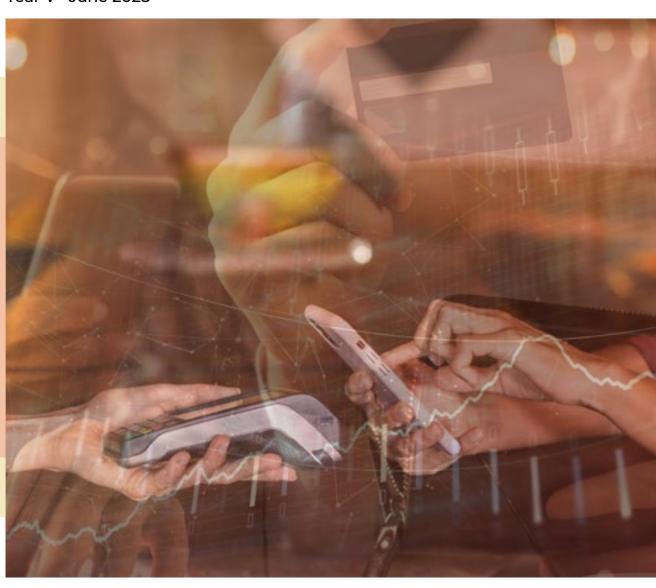


Cashless Payment Transactions

Payment Statistics

2023

Year V · June 2023



Contents

1 Introduction	3
2 National cashless payment transactions	6
2.1 Sent credit transfers	8
2.2 Bill-paying service	11
2.3 Direct debits	12
2.4 Debits from the accounts by simple book entry	13
2.5 Transactions using payment cards issued in the RC	14
3 International cashless payment transactions	16
4 Sent credit transfers	19
4.1 Received credit transfers	20
4.2 Transactions using payment cards issued in the RC	22
4.3 Transactions of acquiring payment cards issued outside the F	RC23
5 Overview of basic definitions	25

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1 Introduction

The increase in both the number and the value of cashless payment transactions continued over the past few years. Payment cards have been the driver of the cashless payment transactions development partly due to an increase in both the number and the value of internet payments as well as larger possibilities of integration of payment cards into digital wallets and other payment methods. However, the standard payment methods (credit transfers and direct debits) are payment instruments that traditionally participate in the largest share in total cashless payment transactions.

In the Republic of Croatia (hereinafter referred to as 'RC'), the increase in the number of national card-based payment transactions, according to Croatian National Bank data, increased by 67%, and their value increased by 77% in the past five years.

An average Croatian citizen today has 2.1 payment cards in his/her wallet.

At the same time, 44% of consumers and 60% of business entities in the RC have internet banking agreements, and 57% of consumers and 52% of business entities have mobile banking agreements, allowing them to initiate electronic payment orders 24 hours a day.

If the above data are compared with the data for 2022, the number of consumers using a mobile banking service increased by 7% and the number of consumers using an internet banking service increased by 13% in 2023.

The rise in the number of mobile banking users was accompanied by an increase in both the number and the value of payment transactions initiated through this channel, with the result that in 2023, relative to 2022, the number and the value of consumer transactions increased by 13% and 42%¹, while the number and the value of transactions initiated by business entities increased by 36% and 65%, respectively. These figures and the fact that an increasing number of consumers have mobile banking agreements confirm that the mobile phone is growingly becoming the first choice in the selection of a device with which to initiate electronic transactions.

It can be concluded from the share of the structure of the number of national cashless payment transactions in 2023 that card-based payment transactions (48%) and credit transfer transactions (34%) accounted for the largest share of the total number of national cashless payment transactions. The rise in the number and value of transactions executed using payment cards issued in the RC relative to 2022 is described in more detail in item 5 of the publication

¹ In 2023, consumers in the RC initiated 15.4 million transactions using the internet banking service, totalling EUR 4bn and 141.8 million transactions using the mobile baking service, totalling EUR 20.2bn.

(Transactions using payment cards issued in the RC). They are followed by transactions of debits from the accounts by simple book entry with the share of 18%. Bill-paying service transactions account for a share of approximately 1%, while direct debit service transactions account for a 2% share.

At the same time, card-based payment transactions accounted for 91%, or the largest share, of the number of international cashless payment transactions, followed by transactions executed using the credit transfer service with a total share of 9%.

By contrast, transactions executed using the credit transfer service still account for a very dominant share of the total value of cashless payment transactions. In 2023, they accounted for approximately 94% of the total value of all national and international cashless payment transactions executed.

Such a high share of credit transfers in the total value of all cashless payment transactions is the result of credit transfers being the most frequently used in larger-value transactions. Thus, credit transfers are the usual manner of execution of payments between corporations, between corporations and banks, payments between natural persons, the payment of wages and pensions, etc. This is also evident from the average value of individual credit transfer transactions², which is much higher than, for example, the average value of card transactions³, primarily used for the purchase of goods and services in retail.

Table 1 shows the total number and value of executed cashless payment transactions in the RC in 2023 in all currencies expressed in euro. The data shown in Table 1 have been collected based on the Decision on the obligation to submit data on the payment system and electronic money (hereinafter referred to as 'Decision'). The Decision prescribes the obligation of reporting to the Croatian National Bank (hereinafter referred to as 'CNB') about payment system and electronic money data, as well as about the content, manner and deadlines of the reporting.

The payment service providers, whose data were used in the preparation of the publication include:

- 1. credit institutions (banks) that have obtained authorisation from the CNB, which includes the authorisation to provide the payment services of acquiring payment transactions;
- electronic money institutions that have obtained authorisation from the CNB to provide the payment services of issuing payment instruments and acquiring payment transactions executed by payment instruments; and
- 3. payment institutions that have obtained authorisation from the CNB to provide the payment services of acquiring payment transactions executed by payment instruments.

² The average value of national credit transfers stood at EUR 1,055 (excluding standing orders).

³ The average value of national transactions using payment cards issued in the RC stood at EUR 26.

Table 1 is divided into national (item A of Table 1) and international payment transactions (item B of Table 1).

Table 1 Report on cashless payment transactions in the Republic of Croatia in 2023

Everyted payment transactions (1)	Number of transactions	%	Value of transactions in euro	%
Executed payment transactions (1)	transactions	70	III EUIO	70
A) NATIONAL PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS				
1 Sent credit transfers (2)	412,630,475	33.86%	419,063,328,572	95.73%
1.1 Credit transfers	386,772,272	93.73%	408,202,095,565	97.41%
1.2 Standing orders	25,858,203	6.27%	10,861,233,007	2.59%
2 Bill-paying service	10,964,263	0.90%	615,333,929	0.14%
3 Direct debits	20,513,084	1.68%	2,074,397,695	0.47%
4 Debits from the accounts by simple book entry (3)	185,115,120	15.19%	438,031,682	0.11%
5 Transactions using payment cards issued in the RC (4)	589,468,664	48.37%	15,548,902,389	3.55%
5.1 Debit payment cards	500,954,760	84.98%	12,291,514,171	79.05%
5.2 Credit payment cards	88,513,904	15.02%	3,257,388,218	20.95%
TOTAL NATIONAL PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (1 - 5)	1,218,691,606	100.00%	437,739,994,267	100.00%
B) INTERNATIONAL PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS				
6 Sent credit transfers (5)	5,695,395	2.93%	66,315,790,063	47.15%
7 Received credit transfers (6)	11,975,511	6.17%	66,018,101,958	46.93%
8 Transactions using payment cards issued in the RC (7)	71,666,490	36.91%	3,531,220,078	2.51%
9 Transactions of acquiring payment cards issued outside the RC (8)	104,831,977	53.99%	4,791,518,929	3.41%
TOTAL INTERNATIONAL PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (6 - 9)	194,169,373	100.00%	140,656,631,028	100.00%
TOTAL (A+B)	1,412,860,979		578,396,625,295	

Note: Including the payment transactions of consumers, business entities, credit institutions and the Financial Agency, executed in all currencies and expressed in euro.

- (1) Executed payment transactions include executed cashless payment transactions in all currencies, converted into euro at the CNB's midpoint exchange rate on the last day of each month.
- (2) Sent credit transfers include all national credit transfers executed by debiting the payment accounts of consumers, business entities and credit institutions.
- (3) Debits from the accounts by simple book entry include debits from the accounts by simple book entry on the accounts of consumers and business entities (interests and fees for individual payment services, e.g. account management fee). The transactions of debits from the accounts by simple book entry do not include the transactions of the transfer of the amount of the instalment/annuity of a credit from the payment account of a payment service user to the account of the credit institution if such a transfer is agreed under a credit agreement.
- (4) Transactions using payment cards issued in the RC include national card-based payment transactions for the purchase of goods and services and contractual debits (including transactions of the purchase of goods and services through repayment in instalments and consumer credits). The transactions of withdrawal and depositing of cash using a payment card, as well as the transactions of fees, interests, membership fees, etc. collected by the issuer through the payment card, are not included.
- (5) Sent credit transfers include all international credit transfers executed by debiting the payment accounts of consumers, business entities and credit institutions.
- **(6) Received credit transfers** include all international credit transfers crediting the payment accounts of consumers, business entities and credit institutions.
- (7) Transactions using payment cards issued in the RC include international payment transactions using payment cards issued in the RC, i.e. the transactions of the purchase of goods and services and the transactions of cash withdrawal using a payment card.
- (8) Transactions of acquiring payment cards issued outside the RC include the transactions of acquiring payment instruments executed by payment instruments issued outside the RC for the purchase of goods and services through acquiring terminals. Transactions of purchase using e-money are included in the Table 1. Source: CNB.

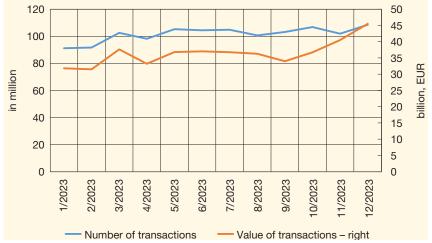
2 National cashless payment transactions

National cashless payment transactions are transactions the execution of which involves a payer's payment service provider and a payee's payment service provider, or only one payment service provider, operating in the Republic of Croatia. Data on national cashless payment transactions are grouped into five categories:

- Sent credit transfers;
- Bill-paying service;
- Direct debits;
- Debits from the accounts by simple book entry; and
- Transactions using payment cards issued in the RC.

According to data submitted by reporting entities, a total of 1,218.7 million national cashless payment transactions were executed in 2023, worth a total of EUR 437.7bn. Compared with the total number and value of national cashless payment transactions in 2022, the total number of transactions rose by 7% and the total value of transactions by 13%. On average 101.6 million national cashless payment transactions were executed monthly, with an average monthly value of EUR 36.5bn (Figure 1). The average value of national cashless payment transactions in 2023 increased by 6% from 2022 and stood at EUR 359.

Figure 1 Number and value of national cashless payment transactions

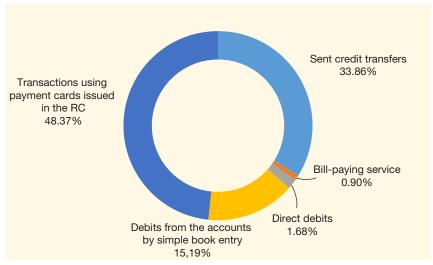


Note: National cashless payment transactions include cashless payment transactions executed in all currencies and expressed in euro.

Source: CNB.

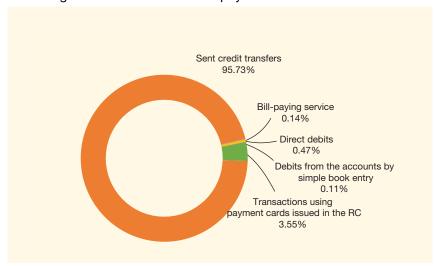
From the structure of national cashless payment transactions according to the number of payment transactions executed in 2023 it was established that the largest share (48.37%) related to transactions using payment cards issued in the RC. They were followed by transactions of sent credit transfers, with a share of 33.86% and the transactions of debits from the accounts by simple book entry, with a share of 15.19%. Transactions executed using the bill-paying service and direct debit service accounted for 0.9% and 1.68%, respectively (Figure 2).

Figure 2 Structure of national cashless payment transactions according to the number of executed payment transactions



Source: CNB.

Figure 3 Structure of national cashless payment transactions according to the value of executed payment transactions



Note: National cashless payment transactions include cashless payment transactions executed in all currencies and expressed in euro.

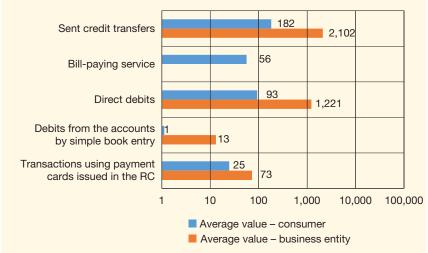
Source: CNB.

Sent credit transfers accounted for a predominant share of national cashless payment transactions in terms of value of executed payment transactions in 2023. They accounted for 95.7% of the total value of all the executed national cashless payment transactions (Figure 3).

The high share of credit transfers in the total value of national cashless payment transactions is because it is credit transfers that are most frequently used in larger-value transactions. Thus, credit transfers are the usual manner of execution of payments between corporations, between corporations and banks, payments between natural persons, the payment of wages and pensions, etc. This is also evident from the average value of the national credit transfer transactions, which is much higher than, for example, the average value of card transactions, which is primarily used for the purchase of goods and services in retail. The amount

of the average value for each of the categories of national cashless payment transactions is shown separately for consumers and business entities in Figure 4.

Figure 4 Average values of national cashless payment transactions



Notes: National cashless payment transactions include cashless payment transactions executed in all currencies and expressed in euro.

Payment transactions executed using the bill-paying service in the RC in 2023 could be initiated by consumers only.

Source: CNB.

The analysis of each of the categories of national cashless payment transactions is given below.

2.1 Sent credit transfers

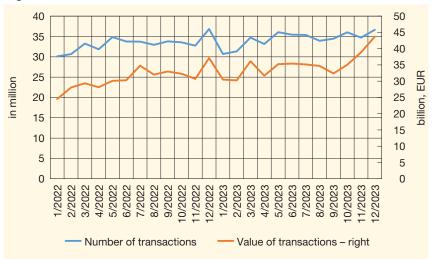
Credit transfer means a payment service by which the payer's payment account is debited and the payee's payment account is credited on the basis of an order initiated by the payer. The transaction itself should not be identified with the term of "credit" in the sense of a loan; rather, it originates from the term "credit transfer", which implies that it is used to initiate the transfer to credit the payee's payment account at the payer's initiative. As at 31 December 2023, 20 credit institutions provided credit transfer payment services in the RC.

Sent credit transfers constitute the dominant payment service in the RC; they include all national credit transfers executed by debiting the payment accounts of consumers, business entities and credit institutions in the RC. Sent credit transfers also include standing orders.

In 2023, in the RC, 412.6 million transactions of sent credit transfers were executed in a total value of EUR 43.7bn. At a monthly level, on average 34.4 million sent credit transfers were executed with the average value of EUR 34.9bn per month. In 2023, the average value of sent credit transfers increased by 9.2% from 2022 and stood at EUR 1,016.

If compared with the total number and value of sent credit transfers in 2022, the total number of transactions in 2023 rose by 3.6% and the total value of transactions by 13.1%. Figure 5 shows the movement of the total number and value of sent credit transfers in the past two years.

Figure 5 Number and value of sent credit transfers

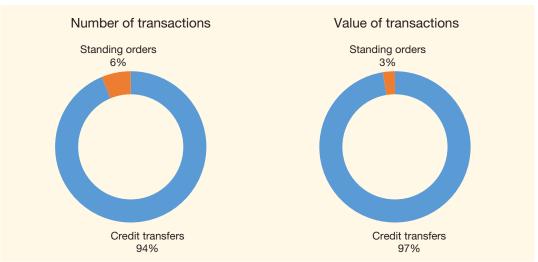


Note: Data refer to the payment transactions of sent national credit transfers executed in all currencies and expressed in euro.

Source: CNB

With the intention of showing standing orders, i.e. national cashless credit transfers executed at regular intervals or on dates set in advance (e.g. the payment of annuities or instalments of a loan) separately, the category of sent credit transfers in Table 1 is divided into two subcategories, i.e. credit transfers (Subcategory 1.1) and standing orders (Subcategory 1.2). The share of each of the subcategories in the total number and value of sent credit transfers in 2023 is shown in Figure 6.

Figure 6 Share of credit transfers and standing orders in the total number and value of sent credit transfers in 2023



Note: Data refer to sent national credit transfers executed in all currencies and expressed in euro. Source: CNB.

As shown in Figure 6, credit transfers (Subcategory 1.1) have a much more significant share than standing orders in the total number and in the value of sent credit transfers. Specifically, in 2023, their share accounted for 94% of the total number and 97% of the total value of sent credit transfer transactions. A total of 386.8 million transactions of national credit transfers, worth a total of EUR 408.2bn were executed in 2023. At a monthly level, 32.2 million national credit transfers were executed on average, with an average value of EUR 34bn per month (Figure 7).

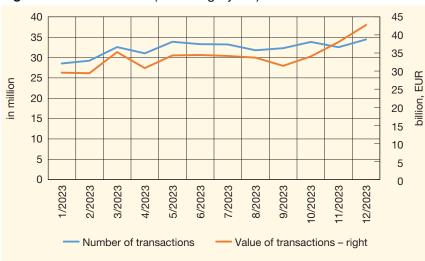


Figure 7 Credit transfers (Subcategory 1.1)

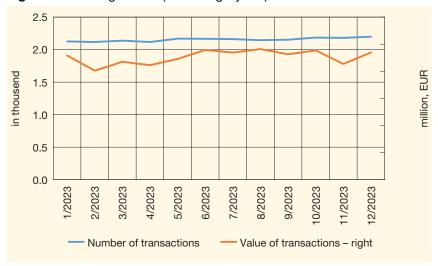
Note: Data refer to the transactions of sent national credit transfers executed in all currencies and expressed in euro. Source: CNB.

Of the total number of executed national credit transfer transactions, 54.02% were executed debiting the payment accounts of consumers, 42.9% debiting the payment accounts of business entities and 3.08% debiting the payment accounts of credit institutions in the RC. At the same time, of the total value of executed national credit transfer transactions, as much as 83.8% was accounted for by debits of the payment accounts of business entities, 9.8% by debiting the payment accounts of consumers and 6.4% debiting the payment accounts of credit institutions in the RC. The average value of executed credit transfers debiting the payment accounts of consumers, business entities and credit institutions came to EUR 192, EUR 2,062, and EUR 2,178, respectively.

In 2023, 25.9 million standing orders (Subcategory 1.2) totalling EUR 10.9bn were executed by debiting the payment accounts of consumers and business entities. The above amounts account for 6.3% of the total number and 2.6% of the total value of sent credit transfers (Figure 6). On average, at a monthly level, 2.2 million standing orders were executed, totalling an average of EUR 905.1m per month (Figure 8).

Of the total number of executed standing order transactions, 96.8% were executed by debiting the payment accounts of consumers and 3.2% by debiting the payment accounts of business entities. However, if the total value of executed standing order transactions is analysed, 22.4% were executed by debiting the payment accounts of consumers and 77.6% were executed

Figure 8 Standing orders (Subcategory 1.2)



Note: Data refer to standing order transactions executed in all currencies and expressed in euro.

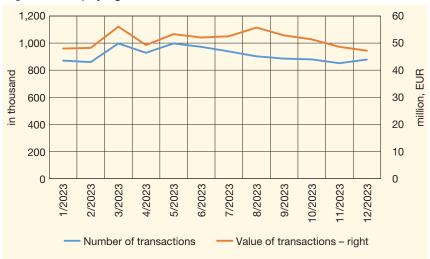
Source: CNB.

by debiting the payment accounts of business entities. The average value of standing orders executed by debiting the payment accounts of consumers was EUR 97 and the average value of standing orders executed by debiting the payment accounts of business entities EUR 10,341.

2.2 Bill-paying service

The bill-paying service includes all payment transactions in which a credit institution, on the basis of a contract with the payee, collects funds from the payer, and makes the collected amount available to the payee within time cycles determined by a contract (e.g. electricity, water, gas and other bills). The credit institution receives payment orders on its own or through third parties (FINA,

Figure 9 Bill-paying service



Note: Data refer to the payment transactions executed using the bill-paying service in euro. Source: CNB.

Croatian Post, retail chains). As at 31 December 2023, in the RC, the billpaying service was provided by 12 credit institutions and one electronic money institution. The total number of payment transactions executed by the bill-paying service in 2023 came to 11 million with a total value of EUR 615.3m.

As shown in Figure 9, on average 913,689 transactions were executed monthly using the bill-paying service with the average value standing at EUR 51.3m per month. The average value of transactions executed using the bill-paying service was EUR 56.

2.3 Direct debits

Direct debit means a payment service for debiting a payer's payment account, where a payment transaction is initiated by a payee on the basis of the payer's consent given to the payer's own payment service provider, to the payee, or to the payee's payment service provider. Transactions in Table 1 include all direct debits on the basis of which the payment accounts of payers in the territory of the RC were debited in 2023 (e.g. the payment of liabilities for utility services, collection of expenses on the card with a delayed debit function, etc.).

As at 31 December 2023, a direct debit service in the RC was provided by 17 credit institutions and a total of 20.5 million transactions of direct debits debiting the payment accounts of payers in the total value of EUR 2.1bn were executed. Of the total number of direct debit transactions, as many as 99.3% were executed by debiting the payment accounts of consumers worth a total of EUR 1.9bn (91.3% of the total value of all such transactions).

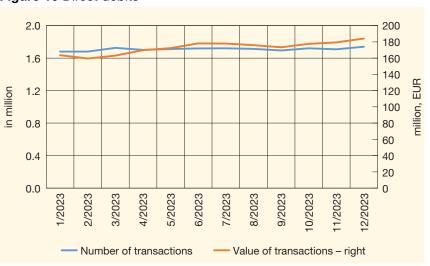


Figure 10 Direct debits

Note: Data refer to direct debit transactions executed in all currencies and expressed in euro.

Source: CNB.

The movement of the total monthly number and value of direct debit transactions in 2023 is shown in Figure 10. The average monthly number of direct debits according to which payment accounts of payers in the territory of the RC were debited in 2023 stood at 1.7 million transactions with an average monthly value of EUR 172.9m. The average value of direct debit transactions executed by debiting the payment account of consumers stood at EUR 93 while the average value of direct debit transactions executed by debiting the payment account of business entities came to EUR 1,221.

2.4 Debits from the accounts by simple book entry

Debits from the accounts by simple book entry include the total number and value of transactions initiated and executed by a credit institution, by transfer from the payment account of its payment service user on the basis of a contract with the user, without a specific payment order (e.g. interest payments, fees for individual payment services, such as, for example, account management fee). In Table 1, the transactions of debits from the accounts by simple book entry do not include the transactions of the transfer of the amount of the instalment/annuity of a credit from the payment account of a payment service user to the account of the credit institution if such a transfer is agreed by the credit agreement.

In line with the above, 185.1 million transactions of debits from the accounts by simple book entry worth a total of EUR 438m arising out of interest and fees were executed in the RC in 2023. The total number of transactions of debits from the accounts by simple book entry decreased by 7% and their total value decreased by 1.2% from 2022. The movement of the total monthly number and value of debits from the accounts by simple book entry transactions in the past two years is shown in Figure 11.

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Figure 11 Number and value of transactions of debits from the accounts by simple book entry

Note: Data refer to the transactions of debits from the accounts by simple book entry executed in all currencies and expressed in euro.

Number of transactions

Value of transactions – right

Source: CNB.

In 2023, at a monthly level, on average 15.4 million transactions of debits from the accounts by simple book entry were executed with an average value of EUR 36.5m per month. The average value of transactions of debits from the accounts by simple book entry executed by the transfer from payment accounts of consumers stood at EUR 1 and that executed by the transfer from payment accounts of business entities came to EUR 13.

2.5 Transactions using payment cards issued in the RC

Transactions using payment cards issued in the RC shown in item 5 in Table 1 (Report on cashless payment transactions in the Republic of Croatia in 2023) include national card-based payment transactions executed using payment cards issued by issuing payment service providers in the RC. Payment service providers – issuers⁴ in the RC include:

- credit institutions (banks) that have obtained authorisation from the CNB, which includes the authorisation to provide the payment service of issuing payment cards; and
- 2. electronic money institutions, which have obtained the authorisation from the CNB to provide the payment service of issuing payment cards.

For the purposes of this publication, national card transactions⁵ include only the following:

- payment transactions of the purchase of goods and services using a payment card; and
- contractual debits charged through a payment card.

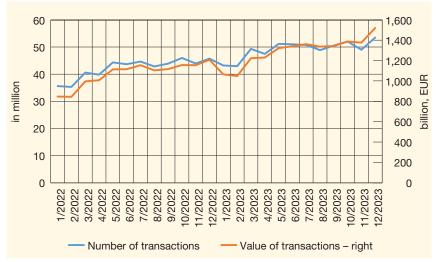
In all, 589.5 million such national card-based transactions using payment cards issued in the RC worth a total of EUR 15.5bn were executed in 2023. If these data are compared with the data from 2022, it can be seen that the total number of national transactions using payment cards issued in the RC increased by 16.5%, and their total value rose by 21.3%. The movement in the total number and value of national transactions using payment cards issued in the RC in the last two years is shown in Figure 12.

In the Report, national transactions using payment cards issued in the RC are divided into two subcategories: 5.1 Debit payment cards and 5.2 Credit payment cards. Debit payment cards include only debit cards, while credit payment cards include credit, charge, revolving, delayed debit and membership cards.

⁴ Payment cards issued in the RC used to execute national card transactions on 31 December 2023 were issued by 19 credit institutions and three electronic money institutions.

⁵ In this Report, the transactions of the withdrawal and deposit of cash using a payment card, and the transactions of fees, interests, membership fees, etc., collected by the issuer through the payment card, are not included in national card transactions.

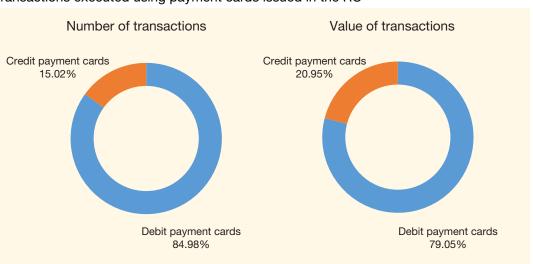
Figure 12 Transactions using payment cards issued in the RC



Note: Data refer to national transactions using payment cards issued in the RC, which include payment transactions of the purchase of goods and services using a payment card and direct debits collected through a payment card executed in euro. Source: CNB.

As at 31 December 2023, of the total number⁶ of payment cards issued in the RC 6,830,744 (80%) were debit cards and 1,708,472 (20%) were credit cards. Debit cards were used to execute 501 million transactions (85%), worth a total of EUR 12.3bn (79%). The rest of the total number of national transactions using payment cards issued in the RC was executed using credit cards (88.5 million transactions or 15%, worth a total of EUR 3.3bn or 21%). The shares of debit and credit payment cards in the total number and value of transactions executed using payment cards issued in the RC are shown in Figure 13.

Figure 13 Share of debit and credit payment cards in the total number and value of transactions executed using payment cards issued in the RC



Note: Data refer to transactions using payment cards issued in the RC executed in euro. Source: CNB.

6 As at 31 December 2023, in all, 8,539,216 issued payment cards were recorded in the RC. Of the total number of issued payment cards, 94% were issued to consumers and 6% to business entities.

The average value of national transactions executed using a debit card issued in the RC in 2023 increased by 8.7% from 2022 and stood at EUR 25, and that of national transactions executed using a credit card issued in the RC increased by 8.8% and stood at EUR 37.

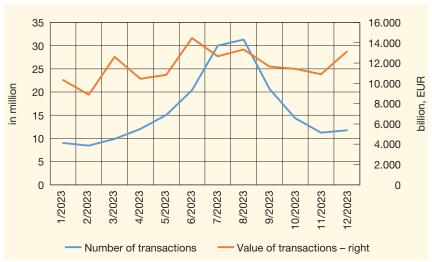
3 International cashless payment transactions

International cashless payment transaction means a payment transaction the execution of which involves two payment service providers of which one payment service provider operates in the RC, whereas the other payment service provider operates outside the RC. Data on international cashless payment transactions in the Report are grouped into four categories:

- Sent credit transfers:
- Received credit transfers;
- Transactions using payment cards issued in the RC; and
- Transactions of acquiring payment cards issued outside the RC.

A total of 194.2 million international cashless payment transactions worth a total of EUR 140.7bn were executed in the RC in 2023. Compared with the figures for 2022, the total number of these transactions increased by 18.1% and their total value by 14.5%. The average value of international cashless payment transactions in 2023 stood at EUR 724. The movement of the total monthly number and value of international cashless payment transactions in 2023 is shown in Figure 14.

Figure 14 Number and value of international cashless payment transactions

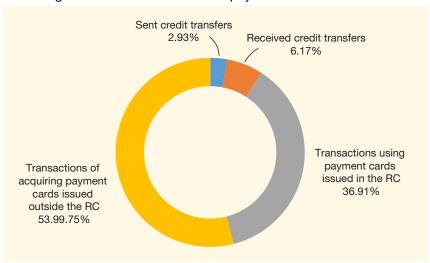


Note: Data refer to international cashless payment transactions executed in all currencies and expressed in euro.

Source: CNB.

In 2023, on average 16.2 million international cashless payment transactions were executed monthly, worth on average EUR 11.7bn per month. The exponential growth in the number of international cashless payment transactions in the period from May to September 2023 is explained in more detail in the part related to the transactions of acquiring payment cards issued outside the RC.

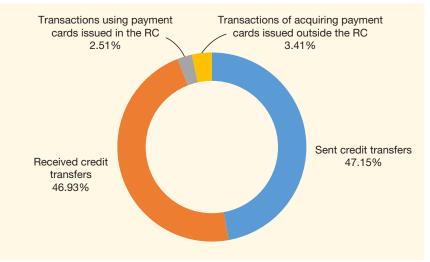
Figure 15 Structure of international cashless payment transactions according to the number of executed payment transactions



Source: CNB.

The transactions of acquiring payment cards issued outside the RC and international transactions using payment cards issued in the RC accounted for the largest shares of the total number of international cashless payment transactions in 2023, with 53.99% and 36,91% shares respectively (Figure 15). They were followed by international credit transfer transactions crediting payment accounts in the RC with a share of 6.17%, while sent credit transfers ranked last with a 2.93% share.

Figure 16 Structure of international cashless payment transactions according to the value of executed payment transactions



Note: Data refer to the value of international cashless payment transactions executed in all currencies and expressed in euro.

Source: CNB.

As shown by the structure of the value of international cashless payment transactions (Figure 16), international credit transfers account for 94% of the total value of transactions. Of the total value of international cashless payment transactions, 46.93% relates to international credit transfers executed by crediting payment accounts in the RC and 47.15% relates to international credit transfers executed by debiting payment accounts in the RC. The transactions of acquiring payment cards issued outside the RC and international transactions using payment cards issued in the RC account for 3.41% and 2.51%, respectively, of the total value of international cashless payment transactions.

The high share of credit transfers in the total value of international (as in national) cashless payment transactions results from credit transfers being the most frequently used in larger-value transactions. This can also be seen in the average value of international cashless payment transactions, which is notably higher in the case of international credit transfers than the average value of international transactions executed using a payment card. The average values of international cashless payment transactions for consumers and business entities are shown in Figure 17.

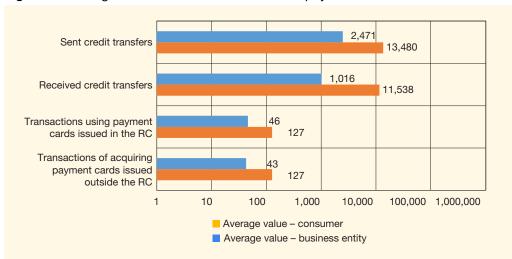


Figure 17 Average value of international cashless payment transactions

Note: International cashless payment transactions include cashless payment transactions executed in all currencies and expressed in euro.

Source: CNB.

An analysis of each of the categories of international cashless payment transactions is given below.

4 Sent credit transfers

Sent credit transfers include all international credit transfers executed by debiting the payment accounts of consumers, business entities and credit institutions in the RC. Data that refer to executed credit transfers debiting the payment accounts of credit institutions in the RC do not include transactions that credit institutions in the RC carried out in their name and for their account in the financial market (e.g. payments in foreign exchange and/or capital market).

In all, 5.7 million transactions of sent international credit transfers worth a total of EUR 66.3bn (executed in all currencies and expressed in euro) were executed in 2023. The above data show that the total number of sent international credit transfers rose by 14.8% and their total value by 13.6% on an annual basis from 2022. At a monthly level, on average 474.6 thousand sent international credit transfers worth an average of EUR 5.5bn were executed in 2023. The movement in the total number and value of sent international credit transfers in 2022 and 2023 is shown in Figure 18.

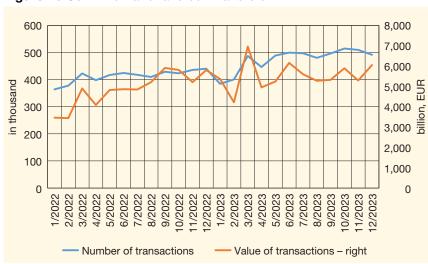


Figure 18 Sent international credit transfers

Note: Data refer to sent international credit transfers executed in all currencies and expressed in euro.

Source: CNB.

Of the total number of sent international credit transfers in 2023, 82.4%, worth a total of EUR 63.2bn, were executed by debiting the payment accounts of business entities in the RC. Of the total number of sent international credit transfers, 17.4%, worth a total of EUR 2.4bn, were executed by debiting the payment accounts of consumers in the RC. The remaining 0.2% of the share referred to the share in the number of sent international credit transfers executed by debiting the payment accounts of credit institutions in the RC, worth a total of EUR 640m.

The average value of an international credit transfer debiting the payment account of a business entity in the RC stood at EUR 13,480, that debiting the payment account of a consumer in the RC stood at EUR 2,471, and that debiting the payment account of a credit institution in the RC stood at EUR 46,467.

It can be concluded from the analysis of the structure of sent international credit transfers in terms of currency that in 2023 the largest number (94.8%) and the largest value (91.5%) of sent international credit transfers were executed in euro. The shares of the currencies in the structure of sent international credit transfers in terms of currency are shown in Figure 19.

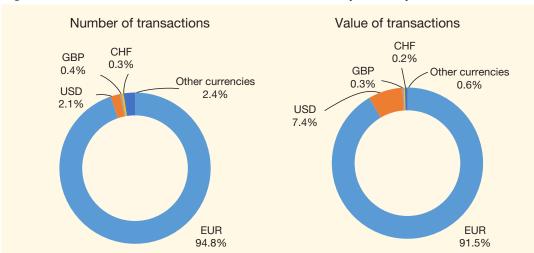


Figure 19 Structure of sent international credit transfers by currency

Notes: Data refer to sent international credit transfers by currency. The value of transactions per individual currencies is expressed in euro. Source: CNB.

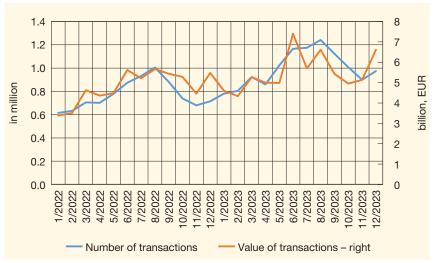
4.1 Received credit transfers

Received credit transfers include all international credit transfers executed by crediting the payment accounts of consumers, business entities and credit institutions in the RC.

According to data submitted by credit institutions, 12 million transactions of received international credit transfers worth a total of EUR 66bn (executed in all currencies and expressed in euro) were executed in 2023. If these data are compared with the figures for 2022, the total number of received international credit transfers can be seen to have increased by 29.4% and the total value of transactions by 14.8%. At a monthly level, on average 998 thousand received international credit transfers worth on average EUR 5.5bn a month were executed in 2023 (Figure 20).

Of the total number of received international credit transfers in 2023, 59.41%, worth a total of EUR 7.2bn were executed by crediting the payment accounts of consumers in the RC. Of the total number of received international credit

Figure 20 Received international credit transfers



Note: Data refer to received international credit transfers executed in all currencies and expressed in euro.

Source: CNB.

transfers, 40.23%, worth a total of EUR 55.6bn were executed by crediting the payment accounts of business entities in the RC. The remaining 0.35% worth a total of EUR 3.2bn related to the share in the number of received international credit transfers executed by crediting the payment accounts of credit institutions in the RC.

Accordingly, it can be concluded that the largest share of the value of received international credit transfers was executed by crediting the payment accounts of business entities in the RC, while the largest share of the number of received international credit transfers was executed by crediting the payment accounts of consumers in the RC.

In 2023, the average value of international credit transfers executed by crediting the payment account of business entities in the RC stood at EUR 11,538, that executed by crediting the payment account of consumers in the RC stood at EUR 1,016, and that by crediting the payment account of credit institutions in the RC stood at EUR 75,572.

It was established from the structure of received international credit transfers in 2023 by currency that the largest share of transactions (97.81% in the number and 92.13% in the value) referred to transactions in euro. They were followed by the transactions of received international credit transfers in US dollars with a share of 1.43% in the total number and 6.68% in the total value of received international credit transfers by currency. The shares of the currencies in the structure of received international credit transfers by currency are shown in Figure 21.

Number of transactions Value of transactions CHF CHF **GBP** 0.3% Other currencies Other currencies 0.29% 0.14% 0.62% 0.33% **GBP** 0.27% USD 143% USD 6.68% **EUR EUR** 97.81% 92.13% Notes: Data refer to received international credit transfers by currency. The value of transactions per individual currencies is expressed in euro. Source: CNB.

Figure 21 Structure of received international credit transfers by currency

4.2 Transactions using payment cards issued in the RC

Transactions using payment cards issued in the RC include all international transactions using payment cards issued by payment service providers in the RC, i.e.:

- payment transactions of the purchases of goods and services using a payment card; and
- payment transactions of cash withdrawal using a payment card.

According to the data submitted, 71.7 million international transactions using payment cards issued in the RC worth a total of EUR 3.5bn were executed in 2023. The transactions were executed in 138 currencies and 216 different countries. The total number of executed international transactions using payment cards issued in the RC increased by 26% and their total value by 30.4% from 2022.

On a monthly level, in 2023, 6 million international transactions using payment cards issued in the RC were executed on average, worth an average of EUR 294.3m monthly. The movement of the total monthly number and value of international transactions using payment cards issued in the RC in 2022 and 2023 is shown in Figure 22.

In 2023, of the total number and value of international transactions using payment cards issued in the RC, 96.1% of the number and 89.8% of the value of international payment card transactions were executed using consumer cards, while 3.9% of the number and 10.2% of the value of international payment card transactions were executed using the cards of business entities.

8 7 350 6 300 5 250 4 200 3 150 2 100 50 6/2022 8/2022 9/2022 10/2022 11/2022 1/2023 3/2023 3/2023 5/2023 6/2023 Number of transactions Value of transactions – right

Figure 22 Transactions using payment cards issued in the RC

Note: Data refer to international transactions using payment cards issued in the RC, which include payment transactions of the purchase of goods and services using a payment card and payment transactions of cash withdrawal using a payment card executed in all currencies and expressed in euro.

Source: CNB.

The average value of international transactions using a payment card issued to a consumer in the RC was EUR 46 and that of international was transactions using a payment card issued to a business entity in the RC was EUR 127.

4.3 Transactions of acquiring payment cards issued outside the RC

The transactions of acquiring payment cards issued outside the RC include data on the transactions of acquiring payment cards issued by payment service providers outside the RC (hereinafter referred to as 'foreign issuer'), including e-money transactions. The service of acquiring payment cards was provided by acquiring payment service providers, i.e.:

- 1. credit institutions (banks) that have obtained authorisation from the CNB, which includes the authorisation to provide the payment service of acquiring payment transactions executed by payment instruments;
- electronic money institutions that have obtained authorisation from the CNB to provide the payment services of acquiring payment transactions executed by payment instruments; and
- payment institutions that have obtained authorisation from the CNB to provide the payment services of acquiring payment transactions executed by payment instruments.

For the purposes of this publication, the transactions presented herein include exclusively the transactions of acquiring for the purchase of goods and services executed through the EFTPOS terminals and online at the point of sale through a payment card.

In all, 104.8 million transactions of acquiring payment cards of foreign issuers, worth a total of EUR 4.8bn were executed in 2023. As compared with the total number and value of the acquiring transactions of payment cards of foreign issuers in 2022, the total number of transactions rose by 12.4% and their total value by 12.2%.

The movement of the total monthly number and value of transactions of acquiring payment cards issued outside the RC in the last five years is best shown in Figure 23, according to which, on an annual basis, until 2023, the total number and the total value of transactions on average rose by 29% and 26% respectively (with the exception for 2020 when the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic was observed).

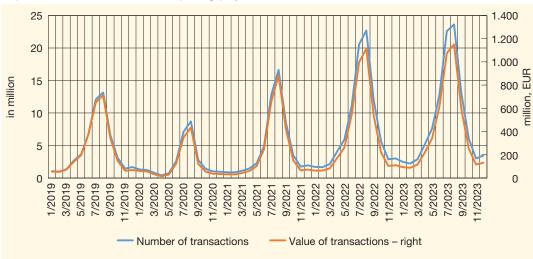


Figure 23 Transactions of acquiring payment cards issued outside the RC

Note: Data refer to the transactions of acquiring payment cards issued outside the RC, which include the transactions of acquiring for the purchase of goods and services executed through EFTPOS terminals and online at the point of sale through a payment card; executed in euro. Source: CNB.

The data shown in Figure 23 also suggest an upward trend in the total number and value of monthly transactions of acquiring payment cards of foreign issuers for the purchase of goods and services in the period from May to September. After September and the summer tourist season, the number and value of monthly transactions usually falls to the level of the beginning of the year. In 2023, the average value of transactions of acquiring payment cards issued by foreign issuers for the purchase of goods and services stood at EUR 46, or up by 0.5% from 2022.

5 Overview of basic definitions

'Bill-paying service' means a service in which a credit institution, on the basis of a contract with the payee, collects funds from the payer, irrespective of the manner of collection, and makes the collected amount available to the payee within time cycles determined by a contract (e.g. electricity, water, gas and other bills), pursuant to the provisions of the Payment System Act, which defines the deadlines for the execution of payments.

'Card-based payment transaction' means a service based on a payment card's acquiring infrastructure and card scheme business rules to make a payment transaction by means of a debit or a credit card.

'Credit transfer' means a payment service for crediting a payee's payment account with a payment transaction or a series of payment transactions debiting a payer's payment account by the payment service provider which holds the payer's payment account, based on an instruction given by the payer.

'Direct debit' means a payment service for debiting a payer's payment account, where a payment transaction is initiated by a payee on the basis of the payer's consent given to the payer's own payment service provider, to the payee, or to the payee's payment service provider.

'Debits from the accounts by simple book entry' means a transaction initiated and executed by a credit institution, by a transfer from the payment account of its payment service user on the basis of a contract with the user, without a specific payment order (interests, fees for individual payment services, such as, for example, account management fee).

'International/cross-border payment transaction' means a payment transaction the execution of which involves two payment service providers of which one payment service provider operates in the Republic of Croatia, and the other payment service provider operates in another member state or a third country (hereinafter referred to as 'international payment transaction').

'National payment transaction' means a payment transaction the execution of which involves a payer's payment service provider and a payee's payment service provider, or only one payment service provider, operating in the Republic of Croatia.

'Standing order' means an instruction issued by the payer to the provider of payment services, which holds the payer's payment account, for the execution of credit transfers at regular intervals or on dates set in advance (e.g. the payment of an annuity or credit instalment, etc.).

