	4,134.8	4,352.9	4,600.
Long-term	3,822.9	4,217.4	3,565.2	3,374.7	3,535.3	3,381.4	3,266.2	3,243.5	3,535.3	3,504
Short-term	1,066.3	1,151.6	711.7	1,122.0	817.6	778.7	786.9	891.3	817.6	1,095.
2.2.4 Other sectors	7,165.5	9,419.4	13,198.2	18,272.0	19,391.5	18,790.7	19,272.9	19,682.3	19,391.5	19,511.
Long-term	6,964.8	9,187.2	12,371.2	17,589.5	18,636.7	18,048.2	18,383.7	18,882.8	18,636.7	18,777.
Short-term	200.8	232.2	827.1	682.5	754.8	742.5	889.3	799.4	754.8	734.
2.3 Currency and deposits	3,635.6	4,398.4	4,145.5	5,138.3	6,328.1	5,457.9	5,881.1	6,071.8	6,328.1	6,058
2.3.1 Croatian National Bank	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.3	1.1	2.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.
2.0.1 Oroalian Hallonai Dank	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.1	2.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.
2.3.2 Banke	3 633 0	4 30E B	41433	5 105 5	6 327 0	5.450.2	5 272 2	6.070.7	6 327 0	6.057
2.3.2 Banks 2.3.3 Other sectors	3,633.0 0.0	4,395.8 0.0	4,143.2 0.0	5,125.5 10.6	6,327.0 0.0	5,450.2 5.7	5,878.2 1.8	6,070.7 0.0	6,327.0 0.0	6,057. 0.

^a As from Bulletin No. 146 the CBRD is reclassified from the subsector central government funds to the subsector non-banking financial institutions. The reclassification covers the entire statistical series (from December 1998 onwards). Moreover, as from the same number of the Bulletin, CM is reclassified from the subsector central government funds to the subsector public enterprises. The reclassification covers the statistical series from January 2008 onwards. ^b Preliminary data.

I Government finance - selected data

Table I1 Consolidated central government according to the government level^a

in million HRK

	2005	2006	2007	2000	2000				2010
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009 -	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.
1 REVENUE (A+B)	92,642.5	100,392.6	113,386.2	120,036.7	114,086.9	9,476.6	10,173.3	8,519.1	8,659.4
A) Budgetary central government	85,653.0	95,234.1	108,297.0	115,766.5	110,251.2	9,216.1	9,854.6	8,262.8	8,445.0
B) Extrabudgetary users	6,989.5	5,158.5	5,089.2	4,270.2	3,835.7	260.5	318.7	256.3	214.4
1 Croatian Pension Insurance Administration	38.0	293.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2 Croatian Institute for Health Insurance	863.9	848.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3 Croatian Employment Service	18.9	18.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4 Croatian Waters	1,227.8	1,526.9	2,041.2	2,105.0	1,954.3	157.9	135.6	144.8	134.1
5 Fund for Environmental Protection and Energy Efficiency	214.7	659.8	1,102.9	1,221.2	1,168.6	69.8	73.8	98.9	63.3
6 Croatian Motorways Ltd.	2,547.0	1,271.1	1,375.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7 Croatian Roads Ltd.	1,474.7	64.7	119.9	81.0	112.8	12.2	3.1	3.5	2.6
8 State Agency for Deposit Insurance and Bank Rehabilitation	367.4	409.6	391.4	808.3	566.5	19.9	104.2	8.7	10.4
9 Croatian Privatisation Fund	237.0	65.9	58.3	54.7	33.5	0.7	2.0	0.5	4.0
2 EXPENSE (A+B)	92,332.1	98,751.4	109,075.0	118,686.0	120,553.9	11,130.9	10,026.2	9,742.7	9,282.5
A) Budgetary central government	86,715.6	91,979.7	103,004.9	113,309.5	116,255.2	10,822.8	9,715.6	9,396.1	9,009.0
B) Extrabudgetary users	5,616.5	6,771.7	6,070.1	5,376.5	4,298.7	308.1	310.6	346.6	273.6
1 Croatian Pension Insurance Administration	382.2	565.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2 Croatian Institute for Health Insurance	914.3	931.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3 Croatian Employment Service	145.9	155.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4 Croatian Waters	1,489.5	1,779.1	2,099.0	2,335.4	1,742.1	59.5	165.0	147.1	152.8
5 Fund for Environmental Protection and Energy Efficiency	172.0	734.8	1,083.3	1,106.7	1,159.1	59.4	56.4	94.5	54.6
6 Croatian Motorways Ltd.	1,085.1	1,272.7	1,509.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7 Croatian Roads Ltd.	1,062.4	1,226.9	1,241.9	1,592.6	1,048.5	181.0	82.8	98.0	57.4
8 State Agency for Deposit Insurance and Bank Rehabilitation	183.0	27.4	47.8	254.7	267.2	1.2	1.0	1.1	2.9
9 Croatian Privatisation Fund	182.1	78.4	88.2	87.0	81.8	7.0	5.5	5.9	5.9
NET/GROSS OPERATING BALANCE (1-2)	310.3	1,641.2	4,311.2	1,350.7	-6,467.0	-1,654.3	147.0	-1,223.7	-623.1
3 CHANGE IN NET WORTH: TRANSACTIONS (3.1+3.2-3.3)	310.3	1,641.2	4,311.2	1,350.7	-6,467.0	-1,654.3	147.0	-1,223.7	-623.1
3.1 CHANGE IN NET ACQUISITION OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS	6,699.4	6,108.6	7,811.0	4,228.2	3,601.1	174.1	122.3	151.5	94.5
Acquisition	7,024.2	6,836.4	8,378.6	4,713.2	3,926.8	195.6	154.8	174.9	115.6
A) Budgetary central government	1,828.8	1,908.5	3,043.9	3,291.5	2,267.4	80.5	83.8	82.1	59.7
B) Extrabudgetary users	5,195.4	4,927.9	5,334.7	1,421.7	1,659.4	115.0	71.0	92.8	55.9
Disposals	324.8	727.7	567.7	485.0	325.7	21.4	32.5	23.4	21.1
A) Budgetary central government	275.1	352.7	498.7	303.4	304.0	21.3	26.2	23.3	21.1
B) Extrabudgetary users	49.6	375.1	69.0	181.6	21.7	0.1	6.4	0.1	0.1
NET LENDING/BORROWING (1-2-3.1)	-6,389.1	-4,467.4	-3,499.8	-2,877.5	-10,068.2	-1,828.4	24.8	-1,375.2	-717.6
TRANSACTIONS IN FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (FINANCING) (3.3–3.2)	6,389.1	4,467.4	3,499.8	2,877.5	10,068.2	1,828.4	-24.8	1,375.2	717.6
3.2 CHANGE IN NET ACQUISITION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS	1,609.8	-2,576.7	-2,939.2	2,776.6	7,363.9	684.0	974.4	-544.2	-12.0
3.2.1 Domestic	1,614.6	-2,593.4	-2,957.2	2,764.1	7,361.5	684.0	974.4	-544.2	-12.8
A) Budgetary central government	1,747.7	-3,063.9	-3,752.8	1,690.5	6,823.2	523.3	928.5	-550.6	-2.7
B) Extrabudgetary users	-133.1	470.5	795.6	1,073.6	538.3	160.7	45.9	6.4	-10.1
3.2.2 Foreign	-4.9	16.7	18.0	12.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
A) Budgetary central government	-4.9	16.7	18.0	12.4	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8
B) Extrabudgetary users	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8
3.2.3 Monetary gold and SDRs	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

	2005	2005 2006 2007 2008 2009			2010				
	2005	2000	2007	2000	2009	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.
3.3 CHANGE IN NET INCURRENCE OF LIABILITIES	7,998.8	1,890.7	560.6	5,654.1	17,432.0	2,512.4	949.6	831.0	705.6
3.3.1 Domestic	12,041.7	5,282.8	2,017.1	6,795.7	10,130.2	2,465.6	1,041.3	697.6	968.8
A) Budgetary central government	10,591.6	3,166.3	1,477.6	5,656.6	9,576.6	2,376.3	1,075.6	697.6	969.4
B) Extrabudgetary users	1,450.1	2,116.5	539.5	1,139.1	553.6	89.3	-34.3	0.0	-0.6
3.3.2 Foreign	-4,042.8	-3,392.1	-1,456.5	-1,141.7	7,301.8	46.9	-91.7	133.4	-263.2
A) Budgetary central government	-5,080.6	-3,943.2	-2,980.2	-1,445.8	6,878.4	52.5	-87.9	133.7	-230.5
B) Extrabudgetary users	1,037.8	551.2	1,523.7	304.1	423.4	-5.7	-3.8	-0.3	-32.7

^a CM is reclassified from the subsector central government funds to the subsector public enterprises. The reclassification covers the statistical series from January 2008 onwards. The Notes on Methodology can be found in the Ministry of Finance Monthly Statistical Review. Note: On a cash basis.

Source: MoF.

Table I2 Budgetary central government operations^a

in million HRK

		2222	222	2222	2222				2010
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.
1 REVENUE	85,653.0	95,235.6	108,320.6	115,772.7	110,257.9	9,216.1	9,854.6	8,262.8	8,445.5
1.1 Taxes	50,687.6	58,469.1	64,234.5	69,572.7	63,678.9	5,551.9	5,910.2	4,625.6	4,889.3
1.2 Social contributions	31,301.3	33,877.1	37,203.5	40,703.5	39,994.7	3,185.5	3,206.4	3,185.3	3,172.5
1.3 Grants	27.5	196.0	428.0	468.6	616.3	54.1	43.8	30.4	32.2
1.4 Other revenue	3,636.6	2,693.3	6,454.5	5,027.8	5,968.0	424.5	694.1	421.4	351.5
2 EXPENSE	87,857.5	95,950.0	108,007.6	115,292.4	117,924.0	11,043.2	9,856.8	9,586.4	9,146.6
2.1 Compensation of employees	23,182.6	24,313.9	27,545.1	29,948.5	31,289.3	2,613.4	2,531.5	2,543.0	2,554.1
2.2 Use of goods and services	4,951.9	6,069.1	7,162.4	8,113.7	7,363.8	675.2	652.1	469.9	517.4
2.3 Consumption of fixed capital	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.4 Interest	4,387.0	4,713.6	4,535.0	4,683.2	5,225.2	967.9	303.1	579.4	355.6
2.5 Subsidies	5,248.7	5,670.8	6,492.0	6,859.5	6,710.0	881.7	747.4	424.1	418.4
2.6 Grants	3,796.8	6,653.0	8,363.2	5,783.1	5,559.6	494.9	444.2	401.4	349.5
2.7 Social benefits	41,358.5	43,444.6	48,176.0	52,593.2	56,148.5	4,843.2	4,707.3	4,706.5	4,638.9
2.8 Other expense	4,931.9	5,085.0	5,733.9	7,311.2	5,627.6	567.0	471.3	461.9	312.6
3 CHANGE IN NET WORTH: TRANSACTIONS	-2,204.5	-714.4	313.0	480.2	-7,666.0	-1,827.1	-2.2	-1,323.6	-701.1
3.1 Change in net acquisition of non-financial assets	1,553.7	1,555.8	2,545.2	2,988.1	1,963.4	59.2	57.6	58.8	38.6
3.1.1 Fixed assets	1,517.0	1,595.1	2,625.7	2,719.5	1,839.7	56.6	40.4	55.2	37.5
3.1.2 Inventories	0.0	-80.2	-161.4	79.4	35.4	-0.1	13.7	0.0	-0.5
3.1.3 Valuables	7.2	7.8	9.6	10.1	8.9	0.9	1.7	0.0	0.0
3.1.4 Non-produced assets	29.5	33.1	71.3	179.1	79.3	1.7	1.8	3.7	1.6
3.2 Change in net acquisition of financial assets	1,752.8	-3,047.2	-3,734.8	1,702.9	6,825.5	542.6	927.8	-551.1	-0.8
3.2.1 Domestic	1,757.7	-3,063.9	-3,752.8	1,690.5	6,823.2	542.6	927.8	-551.1	-1.6
3.2.2 Foreign	-4.9	16.7	18.0	12.4	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8
3.2.3 Monetary gold and SDRs	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.3 Change in net incurrence of liabilities	5,510.9	-777.0	-1,502.6	4,210.8	16,455.0	2,428.8	987.7	831.3	738.9
3.3.1 Domestic	10,591.6	3,166.3	1,477.6	5,656.6	9,576.6	2,376.3	1,075.6	697.6	969.4
3.3.2 Foreign	-5,080.6	-3,943.2	-2,980.2	-1,445.8	6,878.4	52.5	-87.9	133.7	-230.5

^a CM is reclassified from the subsector central government funds to the subsector public enterprises. The reclassification covers the statistical series from January 2008 onwards. The Notes on Methodology can be found in the Ministry of Finance Monthly Statistical Review. Note: On a cash basis.

Source: MoF.

Table I3 Central government debta

end of period, in million HRK

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009				2010
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.*	Apr.*	May*	Jun
1 Domestic debt of central government	54,794.2	59,688.4	63,240.9	67,996.8	78,268.1	82,364.9	82,778.9	83,753.8	84,667.8
1.1 Domestic debt of the Republic of Croatia	50,840.7	54,490.4	56,883.1	64,961.8	74,473.7	78,555.9	78,976.5	79,909.0	80,950.2
Treasury bills	12,278.0	12,412.9	11,740.6	14,440.7	18,802.5	20,745.5	20,409.7	20,794.2	21,444.6
Money market instruments	0.9	-	-	10.7	19.3	20.3	21.3	20.7	20.7
Bonds	31,151.8	35,249.6	39,273.5	39,306.7	39,369.3	41,788.6	41,931.7	42,006.2	41,854.5
Credits from the CNB	1.4	0.9	1.0	2.2	2.9	-	0.1	-	-
Credits from banks	7,408.6	6,827.0	5,867.9	11,201.5	16,279.8	16,001.6	16,613.6	17,087.9	17,630.5
1.2 Domestic debt of central government funds	3,953.5	5,198.0	6,357.8	3,035.0	3,794.4	3,809.1	3,802.4	3,844.8	3,717.6
Money market instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credits from banks	3,953.5	5,198.0	6,357.8	3,035.0	3,794.4	3,809.1	3,802.4	3,844.8	3,717.6
2 External debt of central government	45,164.3	41,494.8	39,610.7	30,259.7	37,501.0	35,804.0	35,756.0	36,234.4	35,932.2
2.1 External debt of the Republic of Croatia	36,414.5	32,556.6	29,424.0	28,459.4	35,785.8	34,079.4	34,043.8	34,524.4	34,267.7
Money market instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds	27,020.1	22,836.9	20,397.3	18,768.2	26,101.8	22,647.6	22,694.0	23,079.1	23,144.6
Credits	9,394.5	9,719.7	9,026.7	9,691.2	9,684.0	11,431.8	11,349.8	11,445.3	11,123.1
2.2 External debt of central government funds	8,749.8	8,938.2	10,186.7	1,800.3	1,715.3	1,724.6	1,712.1	1,710.0	1,664.5
Money market instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credits	8,749.8	8,938.2	10,186.7	1,800.3	1,715.3	1,724.6	1,712.1	1,710.0	1,664.5
3 Total (1+2)	99,958.5	101,183.1	102,851.6	98,256.5	115,769.2	118,168.9	118,534.9	119,988.2	120,600.0
Supplement: Central government guaranteed debt									
- guarantees for domestic debt	5,880.2	7,660.3	8,110.6	13,299.2	15,692.5	18,563.9	18,947.1	19,244.3	19,043.8
- guarantees for external debt	13,853.9	14,303.7	19,024.2	31,406.6	34,885.7	35,450.7	35,765.5	36,277.4	35,639.5

^a As from Bulletin No. 146 the CBRD is reclassified from the subsector central government funds to the subsector non-banking financial institutions and CM is reclassified from the subsector central government funds to the subsector public enterprises. The debt of the CBRD, presented in this table under headings 2 External debt of central government and 1 Domestic debt of central government, is reclassified from December 1998 and June 1999 onwards respectively, and the debt of CM is reclassified from January 2008 onwards.

Table I3 Central government debt • As from Bulletin No. 154 the table contains the revised data.

The central government debt comprises the domestic and external debt.

The domestic debt of the central government is compiled from the MoF data on T-bills and bonds and the CNB data on money market instruments, credits from banks and credits from the CNB.

The stock of T-bills includes MoF T-bills denominated in kuna, eurobills and T-bills indexed to the euro with a maturity of up to one year. The stock of eurobills includes accrued interest. The difference between the nominal value and the issue value of T-bills denominated in kuna and of T-bills indexed to the euro is the accrued interest which is distributed over the life of instruments using the simple interest calculation method (i.e. in a linear manner) and the method of calculating the number of days where the actual number of days is divided by 360.

The stock of bonds includes central government bonds issued in the domestic market, MoF T-bills with a maturity of over one year and a share of total central government bonds issued in the foreign market which is held by resident institutional units at the end of the reporting period. The difference between the nominal value and the issue value of T-bills with a maturity of

over one year is the accrued interest which is distributed over the life of instruments using the compound interest calculation method. The stock of central government bonds includes accrued interest.

From January 2004 onwards, the stock of credits from banks includes both outstanding principal and accrued interest.

The external debt statistics compiled by the CNB is the source of data on the central government external debt.

The supplement contains the data on the central government guaranteed debt. Bank statistical reports are the source of data on domestic debt guarantees, while the external debt statistics compiled by the CNB is the source of data on external debt guarantees.

Irrespective of the notes under the heading "Classification and presentation of data on claims and liabilities", the debt of the Croatian Roads, the Croatian Motorways and the State Agency for Deposit Insurance and Bank Rehabilitation, presented in this table under headings 2 External debt of central government and 1 Domestic debt of central government, has been reclassified from the subsector Republic of Croatia to the subsector central government funds from December 1998 and December 2002 onwards respectively.

J Non-financial statistics - selected data

Table J1 Consumer price and producer price indices

		Basic	indices, 200	5 = 100		Cha	in indices		_	Monthly yea	ır-on-year ind	lices
Year	Month	Cons	umer price i	ndices	Consu	ımer price i	ndicesª	Producer	Consu	ımer price i	ndices ^c	Producer
		Total	Goods	Services	Total	Goods	Services	prices ^b	Total	Goods	Services	prices ^b
1996	December				100.0	100.2	99.5	100.3	103.4	102.3	108.7	101.5
1997	December				100.7	100.3	102.3	99.9	103.8	102.7	108.2	101.6
1998	December	82.1	84.6	73.7	100.3	100.4	100.0	100.0	105.4	104.3	109.2	97.9
1999	December	85.3	87.2	78.5	100.6	100.8	100.0	100.3	103.9	103.1	106.5	105.9
2000	December	90.0	92.0	82.8	100.4	100.4	100.1	100.2	105.5	105.5	105.5	111.2
2001	December	92.1	93.2	88.5	100.4	100.4	100.5	99.0	102.4	101.3	106.8	96.9
2002	December	93.8	94.2	92.6	100.4	100.6	99.6	99.9	101.8	101.1	104.6	102.3
2003	December	95.4	95.7	94.6	100.3	100.2	100.5	100.0	101.7	101.6	102.2	101.0
2004	December	98.0	98.0	98.0	100.7	100.9	100.2	99.3	102.7	102.5	103.6	104.8
2005	December	101.6	101.4	102.0	100.5	100.5	100.5	99.7	103.6	103.5	104.1	102.7
2006	December	103.7	102.8	106.4	100.0	100.0	100.2	100.0	102.0	101.4	104.2	101.9
2007	December	109.7	109.5	110.0	101.2	101.2	101.3	100.4	105.8	106.6	103.4	105.9
2008	December	112.8	112.2	114.7	99.4	99.1	100.5	98.7	102.9	102.4	104.3	104.3
2009	September	115.0	114.5	117.3	99.8	100.1	98.7	99.3	101.0	100.3	103.8	97.7
	October	115.1	114.8	116.9	100.1	100.2	99.6	99.8	101.3	100.5	104.0	98.6
	November	115.6	115.4	117.1	100.4	100.5	100.2	100.1	101.8	101.3	104.0	100.2
	December	114.9	114.5	117.3	99.4	99.3	100.2	100.0	101.9	101.3	103.9	101.6
2010	January	115.5	115.1	117.7	100.5	100.5	100.4	101.3	101.1	100.9	102.1	103.0
	February	115.7	115.4	117.9	100.2	100.2	100.2	99.9	100.7	100.4	101.9	102.7
	March	116.2	116.0	117.7	100.4	100.6	99.8	101.0	100.9	100.7	101.9	105.0
	April	116.7	116.8	117.2	100.4	100.7	99.5	100.6	100.6	100.3	101.6	105.1
	May	117.0	117.0	117.8	100.2	100.2	100.5	100.5	100.8	100.6	101.8	104.9
	June	116.9	116.5	119.1	99.9	99.6	101.1	100.4	100.7	100.3	101.9	104.4
	July	116.4	115.5	120.7	99.6	99.2	101.3	100.0	101.1	100.7	101.9	103.8
	August	116.2	115.2	120.9	99.8	99.7	100.2	100.3	100.9	100.7	101.7	103.3

^a Data from January 1992 to December 1997 relate to the retail price index. ^b Data have been revised from January 2005 onwards due to changes in the methodology used by the CBS.

Source: CBS

Table J1 Consumer price and producer price indices • The Central Bureau of Statistics (CBS) introduced the consumer price index (CPI) in early 2004. This indicator of price movements was compiled in accordance with the methodological principles laid down by the ILO and Eurostat. In its First Release, issued on 17 February 2004, the CBS published the data on movements in the CPI in January 2004 and the time series for the CPI as of January 2001. The CBS subsequently constructed the time series for the consumer price index encompassing the period from January 1998 to December 2000. As expected following the introduction of the new index, the CBS ceased to publish the retail price index (RPI) and the cost of living index, whose calculation methodologies have not been adequately harmonised with internationally accepted standards. The main features of the CPI are described in the CNB Bulletin No.

91 (see Box 1). The data on the average year-on-year consumer price inflation rate are shown in the Bulletin table on Economic indicators.

Table J2 Core consumer price indices • The core consumer price index is calculated by the Central Bureau of Statistics (CBS) in the manner that agricultural products prices and administrative prices (which among others include the prices of electricity and refined petroleum products) are excluded from the basket of goods and services used in the calculation of the total index. These two groups of products accounted for a total of 30.06% in the basket in 2005 (agricultural products 6.93 percentage points, and administrative products 23.13 percentage points). A total of 111 goods and services are excluded from the coverage of the CPI basket and assigned a zero weight.

^c Data from January 1992 to December 1998 relate to the retail price index.

Table J2 Core consumer price indices

V	Manda	Basic	indices, 2005	= 100 ^a		Chain indices		Ye	ar-on-year ind	ices
Year	Month -	Total	Goods	Services	Total	Goods	Services	Total	Goods	Services
1998	December	87.3	88.6	80.0	99.9	99.9	100.0			
1999	December	89.8	91.1	82.3	100.1	100.1	100.1	102.9	102.9	103.0
2000	December	92.8	93.9	86.5	100.4	100.4	100.2	103.3	103.0	105.0
2001	December	93.9	94.6	89.8	99.8	99.7	100.3	101.2	100.8	103.8
2002	December	95.0	95.6	91.9	100.0	100.1	99.4	101.2	101.0	102.4
2003	December	96.2	96.4	94.7	100.2	100.1	101.0	101.2	100.9	103.0
2004	December	98.4	98.5	97.4	100.1	100.1	100.4	102.3	102.2	102.9
2005	December	101.3	101.4	101.0	100.1	100.0	100.5	103.0	102.9	103.7
2006	December	103.6	103.6	103.6	99.8	99.7	100.3	102.3	102.2	102.5
2007	December	108.8	109.1	107.2	100.8	100.8	100.4	105.0	105.3	103.5
2008	December	113.3	113.5	112.5	99.4	99.3	100.2	104.2	104.0	105.0
2009	September	114.8	114.6	115.7	99.7	100.1	97.5	101.5	101.4	102.2
	October	115.1	115.1	114.7	100.3	100.5	99.1	101.4	101.2	102.3
	November	115.0	115.0	114.9	99.9	99.8	100.3	100.9	100.6	102.4
	December	113.6	113.3	115.2	98.8	98.6	100.2	100.2	99.8	102.4
2010	January	112.9	112.4	115.4	99.4	99.2	100.2	99.7	99.2	102.2
	February	112.9	112.3	115.9	100.0	99.9	100.4	99.5	99.0	102.1
	March	113.1	112.7	115.5	100.2	100.3	99.6	99.3	98.7	102.1
	April	113.7	113.5	114.7	100.5	100.8	99.3	98.6	98.0	101.8
	May	114.2	113.9	115.7	100.4	100.3	100.9	98.6	97.9	102.1
	June	114.2	113.5	117.7	100.0	99.7	101.7	98.3	97.6	102.0
	July	113.8	112.5	120.6	99.7	99.1	102.5	98.6	97.9	102.3
	August	113.7	112.3	121.1	99.9	99.8	100.4	98.8	98.2	102.1

 $^{^{\}rm a}$ Since January 2007, the CPI has been calculated and published by the CBS on the new base 2005 = 100. Source: CBS.

Table J3 Average monthly net wages

in current prices, in kuna

Year	Month	Nominal amount in kuna	Chain indices	Monthly year-on-year indices	Cumulative year-on-year indices
1996	December	2,217.0	104.4	117.7	111.8
1997	December	2,544.0	100.8	114.8	116.9
1998	December	2,935.0	104.6	115.4	112.8
1999	December	3,262.0	100.9	111.2	114.0
2000	December	3,499.0	99.9	107.3	108.9
2001	December	3,582.0	96.6	102.4	106.5
2002	December	3,839.0	98.0	107.2	105.0
2003	December	4,045.0	99.8	105.4	105.9
2004	December	4,312.0	99.1	106.6	105.9
2005	December	4,473.0	97.3	103.7	104.9
2006	December	4,735.0	97.0	105.9	105.2
2007	December	4,958.0	96.6	104.7	105.2
2008	December	5,410.0	100.3	109.1	107.0
2009	September	5,236.0	99.4	100.6	103.6
	October	5,279.0	100.8	100.3	103.2
	November	5,385.0	102.0	99.8	102.9
	December	5,362.0	99.6	99.1	102.6
2010	January	5,258.0	98.1	99.1	99.1
	February	5,157.0	98.1	98.6	98.8
	March	5,359.0	103.9	99.8	99.2
	April	5,246.0	97.9	99.1	99.2
	May	5,277.0	100.6	99.1	99.2
	June	5,415.0	102.6	100.8	99.5
Source: CBS.					

Table J4 Consumer confidence index, consumer expectations index and consumer sentiment index index points, original data

			Composite indices				Resp	onse indic	es (I)		
Year	Month	Consumer confidence index	Consumer expectations index	Consumer sentiment index	l1	12	13	14	17	18	l111
1999	October	-33.7	-14.9	-46.3	-38.4	-12.1	-49.9	-17.6	35.5	-50.7	-69.7
2000	October	-20.9	3.5	-32.2	-26.2	1.2	-22.0	5.7	26.9	-48.3	-63.6
2001	October	-27.0	-11.4	-35.6	-29.6	-10.0	-35.9	-12.7	22.9	-41.3	-62.3
2002	October	-25.2	-8.3	-29.3	-22.6	-5.1	-31.2	-11.5	20.1	-34.1	-64.0
2003	October	-22.2	-4.5	-25.0	-21.5	-2.6	-26.5	-6.4	14.7	-27.1	-65.2
2004	October	-23.9	-7.9	-22.0	-19.1	-4.1	-30.5	-11.6	22.5	-16.5	-57.3
2005	December	-26.4	-13.7	-25.6	-16.4	-5.9	-34.4	-21.5	27.6	-25.9	-50.6
2006	December	-18.9	-4.7	-15.4	-10.9	1.1	-22.4	-10.5	16.9	-12.9	-49.4
2007	December	-24.7	-15.5	-24.5	-16.8	-9.8	-31.8	-21.2	12.8	-25.0	-54.8
2008	December	-42.0	-33.3	-40.9	-30.7	-25.9	-51.8	-40.6	43.4	-40.3	-57.9
2009	August	-52.3	-44.5	-50.0	-39.9	-34.8	-65.5	-54.2	61.5	-44.7	-58.5
	September	-40.8	-27.6	-44.7	-36.3	-20.4	-59.7	-34.7	48.0	-38.2	-60.1
	October	-41.0	-25.1	-46.8	-35.8	-18.2	-62.3	-31.9	57.1	-42.2	-56.9
	November	-40.2	-24.6	-42.3	-35.2	-18.0	-52.7	-31.2	53.8	-39.1	-57.8
	December	-46.8	-32.7	-47.6	-35.7	-22.6	-64.5	-42.8	63.9	-42.5	-58.0
2010	January	-48.5	-35.2	-47.9	-39.5	-26.4	-64.8	-43.9	66.4	-39.5	-57.1
	February	-45.5	-30.6	-48.1	-39.3	-23.4	-63.0	-37.7	63.4	-42.0	-57.6
	March	-49.4	-36.2	-50.9	-43.3	-26.2	-67.5	-46.2	67.5	-41.8	-57.7
	April	-44.3	-30.0	-48.0	-39.1	-21.2	-64.1	-38.8	59.5	-40.9	-57.6
	May	-40.8	-30.3	-48.4	-39.3	-22.7	-63.4	-37.8	43.9	-42.6	-58.9
	June	-40.8	-31.3	-46.7	-39.3	-24.5	-62.5	-38.1	45.4	-38.4	-55.2
	July	-41.7	-28.5	-44.5	-38.5	-21.0	-60.0	-36.0	47.2	-35.0	-62.6

Table J4 Consumer confidence index, consumer expectations index and consumer sentiment index • The CNB Consumer Confidence Survey has been carried out regularly since April 1999 in accordance with the methodology of the European Commission, the Joint Harmonised EU Programme of Business and Consumer Surveys. Until April 2005, the CNB conducted the survey once a quarter (in January, April, July and October). As of May 2005, the CNB carries out the survey in monthly frequency in cooperation with the European Commission, using its technical and financial assistance. The Croatian National Bank bears sole responsibility for the creation and conduct of the survey.

The questionnaire contains 23 questions, examining consumer perception of the changes as regards every-day economic issues. The value of the response index is determined in line with the set methodology, based on the responses to the questions from the Consumer Confidence Survey. The movements of three composite indices, consumer confidence index (CCI), consumer sentiment index (CSI) and consumer expectations index (CEI), are calculated and monitored based on the value of the response indices. Each of the said composite indices is calculated as the arithmetic average of the response indices (*I*), i.e. as the average of previously quantified responses to individual questions from the survey:

$$I_i = \sum_{i=1}^{k} r_i \cdot w_i$$

where: r is the value of the response, w is the share of respondents

opting for a particular response (weight), i question from the questionnaire, z is the offered/chosen response, k is the number of offered responses to a particular question.

The value of the said indices ranges $-100 < I_i < 100$. Higher index values than those recorded over the previous period point to an increase in expectations (optimism) as regards the specific segment covered by the particular question.

The table shows the values of chosen response indices for the following questions:

- I1: How has the financial situation of your household changed over the last 12 months?
- I2: How do you expect the financial position of your household to change over the next 12 months?
- I3: How do you think the general economic situation in Croatia has changed over the past 12 months?
- I4: How do you expect the general economic situation in Croatia to develop over the next 12 months?
- I7: How do you expect the number of people unemployed in Croatia to change over the next 12 months?
- I8: In view of the general economic situation, do you think now is the right moment for people to make major purchases such as furniture, electrical/electronic devices, etc.?
- I11: Over the next 12 months, how likely is it that you will save any money?

The components of composite indices are as follows:

CCI: I2, I4, $I7 \times (-1)$, I11

CEI: I2, I4

CSI: I1, I3, I8.

List of banks and savings banks

1 September 2010

Authorised banks

- 1 Banco Popolare Croatia d.d., Zagreb
- 2 Banka Brod d.d., Slavonski Brod
- 3 Banka Kovanica d.d., Varaždin
- 4 Banka splitsko-dalmatinska d.d., Split
- 5 BKS Bank d.d., Rijeka
- 6 Centar banka d.d., Zagreb
- 7 Credo banka d.d., Split
- 8 Croatia banka d.d., Zagreb
- 9 Erste & Steiermärkische Bank d.d., Rijeka
- 10 Hrvatska poštanska banka d.d., Zagreb
- 11 Hypo Alpe-Adria-Bank d.d., Zagreb
- 12 Imex banka d.d., Split
- 13 Istarska kreditna banka Umag d.d., Umag
- 14 Jadranska banka d.d., Šibenik
- 15 Karlovačka banka d.d., Karlovac
- 16 Kreditna banka Zagreb d.d., Zagreb
- 17 Međimurska banka d.d., Čakovec
- 18 Nava banka d.d., Zagreb
- 19 OTP banka Hrvatska d.d., Zadar
- 20 Partner banka d.d., Zagreb
- 21 Podravska banka d.d., Koprivnica
- 22 Primorska banka d.d., Rijeka
- 23 Privredna banka Zagreb d.d., Zagreb
- 24 Raiffeisenbank Austria d.d., Zagreb
- 25 Samoborska banka d.d., Samobor
- 26 Slatinska banka d.d., Slatina
- 27 Société Générale Splitska banka d.d., Split
- 28 Štedbanka d.d., Zagreb
- 29 Vaba d.d. banka Varaždin, Varaždin
- 30 Veneto banka d.d., Zagreb
- 31 Volksbank d.d., Zagreb
- 32 Zagrebačka banka d.d., Zagreb

Authorised savings banks

- 1 Obrtnička štedna banka d.d., Zagreb
- 2 A štedna banka malog poduzetništva d.d., Zagreb

Authorised housing savings banks

- 1 HPB Stambena štedionica d.d., Zagreb
- 2 PBZ stambena štedionica d.d., Zagreb
- 3 Prva stambena štedionica d.d., Zagreb
- 4 Raiffeisen stambena štedionica d.d., Zagreb
- 5 Wüstenrot stambena štedionica d.d., Zagreb

Other institutions

1 Hrvatska banka za obnovu i razvitak, Zagreb, operates in accordance with the Act on the Croatian Bank for Reconstruction and Development (OG 138/2006)

Representative offices of foreign banks

- 1 BKS Bank AG, Zagreb
- 2 Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft, Zagreb
- 3 Deutsche Bank AG, Zagreb
- 4 LHB Internationale Handelsbank AG, Zagreb
- 5 Union de Banques Arabes et Françaises UBAF, Zagreb

Banks and savings banks undergoing bankruptcy proceedings

	Date of bankruptcy
Name of bank/savings bank	proceedings opening
1 Agroobrtnička banka d.d., Zagreb	14/6/2000
2 Alpe Jadran banka d.d., Split	15/5/2002
3 Cibalae banka d.d., Vinkovci	20/10/2000
4 Glumina banka d.d., Zagreb	30/4/1999
5 Gradska banka d.d., Osijek	3/5/1999/
6 Hrvatska gospodarska banka d.d., Zagre	b 19/4/2000
7 Ilirija banka d.d., Zagreb	6/4/1999
8 Komercijalna banka d.d., Zagreb	30/4/1999
9 Međimurska štedionica d.d., Čakovec	17/3/2004
10 Trgovačko-turistička banka d.d., Split	8.9/2000
11 Županjska banka d.d., Županja	3/5/1999

Banks and savings banks undergoing winding-up proceedings

Date of winding-up
Name of bank/savings bank proceedings initiation

1 Investicijsko-komercijalna štedionica d.d.,
Zagreb 31/5/2000

2 Križevačka banka d.d., Križevci 3/1/2005

3 Primus banka d.d., Zagreb 23/12/2004

4 Štedionica Dora d.d., Zagreb 1/1/2002

5 Štedionica Zlatni vrutak d.d., Zagreb 28/12/2001

Banks and savings banks whose authorisation was withdrawn, but have not initiated winding-up proceedings

	Date of withdrawal
Name of bank/savings bank	of authorisation
1 Hibis štedionica d.d., Zagreb	7/3/2001
2 Marvil štedionica d.d., Zagreb	8/6/2001
3 Zagrebačka štedionica d.d., Zagreb	22/3/2000

Management of the Croatian National Bank

1 September 2010

Members of the Council of the Croatian National Bank

Chairman of the Council Members of the Council

Boris Cota
Davor Holjevac
Vlado Leko
Branimir Lokin
Željko Lovrinčević
Relja Martić
Adolf Matejka
Silvije Orsag
Tomislav Presečan
Jure Šimović
Sandra Švaljek
Mladen Vedriš
Boris Vujčić

Željko Rohatinski

Management of the CNB

Governor Željko Rohatinski
Deputy Governor
Vicegovernor

Executive directors

Research and Statistics Area
Central Banking Operations Area
Foreign Exchange Operations Area

Prudential Regulation and Bank Supervision Area Planning, Controlling and Accounting Area

Payment Operations Area
Information Technology Area
Support Services Area
International Relations Area

Ljubinko Jankov Irena Kovačec

Željko Jakuš Diana Jakelić Neven Barbaroša Mario Žgela Boris Ninić Michael Faulend

Abbreviations and symbols

Abbreviations ILO – International Labour Organization			
bn	– billion	IMF	 International Monetary Fund
b.p.	basis points	incl.	- including
BOP	basis pointsbalance of payments	IPO	- initial public offering
c.i.f.	- cost, insurance and freight	m	- million
CBRD	 Cost, insurance and freight Croatian Bank for Reconstruction and 	MIGs	main industrial groupings
CBKD			
CDC	Development	MM	– monthly maturity
CBS	- Central Bureau of Statistics	MoF	- Ministry of Finance
CCI	- consumer confidence index	NCS	- National Clearing System
CDCC	- Central Depository and Clearing	n.e.c.	 not elsewhere classified
	Company Inc.	OG	 Official Gazette
CEE	 Central and Eastern European 	R	– Republic
	 Central European Free Trade Agreement 	o/w	– of which
CEI	 consumer expectations index 	PPI	 producer price index
CES	 Croatian Employment Service 	RTGS	 Real-Time Gross Settlement
CM	 Croatian Motorways 	Q	– quarterly
CIHI	 Croatian Institute for Health Insurance 	RR	 reserve requirement
CLVPS	 Croatian Large Value Payment System 	SDR	 special drawing rights
CNB	- Croatian National Bank	SITC	 Standard International Trade Classification
CPF	 Croatian Privatisation Fund 	VAT	 value added tax
CPI	– consumer price index	WTO	 World Trade Organization
CPIA	Croatian Pension Insurance Administration	ZMM	– Zagreb Money Market
CR	- Croatian Roads	ZSE	Zagreb Stock Exchange
CSI	- consumer sentiment index	Zol	Zagreb Stock Exchange
DAB	- State Agency for Deposit Insurance	Three-letter currency codes	
DAD	and Bank Rehabilitation	ATS	- Austrian schilling
don		CHF	- Swiss franc
dep.	- deposit		
DVP	– delivery versus payment	DEM	– German mark
EC	- European Commission	EUR	- euro
ECB	- European Central Bank	FRF	- French franc
EFTA	- European Free Trade Association	GBP	pound sterling
EMU	 Economic and Monetary Union 	HRK	– Croatian kuna
ESI	 economic sentiment index 	ITL	– Italian lira
EU	– European Union	JPY	 Japanese yen
excl.	excluding	USD	– US dollar
f/c	 foreign currency 		
FDI	 foreign direct investment 	Symbo	ls
Fed	 Federal Reserve System 	_	– no entry
FINA	- Financial Agency		 data not available
f.o.b.	- free on board	0	 value is less than 0.5 of the unit of measure
GDP	– gross domestic product		being used
GVA	– gross value added	Ø	– average
	 Croatian Financial Services Supervisory 		– indicates a note beneath the table and figure
	Agency	*	- corrected data
HICP	harmonised index of consumer prices	()	- incomplete or insufficiently verified data
IEMP	 index of exchange market pressure 	()	mempione of mountoionity vermou data
11./11	mash of enemalize market probbate		



