



HNB

# Standard presentation format

3rd quarter 2021



HNB

# Agenda

Central bank's objectives and structure

Real sector

Monetary policy

External sector

Banking sector

## Central bank's objectives and tasks

- **Stability of prices**
- **Supporting the general economic policies of the European Union, without prejudice to its primary objective**
- Management of the international reserves
- Issuing banknotes and coins
- Issuing and revoking licenses for banks and bank supervision
- Regulating, improving and supervising the payment system
- Maintaining the stability of the country's financial system
- Performance of operations on behalf of the Republic of Croatia, as provided by law

# Independence of the CNB

- Institutional: decisions are reached independently of other institutions' influence
- Functional: clear by defined goal and independence in choosing the instruments and measures for achieving that goal
- Personal: guarantees the protection of the Governor and the Council members from various kinds of pressure, precisely determines the conditions for the appointment and removal from office, and guards against the conflict of interest
- Financial: revenues and expenditures of the CNB are solely determined by the nature of the monetary and exchange rate policies

# Structure of the CNB





HNB

# Real sector

Aggregate demand and supply

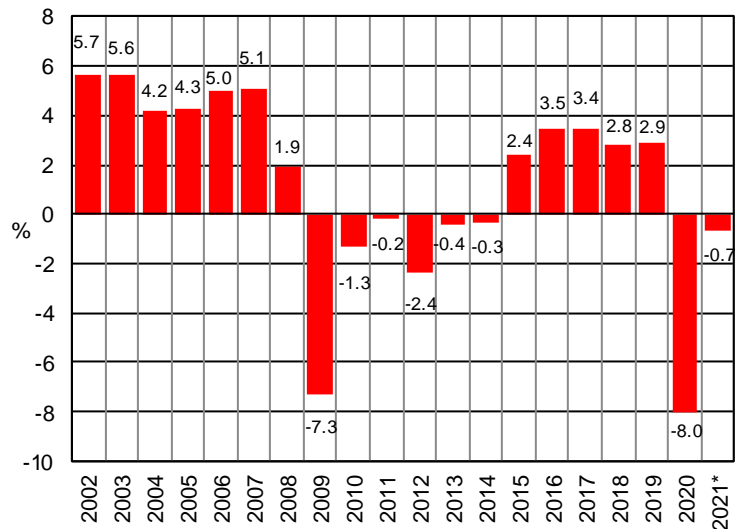
Labour market

Prices

Fiscal policy

# Real GDP rates of change

## Croatia

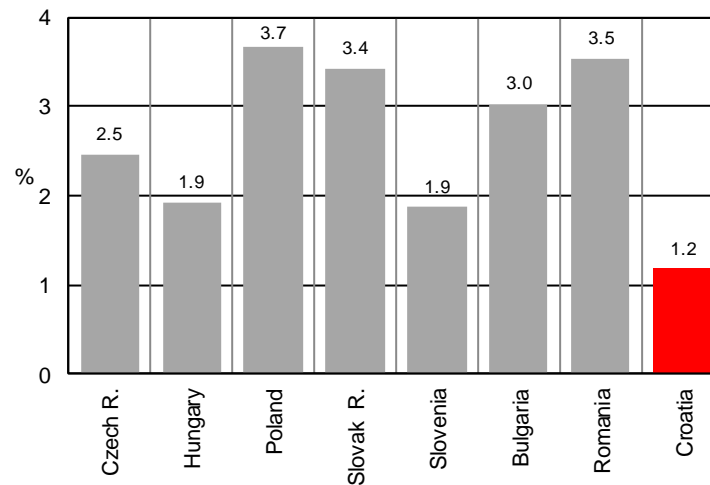


\*The data refer to the first quarter of 2021.

Note: The data are according to ESA 2010 methodology, from 2019 are provisional. More information can be found on [www.dzs.hr](http://www.dzs.hr).

Source: CBS.

## Peer countries



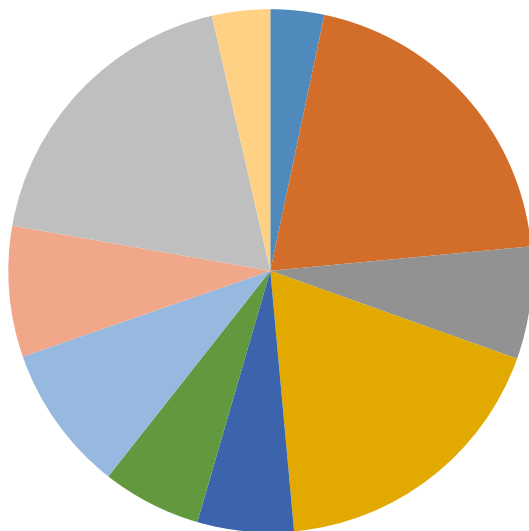
Average annual growth rate, 2003 – 2020

Note: The data are according to ESA 2010 methodology.

Sources: Eurostat and CBS.

# Gross value added structure

In current prices, 2021



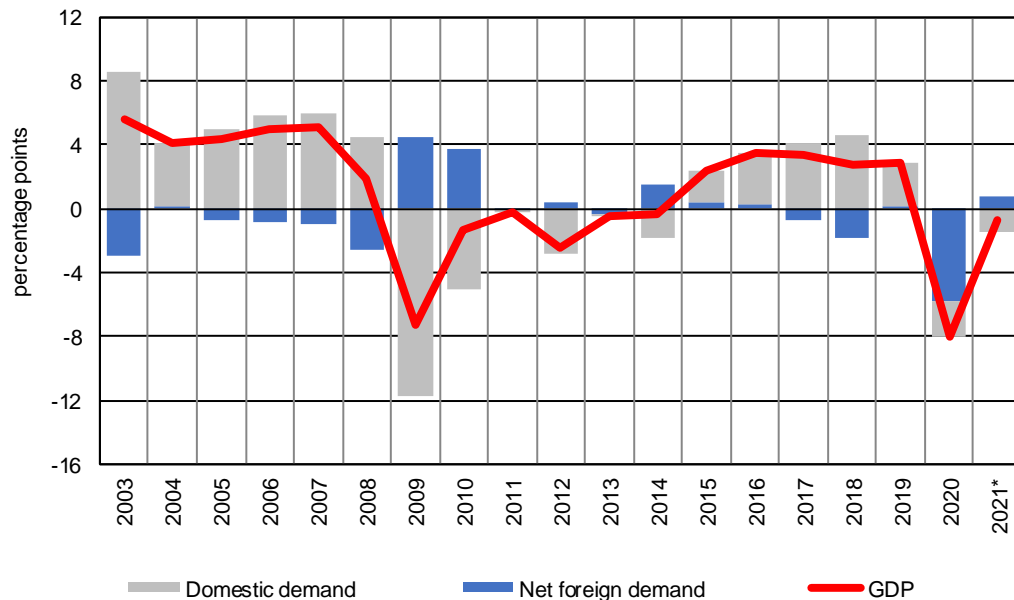
\*The data refer to the first quarter of 2021.

Source: CBS.

- A Agriculture, forestry and fishing
- B Mining and quarrying
- C Manufacturing
- D Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply
- E Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities
- F Construction
- G Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- H Transportation and storage
- I Accommodation and food service activities
- J Information and communication
- K Financial and insurance activities
- L Real estate activities
- M Professional, scientific and technical activities
- N Administrative and support service activities
- O Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- P Education
- Q Human health and social work activities
- R Arts, entertainment and recreation
- S Other service activities
- T Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods and services producing activities of households for own use
- U Activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies



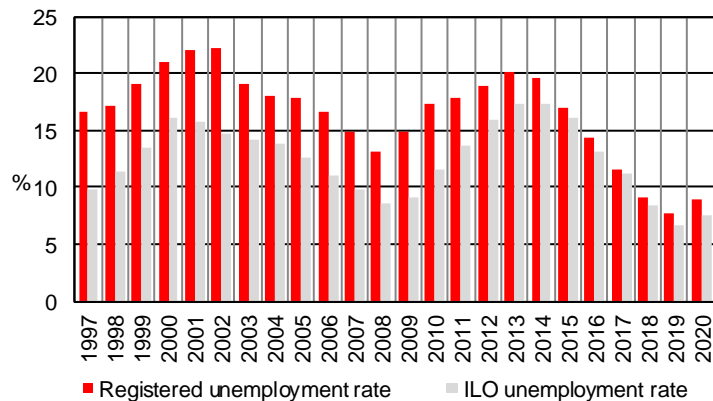
# Contributions of domestic and net foreign demand to GDP growth



\*The data refer to the first quarter of 2021.  
Source: CBS.

# Unemployment rate

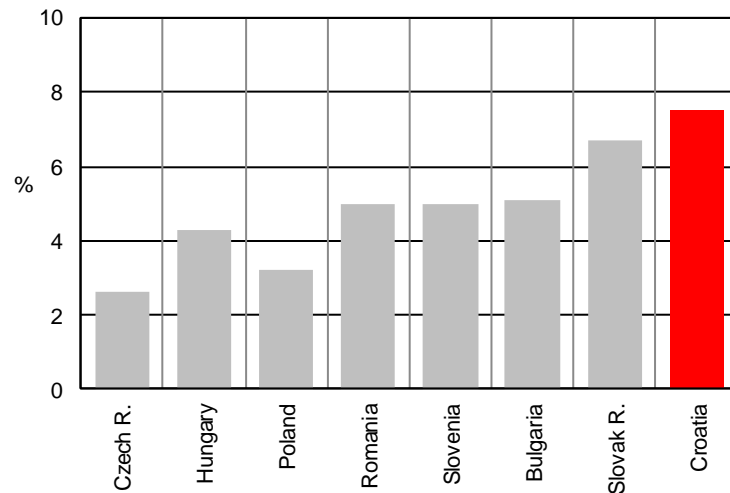
## Croatia



Note: Since the beginning of 2007 results from the Labour Force Survey have been published in quarterly dynamics. ILO unemployment rate refers to persons aged 15 years and over. Data on ILO unemployment rate for period 2007 – 2014 have been harmonised with the results of the Census of Population, Households and Dwellings in 2011, and are not comparable with data for period 2000 – 2006. Data for 2015 and 2016 have been revised due to availability of new estimates of the total population in Republic of Croatia. Data on administrative unemployment rate is revised for the period between January 2016 until December 2020.

Source: CBS.

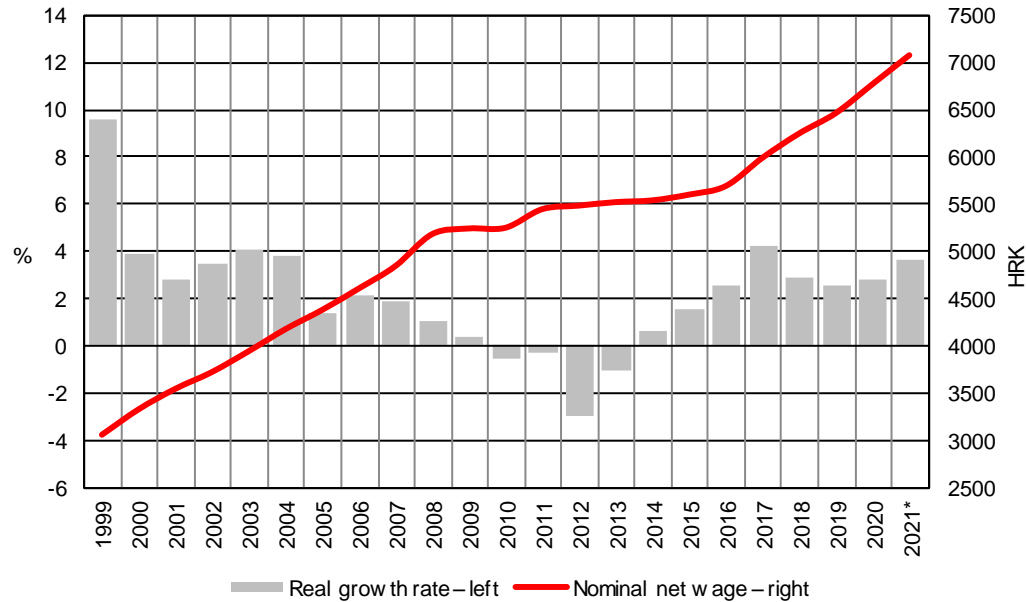
## ILO unemployment rate, peer countries, 2020



Note: ILO unemployment rate refers to persons aged 15 – 74.

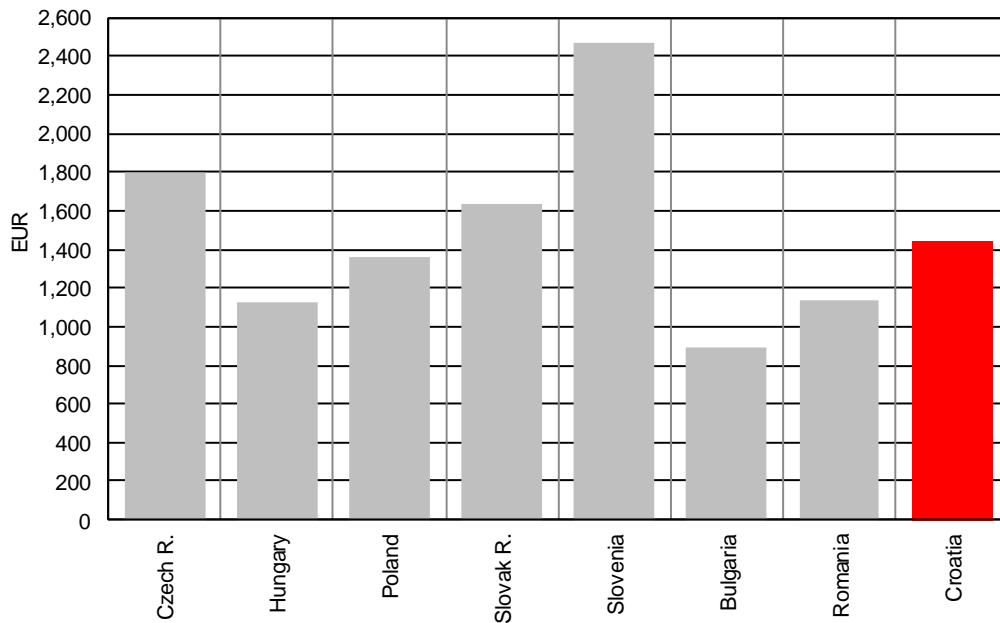
Source: Eurostat.

# Nominal and real net wages



\* Last available data is for wages paid for May.  
Sources: CBS, CNB.

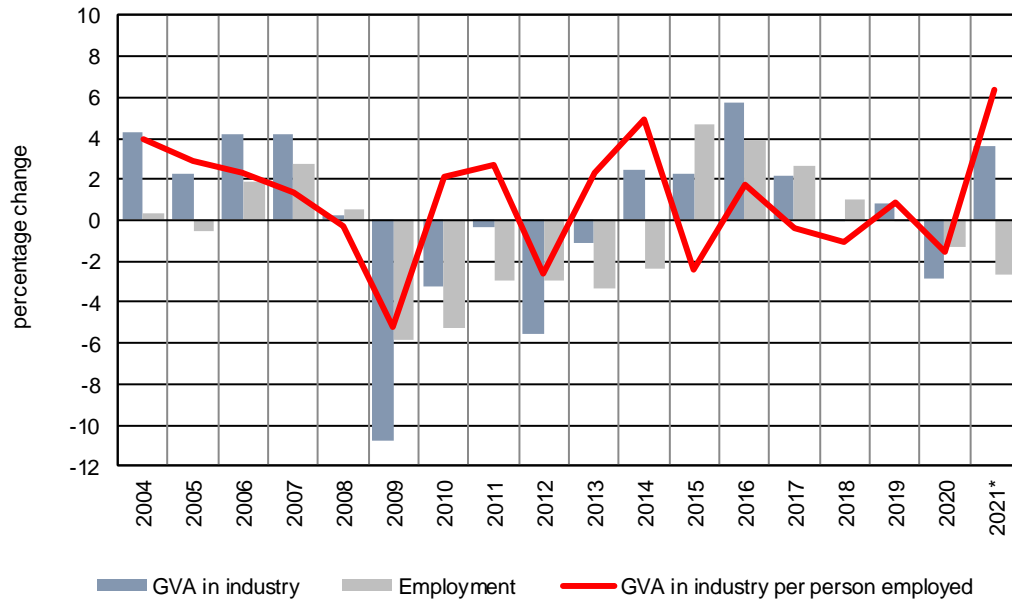
## Average monthly compensation per employee in economy, 2020.



Note: Average monthly compensation per employee in economy is calculated as a ratio of total monthly compensation paid to employees and number of employees.

Source: Eurostat.

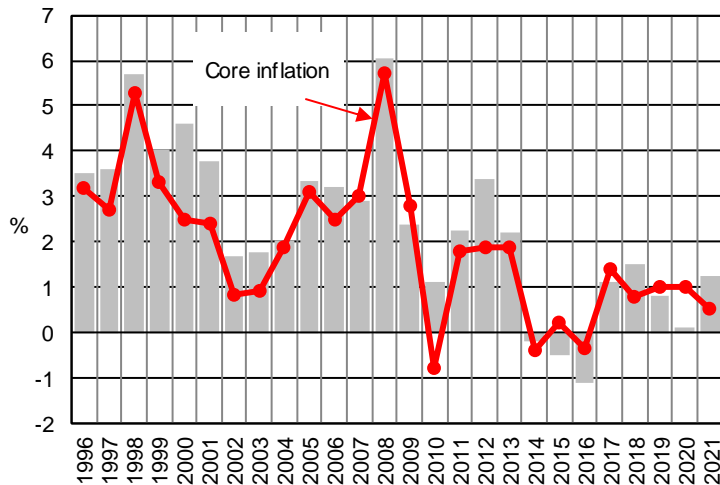
# Gross value added in industry per person employed



\*The data refer to the first quarter of 2021.  
Source: CBS.

# Inflation

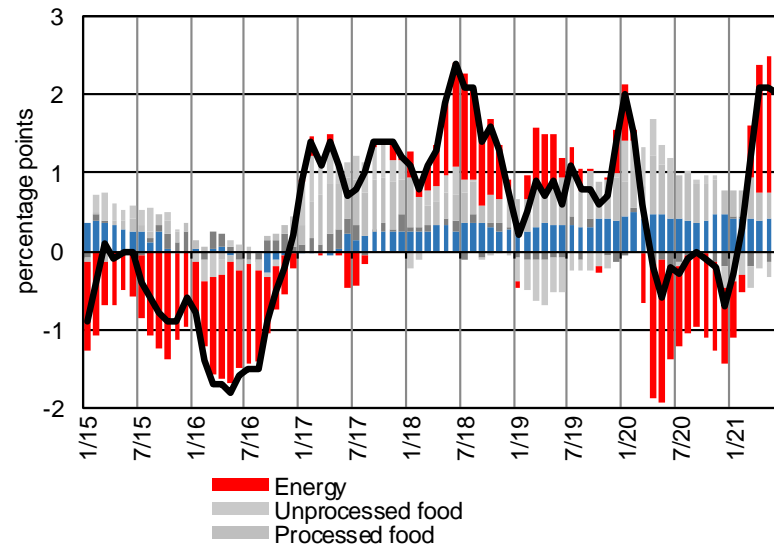
## Croatia



Note: CPI inflation (1996-1998 RPI inflation) and core inflation, average year-on-year rate of change. Data for 2021 refer to January – June 2021.

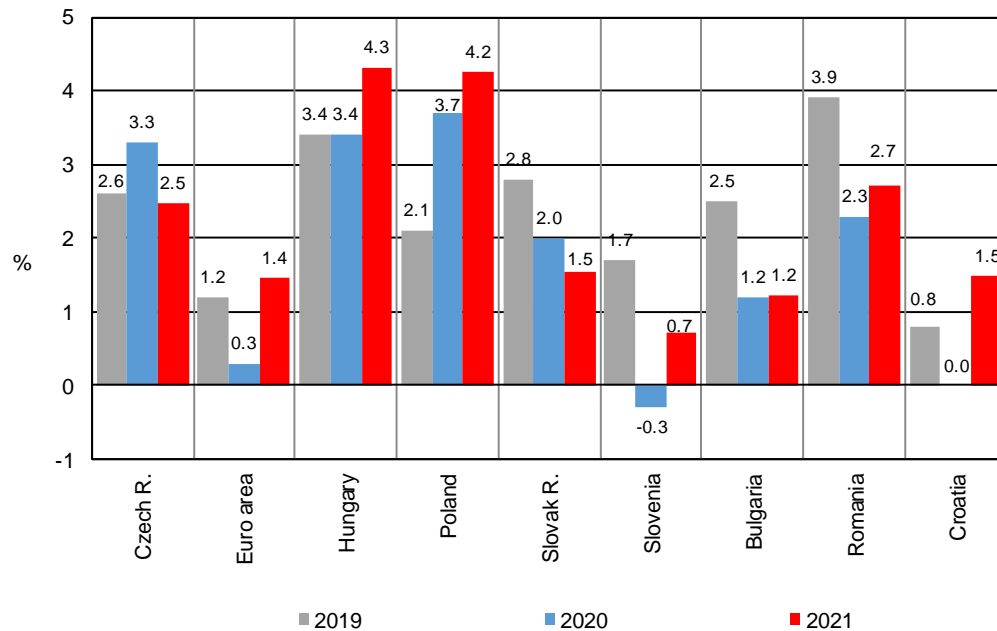
Source: CBS.

## Year-on-year inflation rates and components' contribution to consumer price inflation in Croatia



Sources: CBS and CNB's calculation.

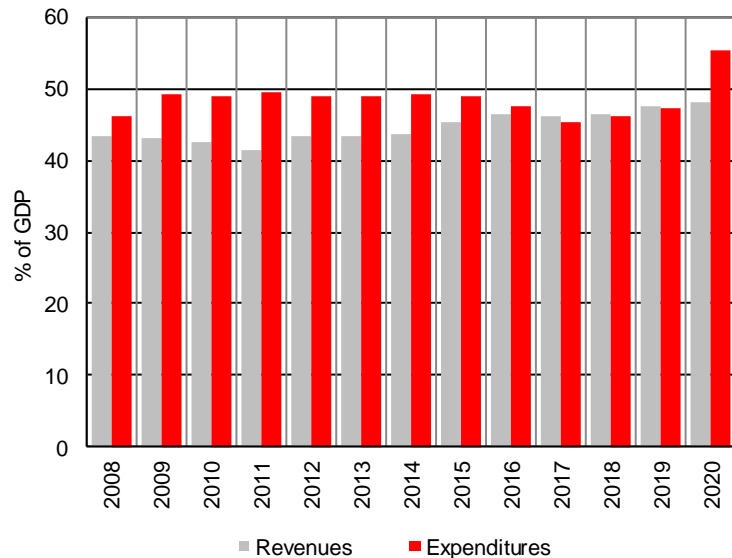
# Inflation in Croatia, euro area and peer countries



Note: Average year-on-year rate of change. Inflation is measured by harmonized consumer price index. Data for 2021 refer to January – June 2021.  
Source: Eurostat.

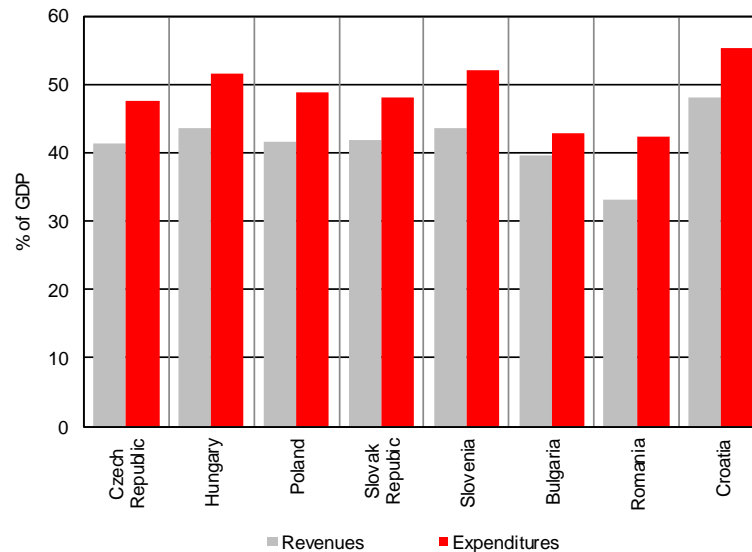
# Consolidated general government revenues and expenditures

## Croatia



Note: According to ESA 2010 methodology.  
Sources: Eurostat and CBS.

## Peer countries, 2020.

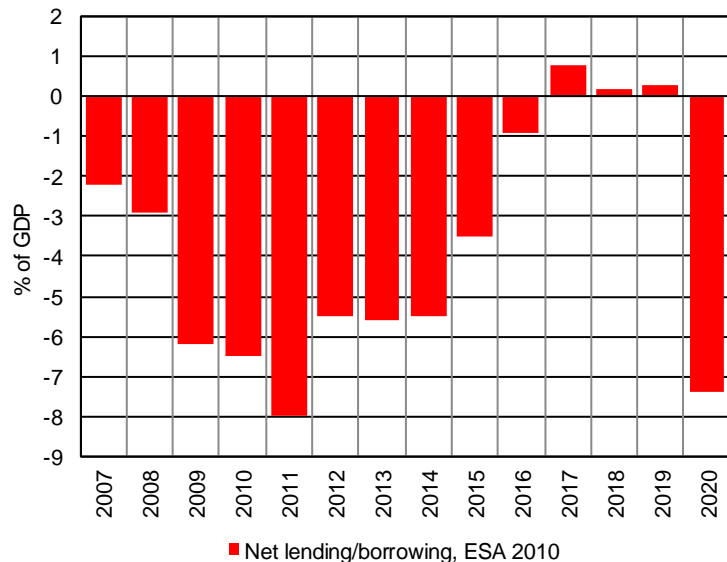


Note: According to ESA 2010 methodology.  
Sources: Eurostat and CBS.



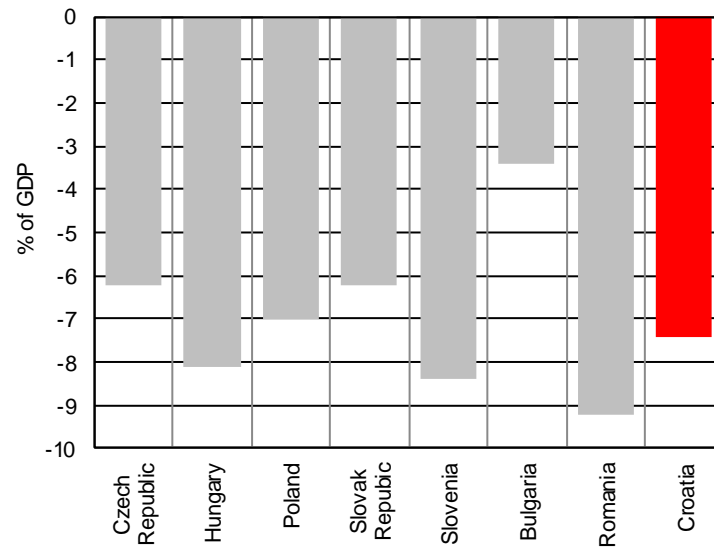
# Consolidated General Government Balance

## Croatia



Sources: Eurostat and CBS.

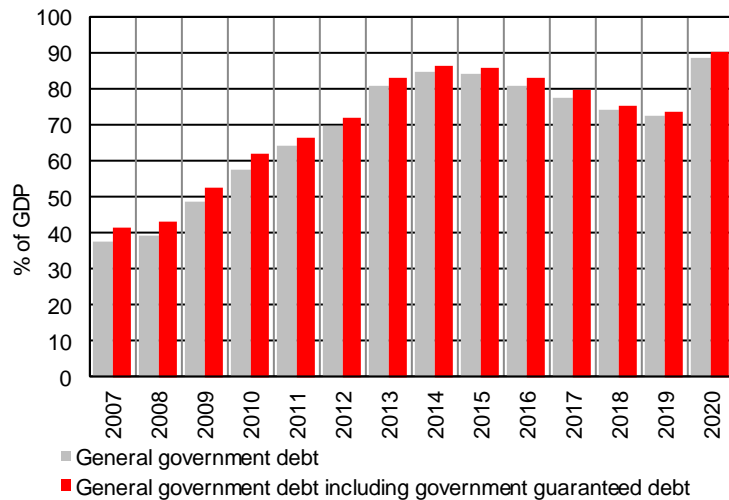
## Peer countries, 2020.



Note: According to ESA 2010 methodology.  
Sources: Eurostat and CBS.

# General government debt

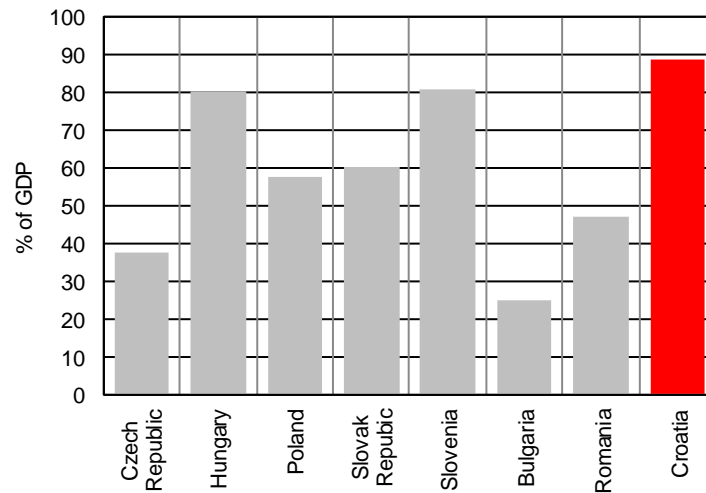
## Croatia



Note: Government guaranteed debt includes other sectors' domestic and external debt guaranteed by central government.

Sources: Eurostat and CBS.

## Peer countries, 2020.



Sources: Eurostat and CBS.



HNB

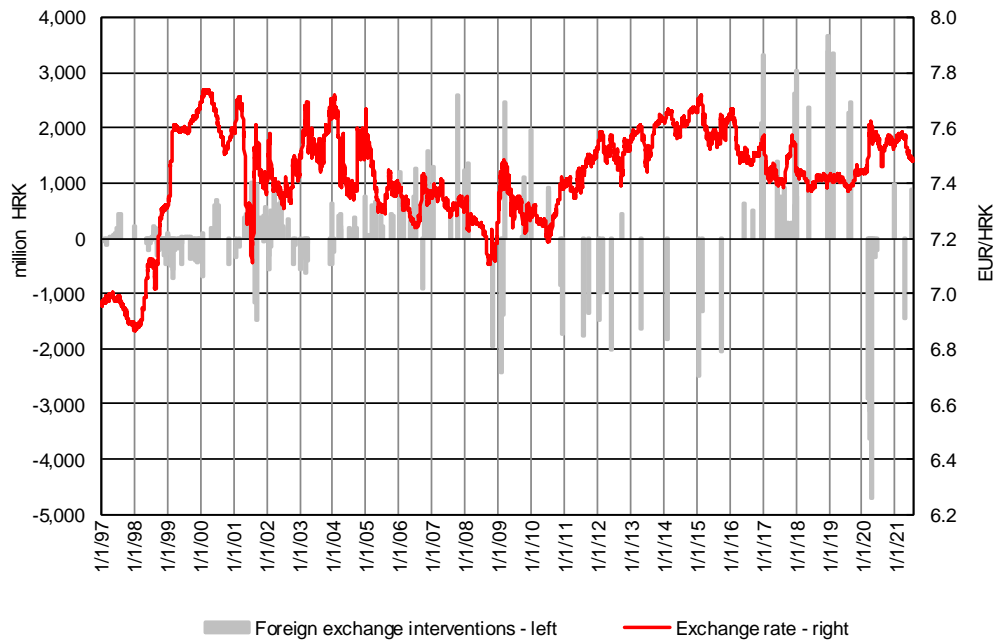
# Monetary policy

Central bank's policy

Monetary developments

Interest rates

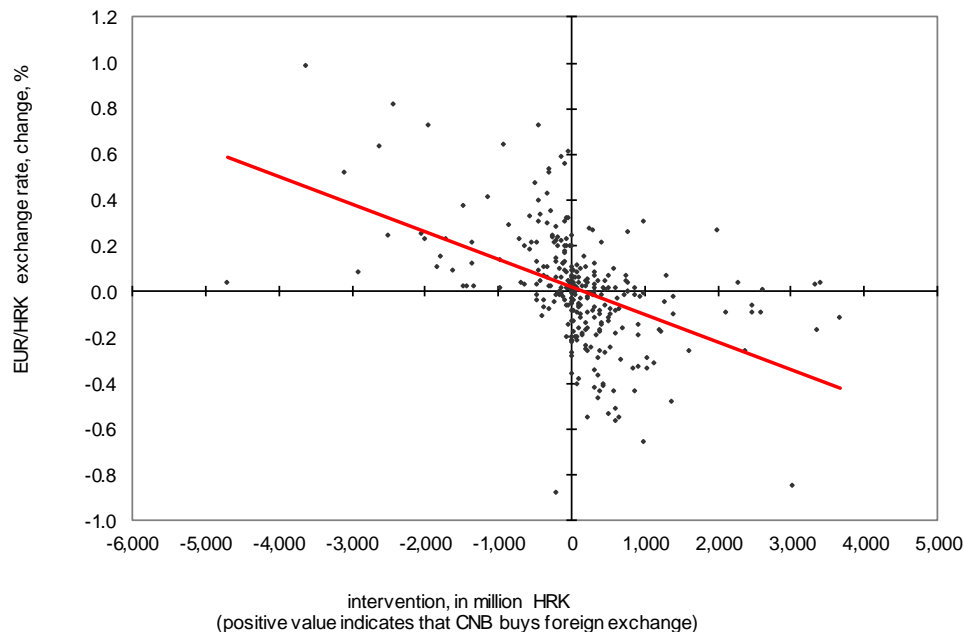
# Foreign exchange interventions and exchange rate



Note: EUR/HRK exchange rate before 1999 is calculated as product of DEM/HRK exchange rate and conversion factor (1.95583).

Source: CNB.

# Exchange rate movements before CNB intervention and amount of intervention, 1996 – 2021



Exchange rate of the intervention day relative to exchange rate 4 days prior to intervention (y-axis) and the intervention amount (x-axis).

Note: EUR/HRK exchange rate before 1999 is calculated as product of DEM/HRK exchange rate and conversion factor (1.95583).

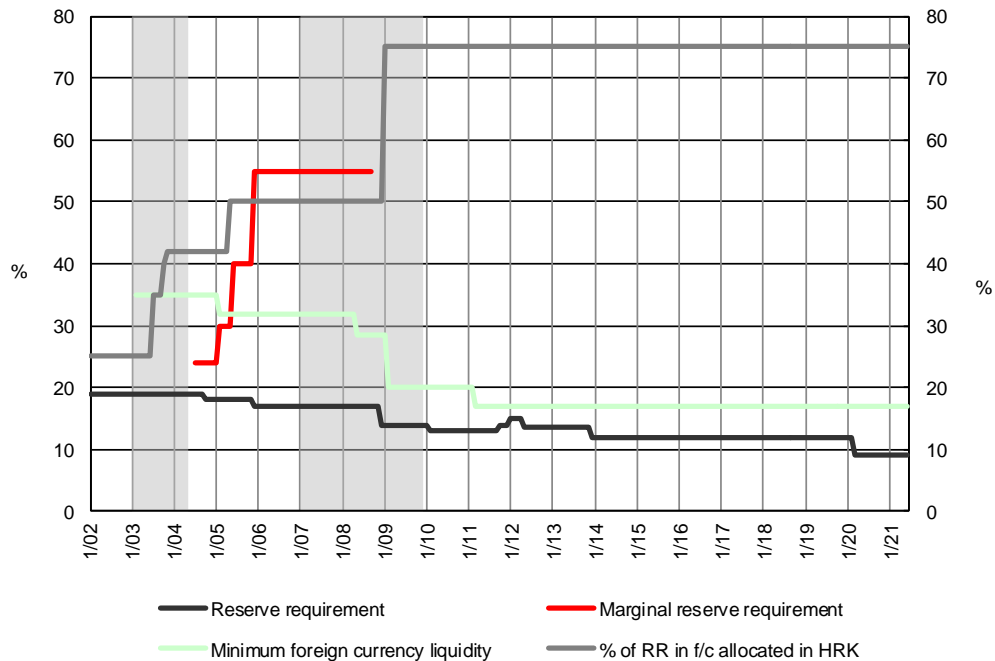
Source: CNB.

# Creation and withdrawal of reserve money



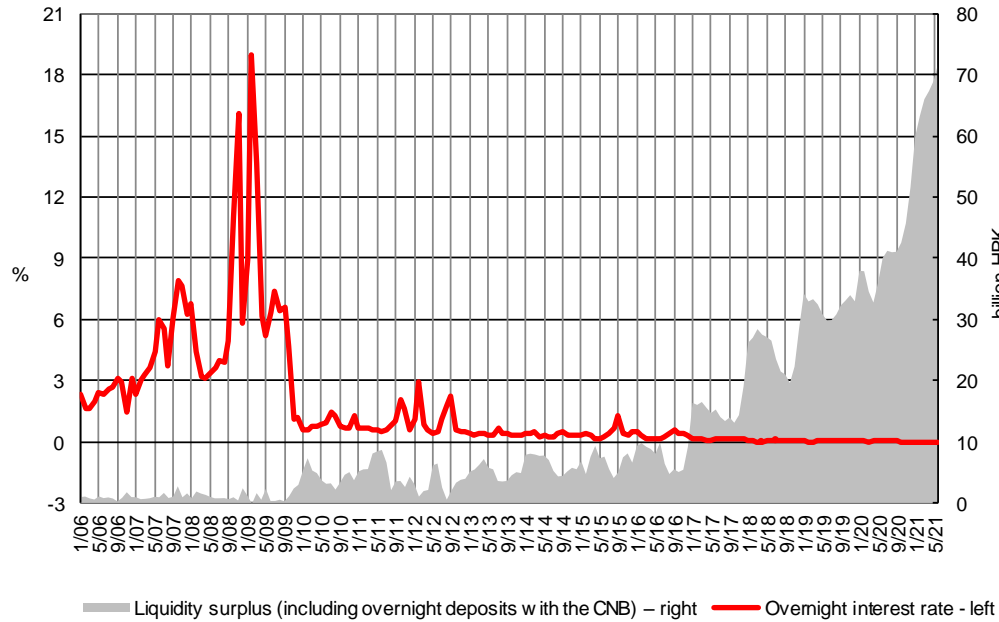
Note: The possibility of using Lombard credits was abolished, while the possibility of using overnight credits was introduced on 28 September 2017. Values for the regular and structural operations, as well as lombard/overnight credits are shown as change in one quarter. Foreign exchange transactions include purchases and sales of foreign currency by the CNB with credit institutions, MF, EC and swap agreements. Positive values reflect the purchase of foreign currency. Source: CNB.

# Reserve requirements and minimum f/c liquidity



Note: Shaded areas represent periods when banks' credit growth was regulated by compulsory CNB bills.  
Source: CNB.

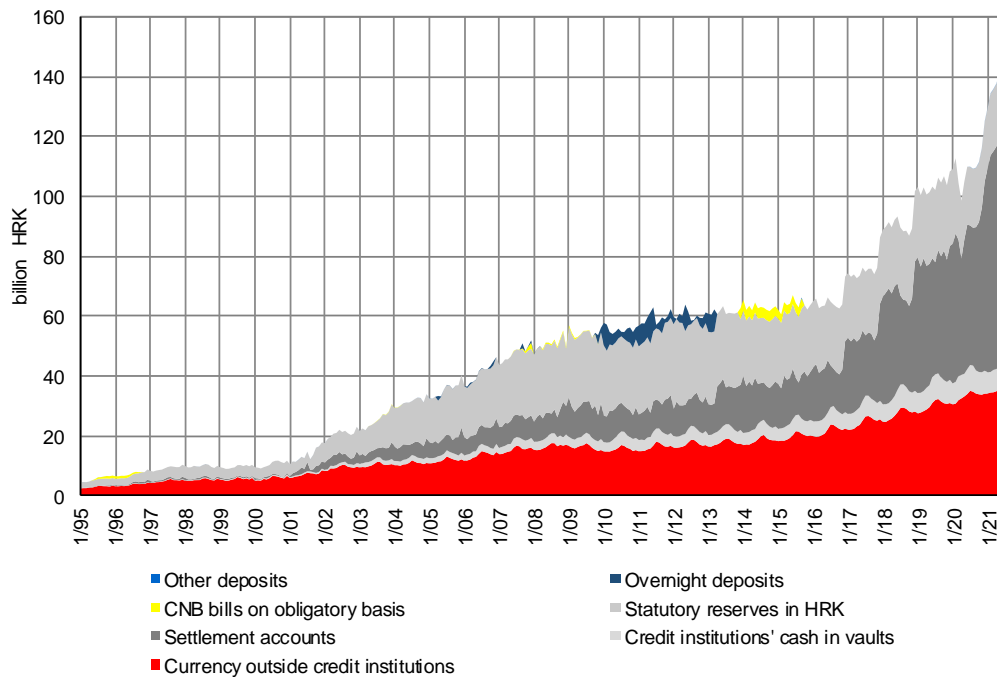
# Liquidity surplus and overnight interest rate



Note: Until the end of 2015 the overnight interest rate refers to the interbank overnight interest rate, while from the beginning of 2016 it refers to the interest rate on overnight interbank demand deposit trading.  
Source: CNB.

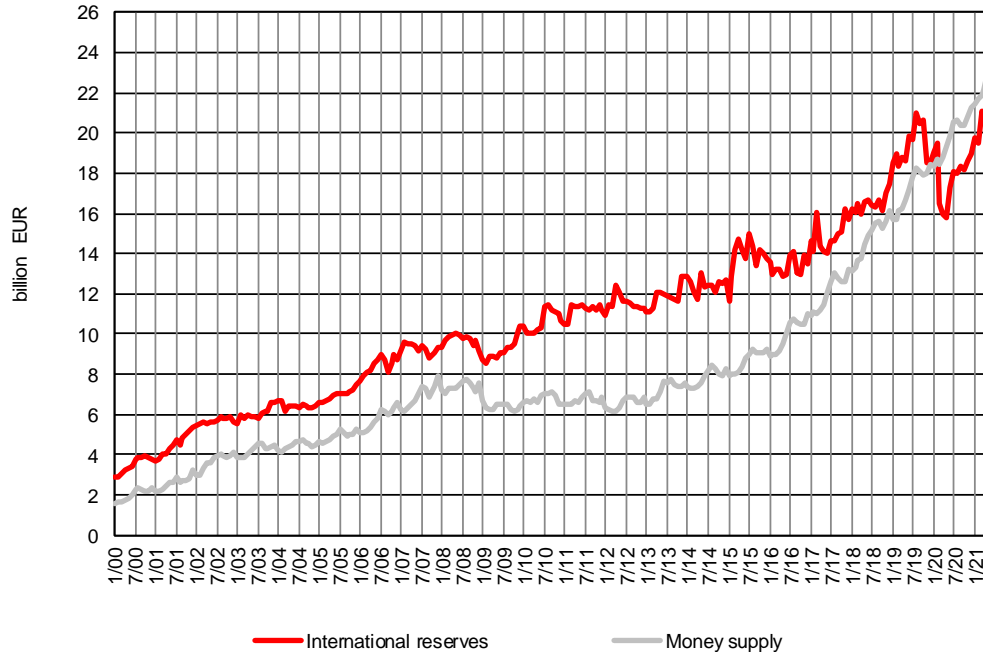


# Base money M0



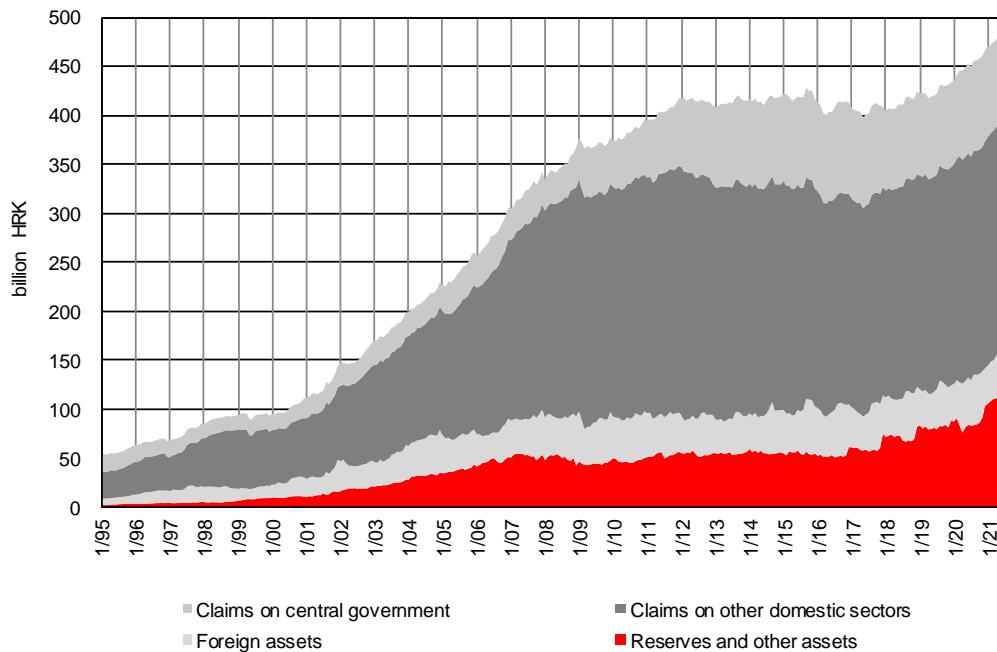
Source: CNB.

# CNB's international reserves and money supply



Source: CNB.

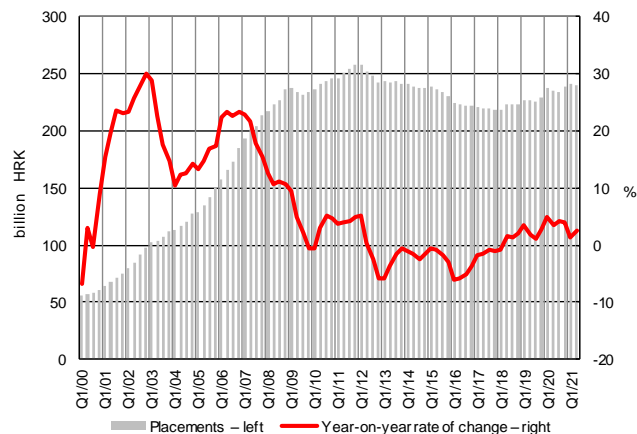
# Other monetary financial institutions' assets



Source: CNB.

# Placements to other domestic sectors (excluding government)

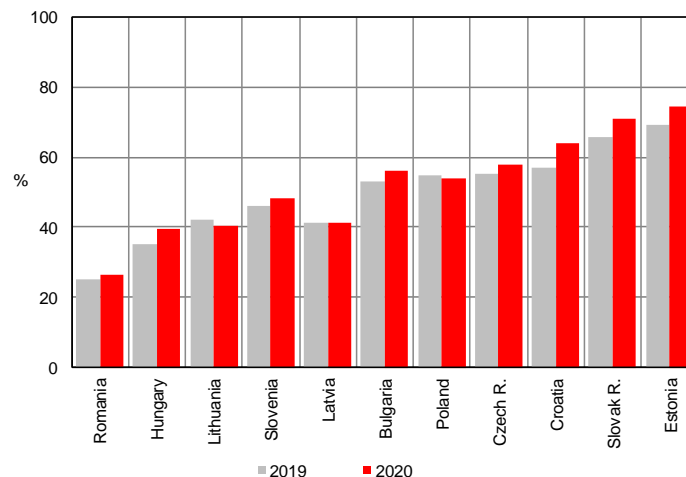
## Placements to other domestic sectors



Note: One-off effects substantially decreased the stock of placements and in 2012 they relate to the assumption of shipyards loans by the Ministry of Finance and the transaction of one bank which, aiming to reduce its partly recoverable and irrecoverable placements transferred a portion of its claims to a company indirectly owned by the parent bank. One-off effects in 2013 relate to the bankruptcy of Centar banka, methodological changes in the recording of fees and another transfer of one bank's recoverable and irrecoverable placements to an affiliated enterprise, while in 2015 and 2016 they relate to partial write-off of loans to households indexed to the Swiss Franc.

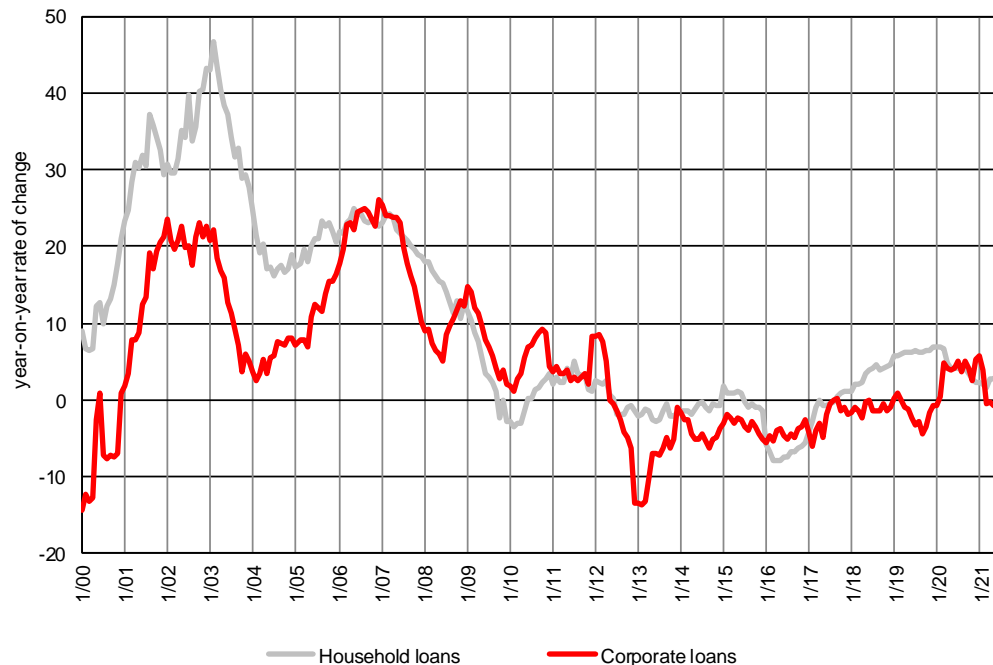
Source: CNB.

## Placements-to-GDP ratio



Sources: Eurostat, ECB, CNB and CBS.

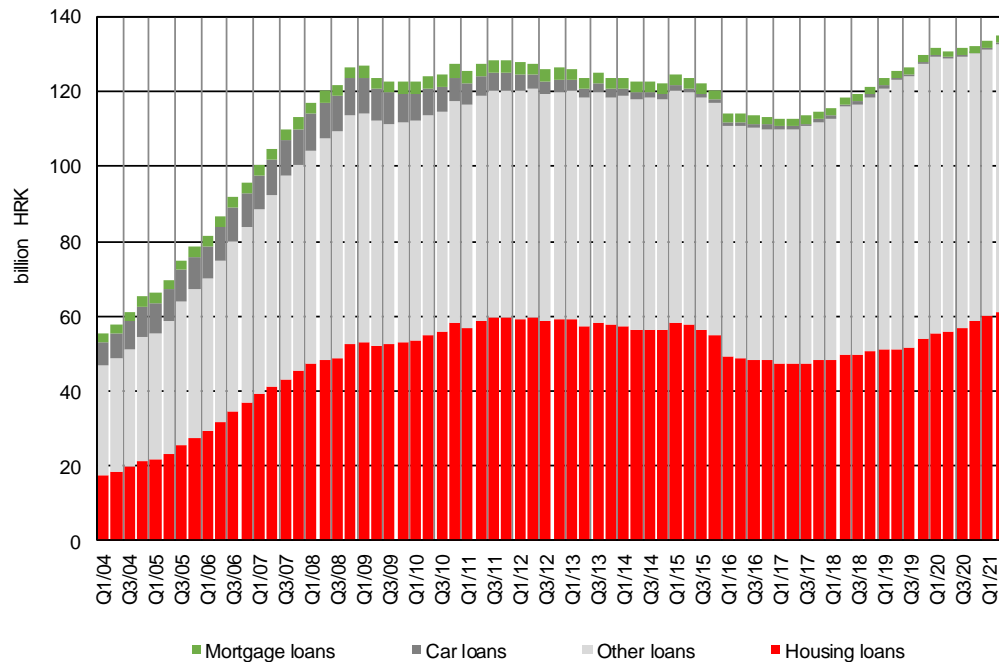
# Loans of other monetary financial institutions



Note: One-off effects substantially decreased the stock of loans and in 2012 they relate to the assumption of shipyards loans by the Ministry of Finance and the transaction of one bank which, aiming to reduce its partly recoverable and irrecoverable placements transferred a portion of its claims to a company indirectly owned by the parent bank. One-off effects in 2013 relate to the bankruptcy of Centar banka, methodological changes in the recording of fees and another transfer of one bank's recoverable and irrecoverable placements to an affiliated enterprise, while in 2015 and 2016 they relate to partial write-off of loans to households indexed to the Swiss Franc.

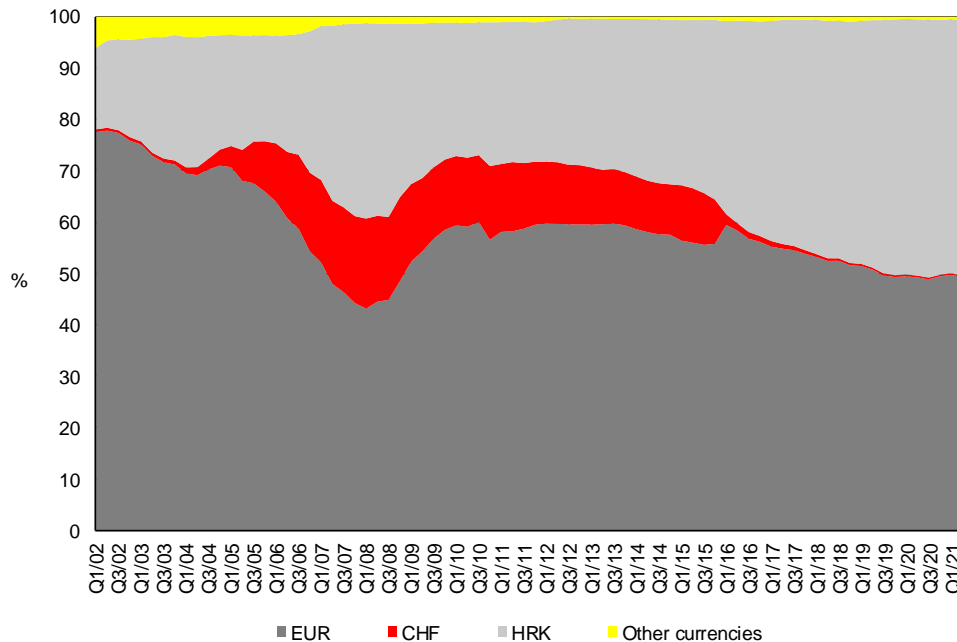
Source: CNB.

# Loans to households - structure



Source: CNB.

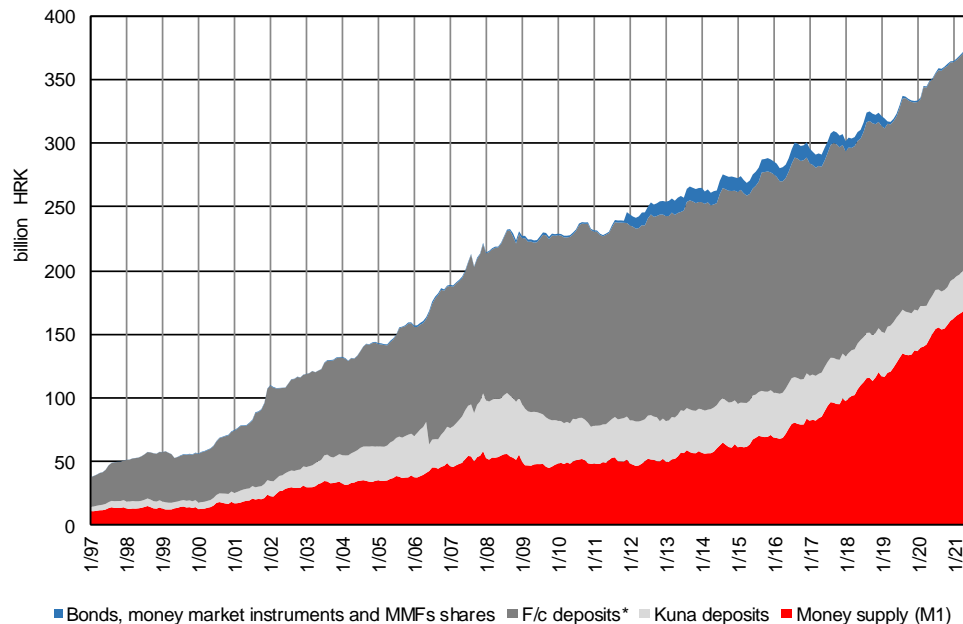
# Currency structure of other monetary financial institutions' placements



Note: Loans in foreign currency include loans denominated in that currency and loans indexed to that currency.

Source: CNB.

# Broad money (M4)

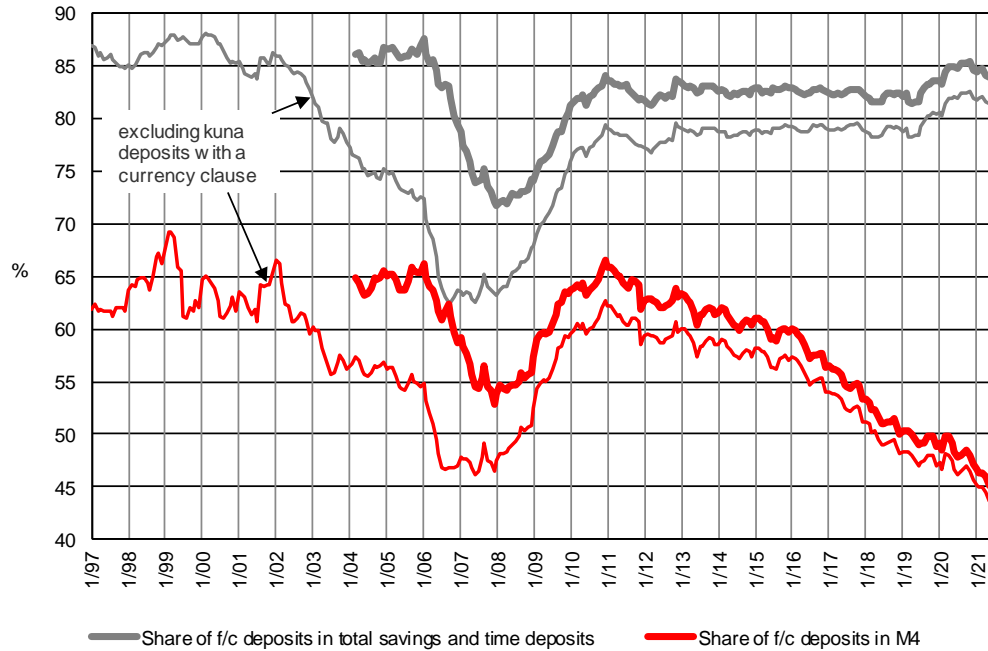


\* Up to May 2006, kuna deposits with a currency clause were included in kuna deposits, and from June 2006 on, they are included in F/c deposits.

Source: CNB.

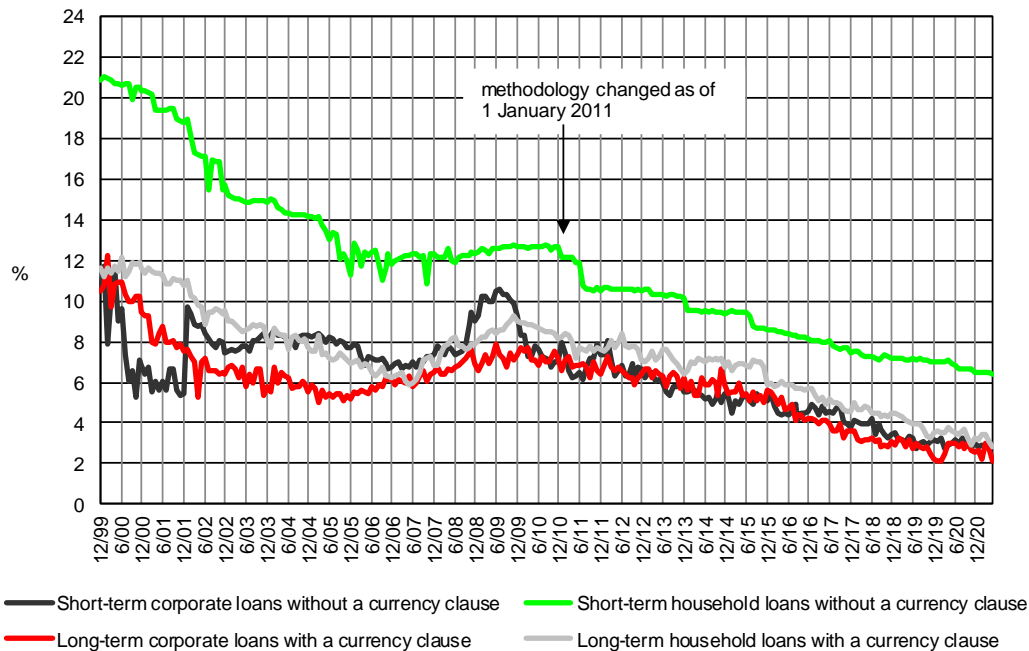


# Euroisation



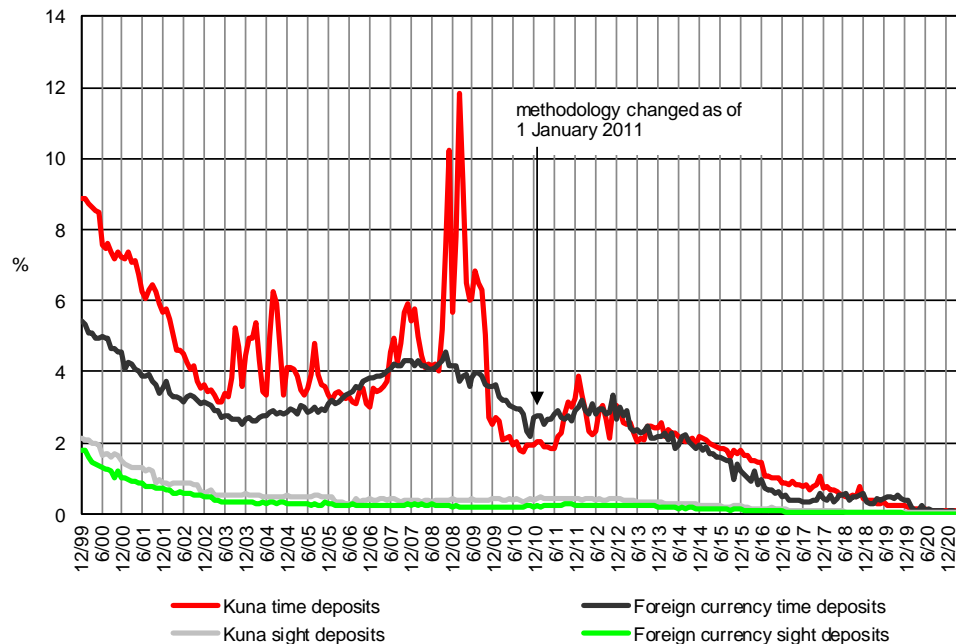
Source: CNB.

# Average lending interest rates



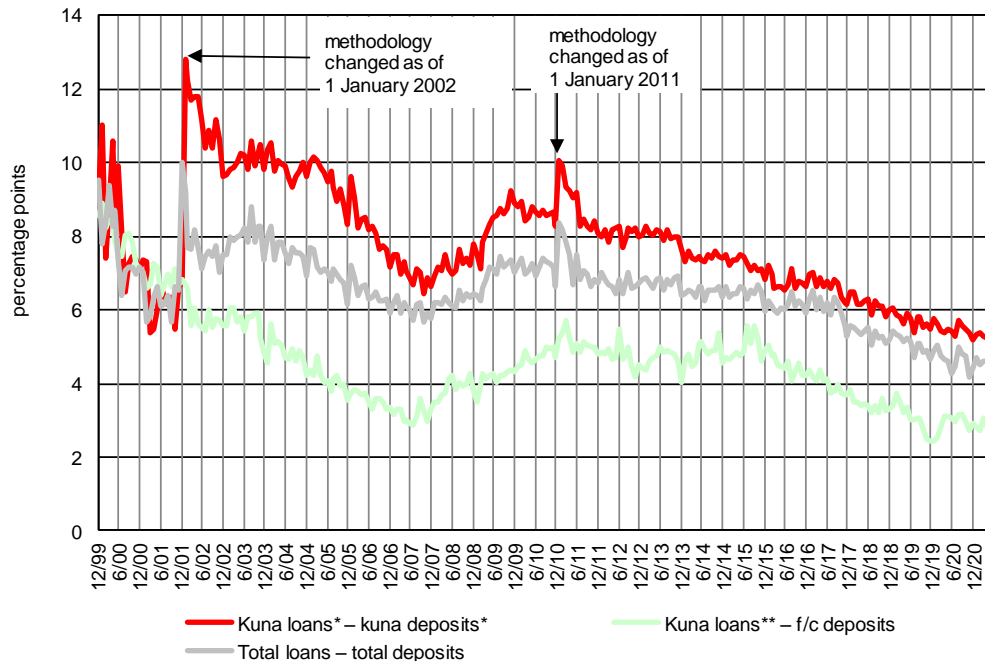
Note: Details about the new interest rate statistics:  
 Bulletin 204, June 2014  
 (<http://www.hnb.hr/publikac/bilten/arhiv/bilten-204/hbilt204.pdf>).  
 Source: CNB.

# Average deposit interest rates



Note: Details about the new interest rate statistics:  
Bulletin 204, June 2014  
(<http://www.hnb.hr/publikac/bilten/arhiv/bilten-204/hbilt204.pdf>).  
Source: CNB.

# Interest rate spread



\* without a currency clause

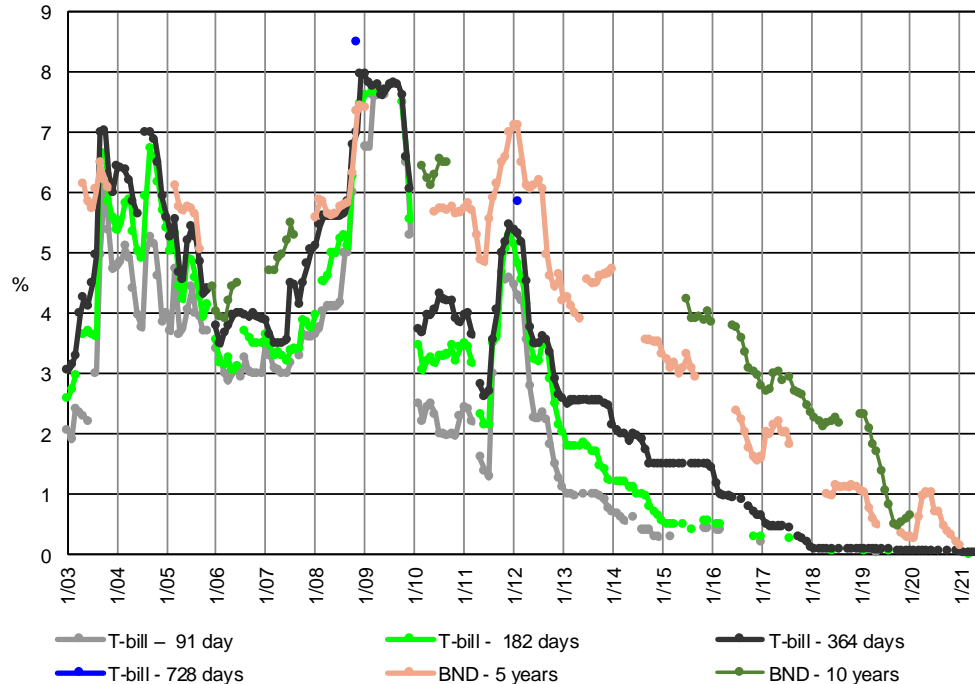
\*\* with a currency clause

Note: Details about the new interest rate statistics:  
Bulletin 204, June 2014

(<http://http://www.hnb.hr/publikac/bilten/arhiv/bilten-204/ebilt204.pdf>).

Source: CNB.

# Yield on T-bills and kuna government bond



T-bills, bonds - average price in a month.  
Sources: MoF and ZSE.

## Bonds listed on the ZSE

Issuer	Year of issue	Original maturity	Currency	Nominal value (millions)	Nominal interest rate
<b>State</b>					
Republic of Croatia	2011	11 years	EUR	1,000	6.500%
Republic of Croatia	2013	11 years	EUR	1,400	5.750%
Republic of Croatia	2015	10 years	HRK	6,000	4.500%
Republic of Croatia	2015	11 years	HRK	10,000	4.250%
Republic of Croatia	2017	5 years	HRK	3,000	2.250%
Republic of Croatia	2017	11 years	HRK	5,500	2.875%
Republic of Croatia	2017	15 years	HRK	3,000	3.250%
Republic of Croatia	2017 and 2018	6 years	HRK	11,300	1.750%
Republic of Croatia	2018 and 2019	11 years	HRK	10,000	2.375%
Republic of Croatia	2019	3 years	EUR	500	0.500%
Republic of Croatia	2019	5 years	HRK	3,500	0.250%
Republic of Croatia	2019	15 years	HRK	7,500	1.000%
Republic of Croatia	2020	5 years	HRK	5,000	0.250%
Republic of Croatia	2020	20 years	EUR	800	1.250%
Republic of Croatia	2020	7 years	EUR	1,445	0.750%
Republic of Croatia	2021	7 years	HRK	9,000	0.500%

Stock as at 16 July 2021.  
Source: ZSE.

Issuer	Year of issue	Original maturity	Currency	Nominal value (millions)	Nominal interest rate
<b>Corporate</b>					
Optima telekom d.d.	2007	15.3 years	HRK	250	5.250%
Dalekovod d.d.	2014	15.3 years	HRK	16	4.000%
Dalekovod d.d.	2014	15.3 years	EUR	1	4.000%
Zagrebački holding d.o.o.	2016	7 years	HRK	2,300	3.875%
LANIŠTE d.o.o.	2016	16.2 years	EUR	55	4.500%
Erste&Steiermärkische banka d.d.	2017	5 years	EUR	50	1.813%
Erste&Steiermärkische banka d.d.	2018	5 years	HRK	300	1.500%
Jadran Galenski laboratorij d.o.o.	2019	5 years	HRK	130	1.750%
Samoborka d.d.	2019	5 years	EUR	7	5.900%
Atlantic Grupa d.d.	2020	5 years	HRK	300	0.875%
Erste&Steiermärkische banka d.d.	2021	5 years	EUR	45	0.750%
<b>Municipal</b>					
City of Varaždin	2021	10 years	HRK	67	1.650%
<b>Delisted:</b>					
Republic of Croatia	2016	5 years	HRK	6,000	2.750%

Stock as at 16 July 2021.  
Source: ZSE.



HNB

# External sector

Exchange rate

Foreign trade

Current account

External debt

FDI

## Exchange rate policy

- Managed floating
- Exchange rate is market determined and based on supply and demand
- Central bank intervenes on the forex market through forex auctions, but it does not defend any predetermined rate or band

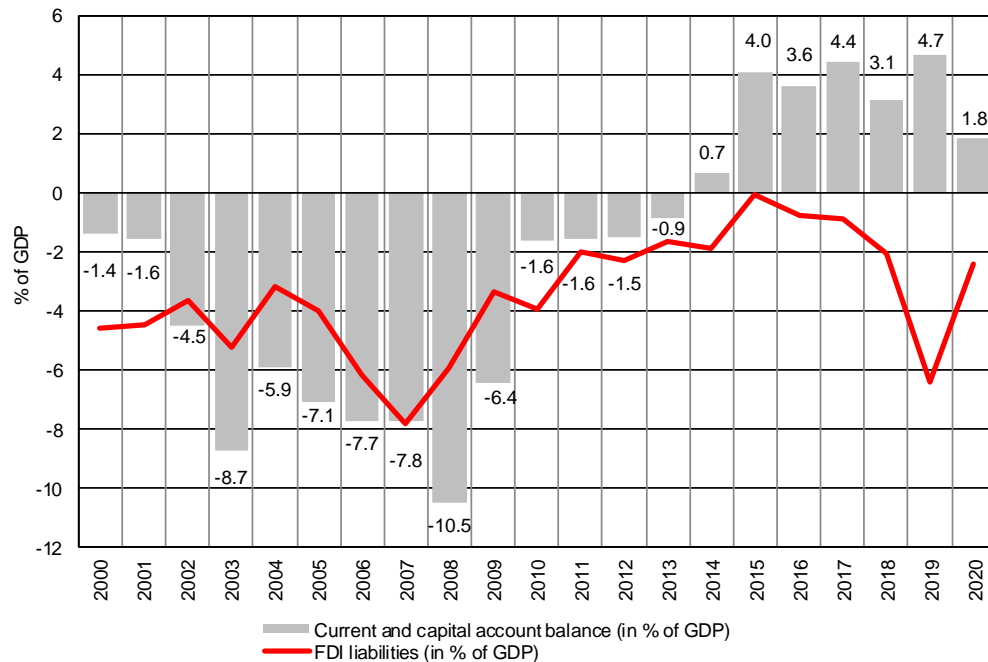


# Foreign exchange market

- Kuna is fully convertible
- No restrictions on repatriation of profits\* and liquidation of investments
- Banks freely determine the exchange rate, engage in the foreign exchange operations and conduct international payment transactions

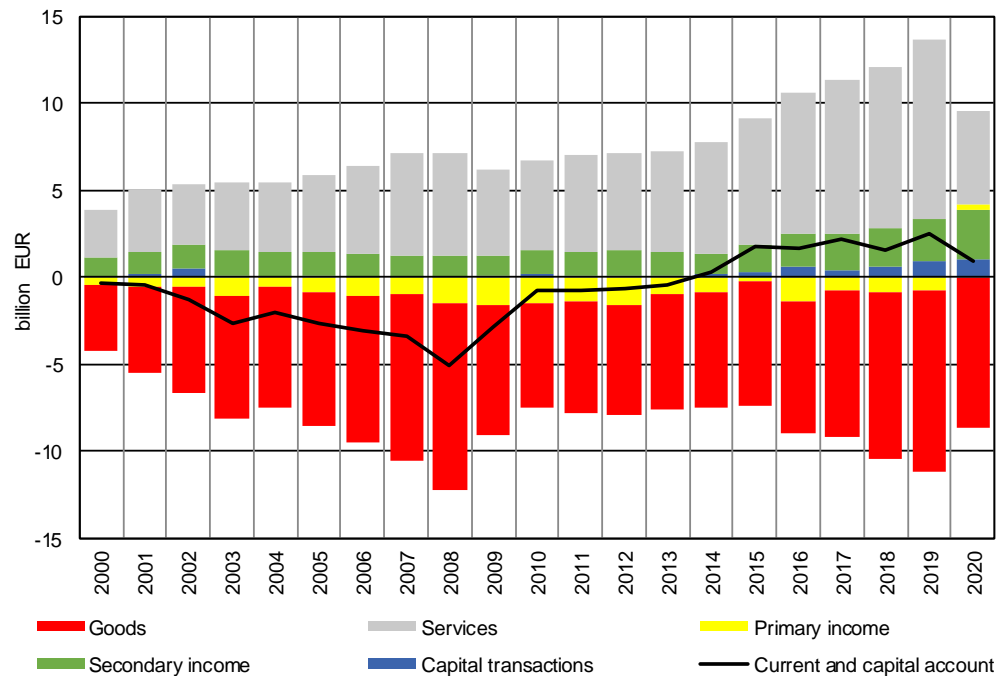
\* Temporary restriction for credit institutions due to the pandemic of the COVID-19 disease, aimed at increasing their resilience and maintaining the stability of the financial system.

# Current and capital account balance and FDI liabilities



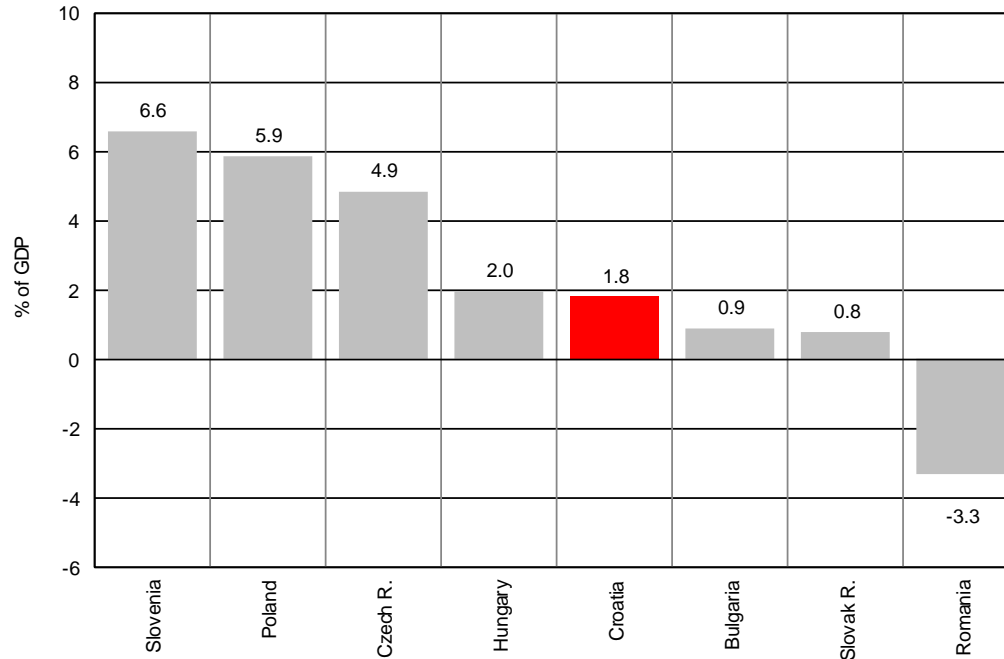
Note: According to BPM6 and ESA 2010 methodology. The FDI liabilities data doesn't include round tripping. Negative values of FDI liabilities indicate inflow of FDI. Source: CNB.

# Structure of the current and capital account balance



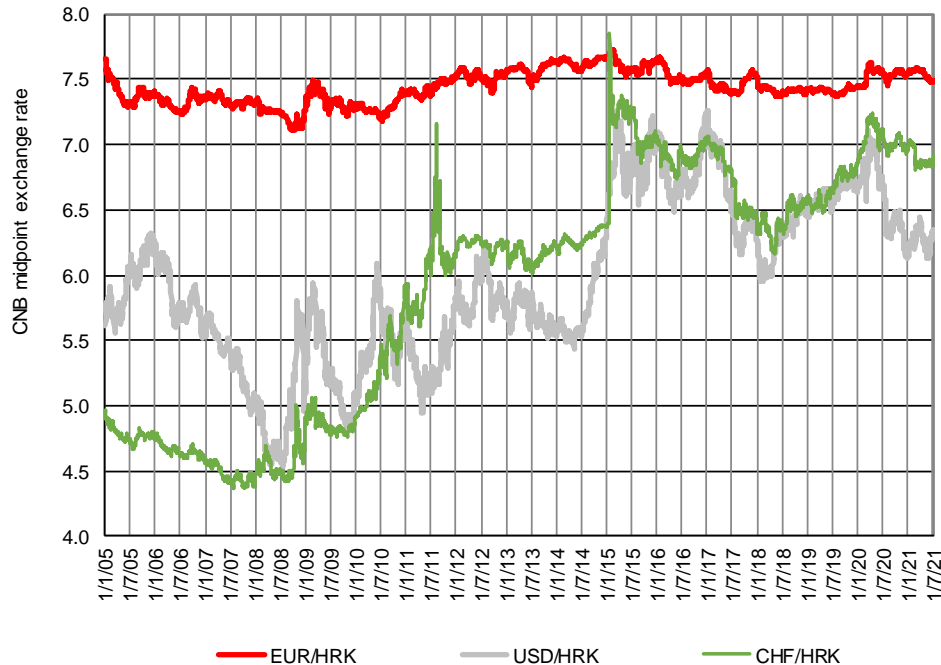
Source: CNB.

# Current and capital account balance by countries, 2020



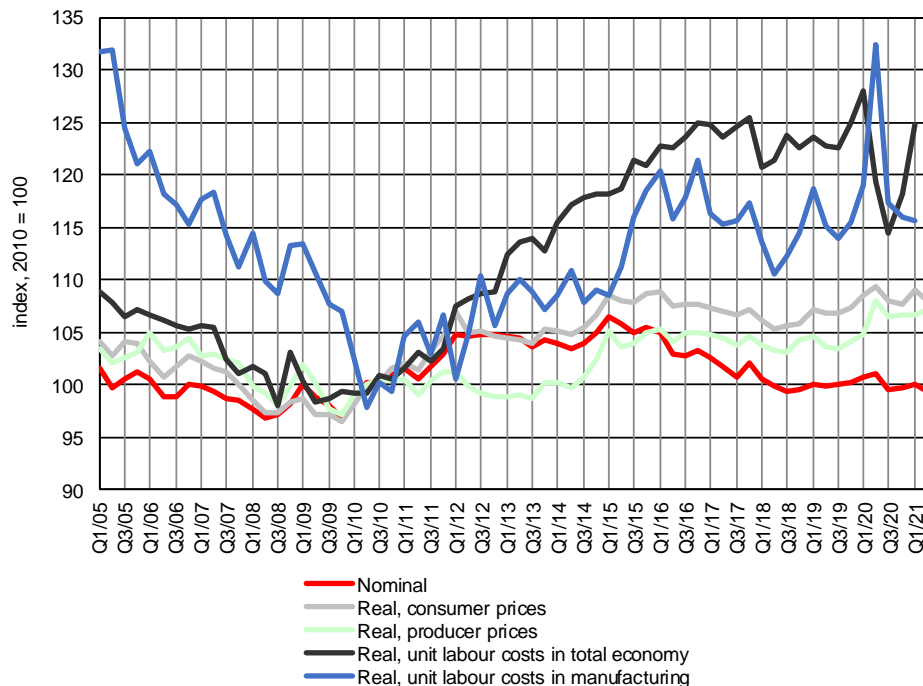
Sources: Eurostat and CNB.

# Daily nominal exchange rates HRK vs. EUR, USD and CHF



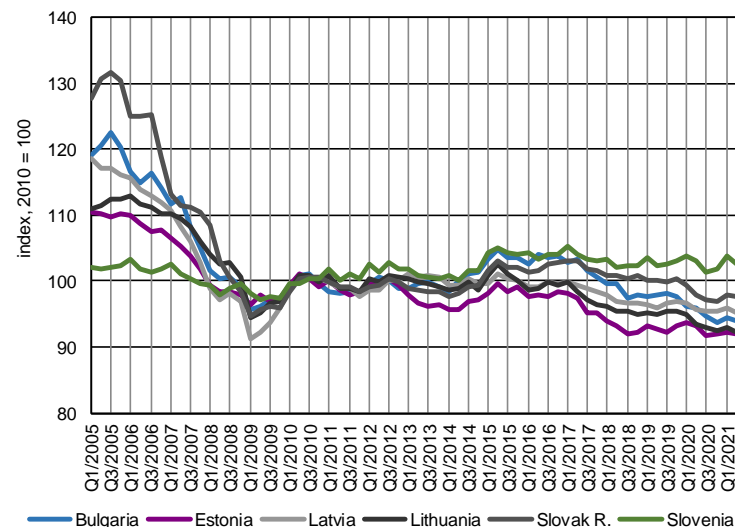
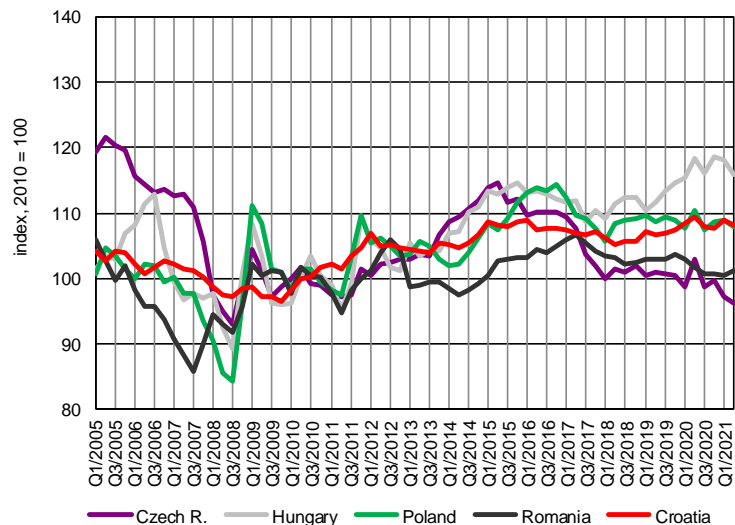
Source: CNB.

# Index of nominal and real effective kuna exchange rate



Note: The real effective exchange rate of the kuna deflated by producer prices is based on the Croatian index of industrial producer prices on the total market. The unit labour cost (ULC) is defined as the ratio of labour costs to labour productivity (expressed as GDP per employee). The fall of index denotes appreciation of the kuna. Data for the second quarter of 2021 of the kuna deflated by consumer and producer prices refer to April and May.  
Source: CNB.

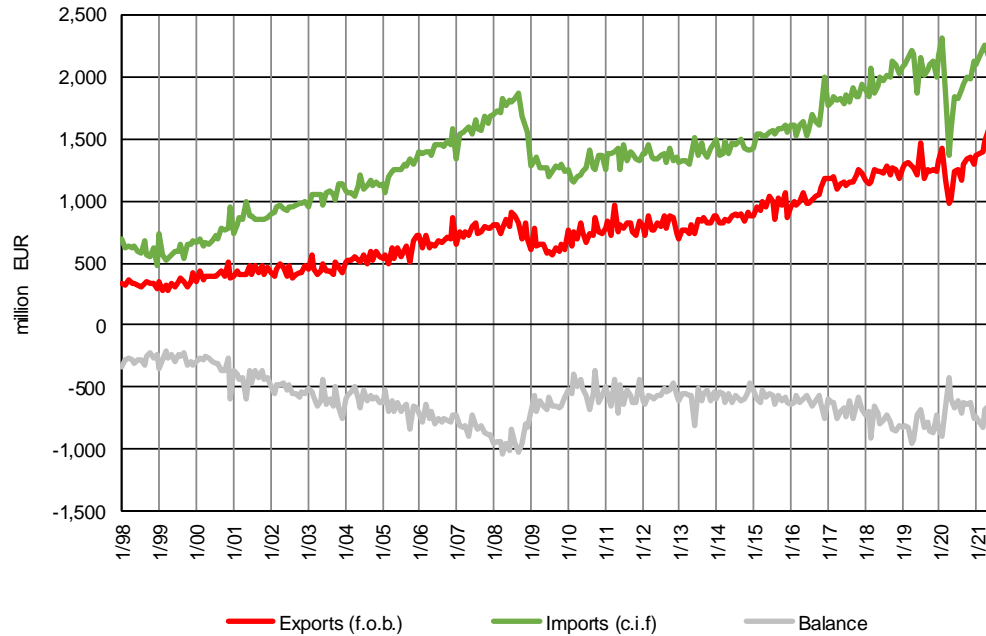
# Index of real effective exchange rate deflated by CPI



Note: The fall of index denotes real effective appreciation. Data for the second quarter of 2021 of the kuna deflated by consumer and producer prices refer to April and May.

Sources: BIS and CNB.

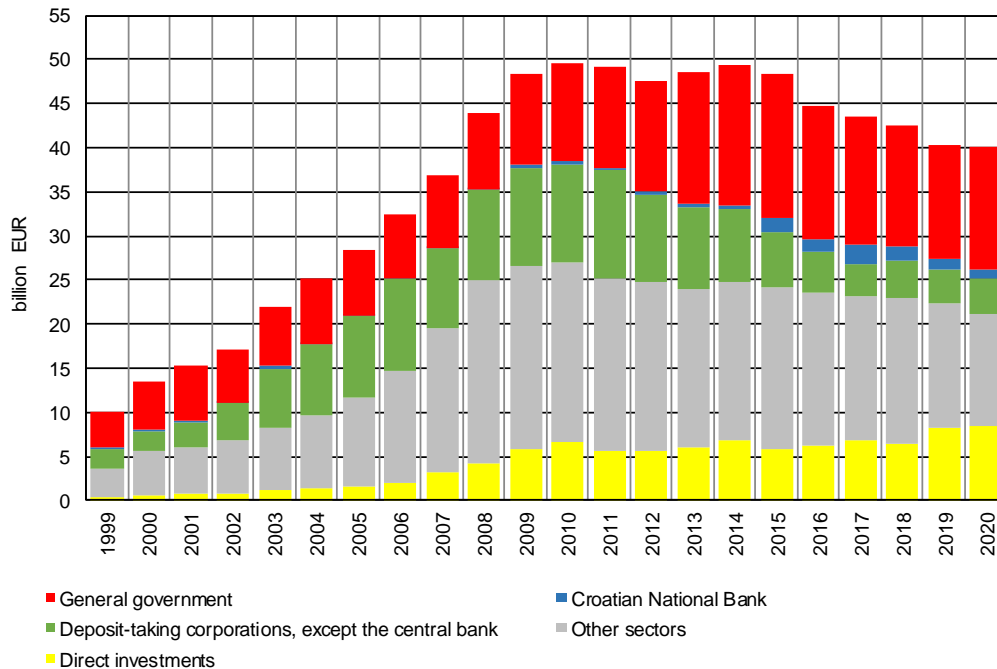
# Merchandise trade



Note: Seasonally adjusted data.  
Sources: CBS and CNB.

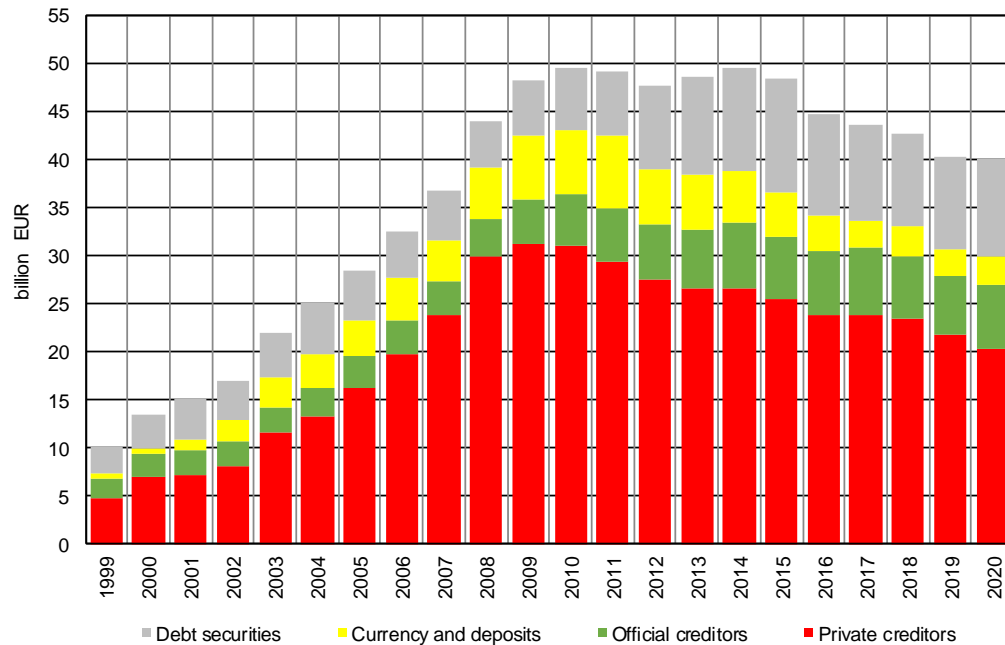


# Gross external debt by debtors



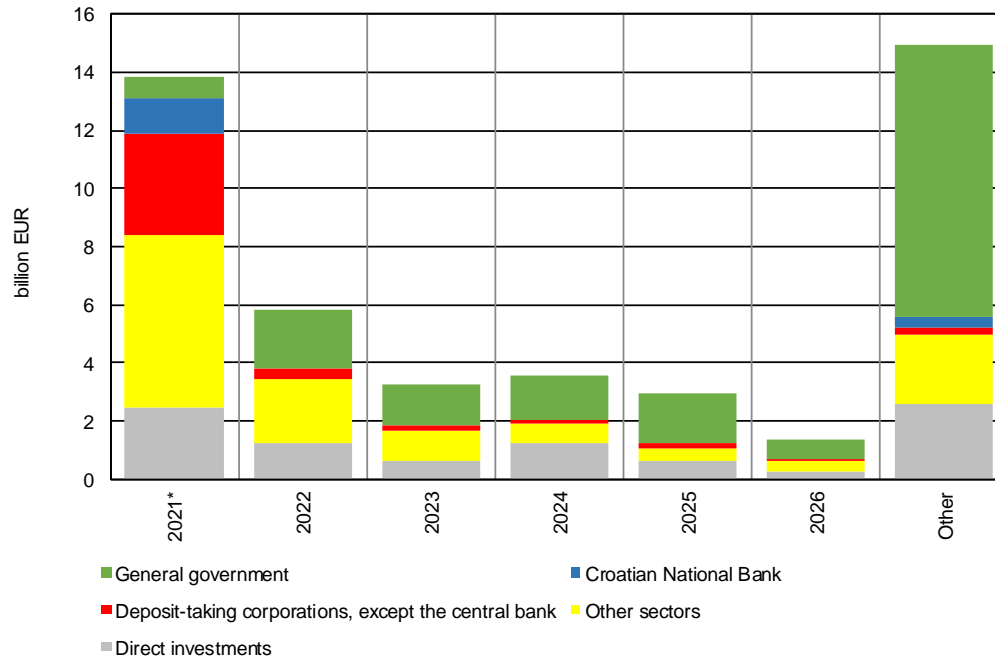
Note: According to BPM6 and ESA2010 methodology.  
Source: CNB.

# Gross external debt by creditors



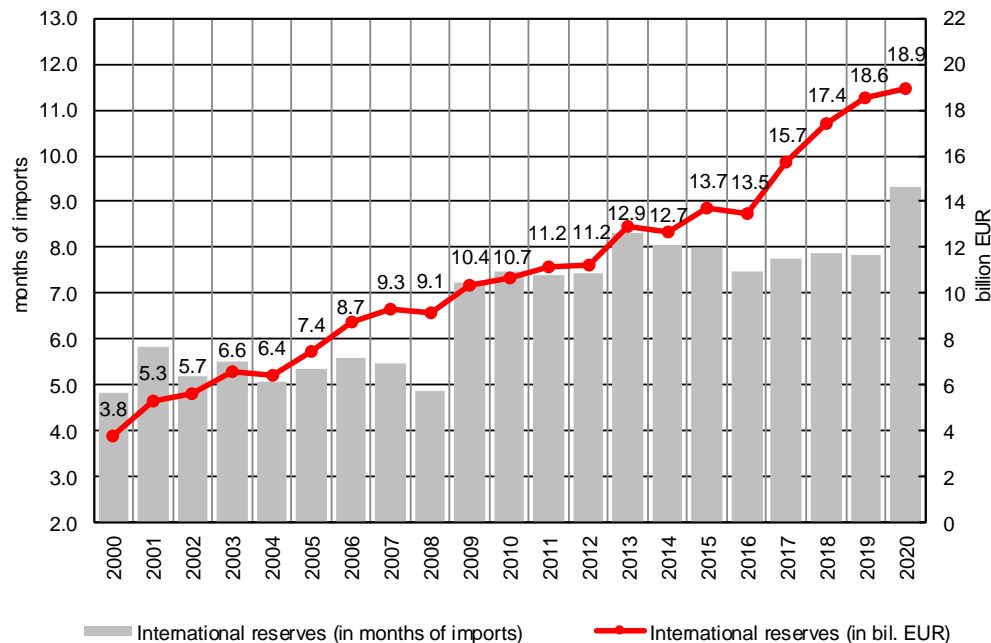
Source: CNB.

# Estimated future principal and interest payments by debtors



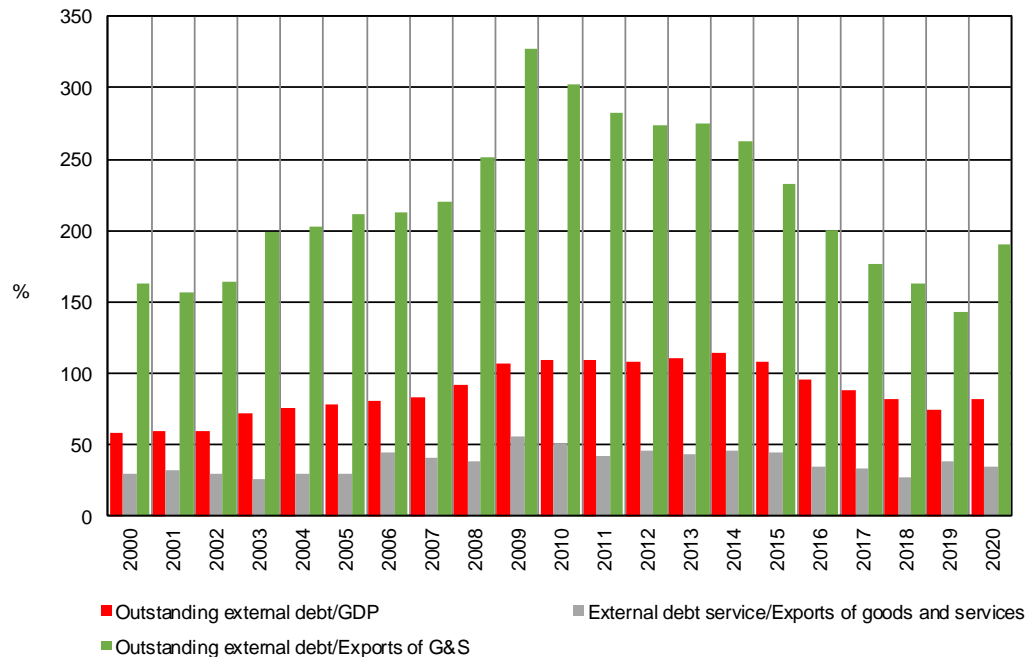
\* Data for 2021 refer to projected repayments from the beginning of May to the end of December.  
Notes: According to gross external debt data as at end-April 2021. Data doesn't include arrears.  
Source: CNB.

# International reserves in EUR and in months of imports of goods and services



Source: CNB.

## External debt ratios

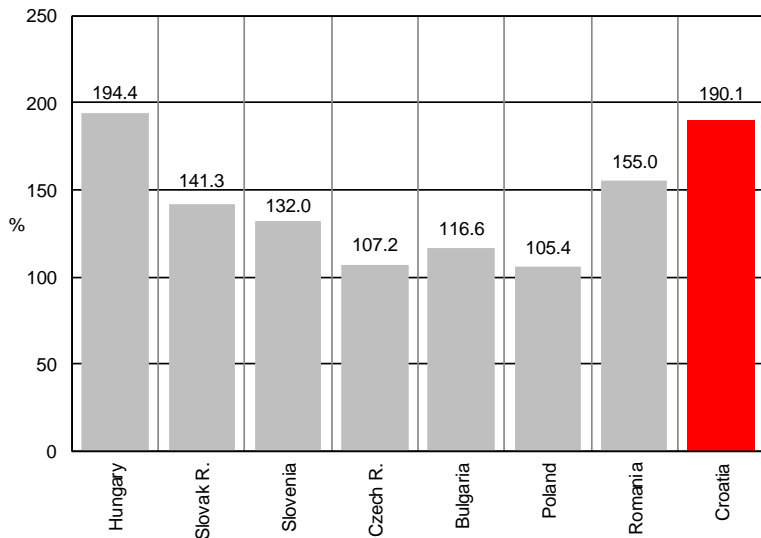


Note: External debt service includes principal payments on bonds, long-term trade credits and long-term loans (excluding liabilities to affiliated enterprises), as well as total interest payments (including FISIM), without interest payments on direct investment.

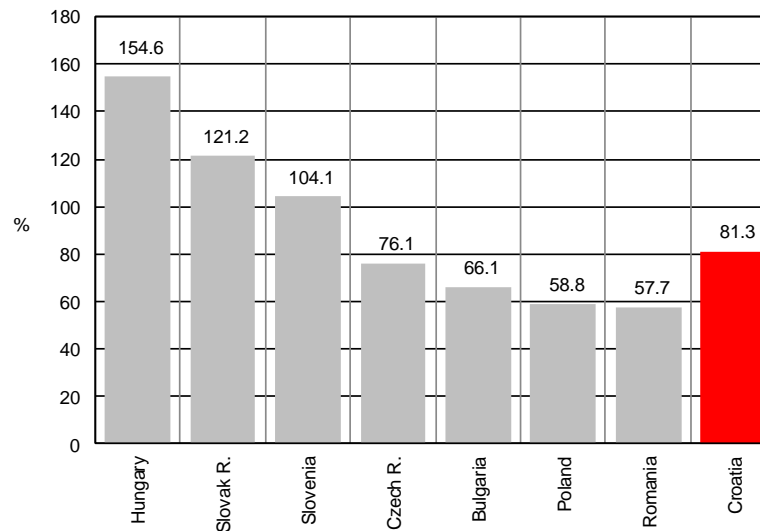
Source: CNB.

# External debt ratios by countries, 2020

## Outstanding external debt/Exports of G&S

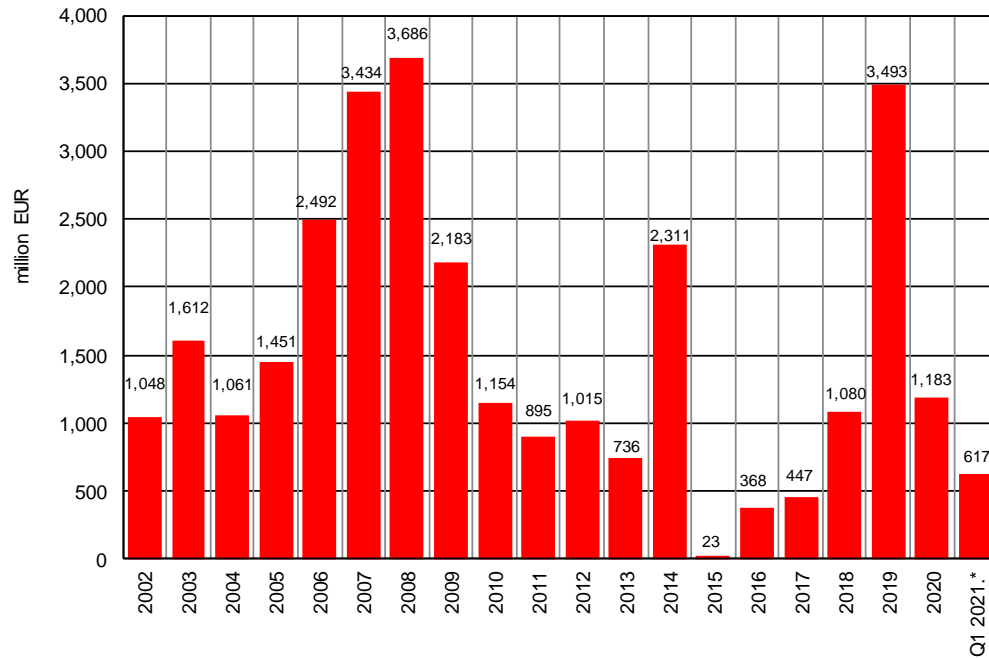


## Outstanding external debt/GDP



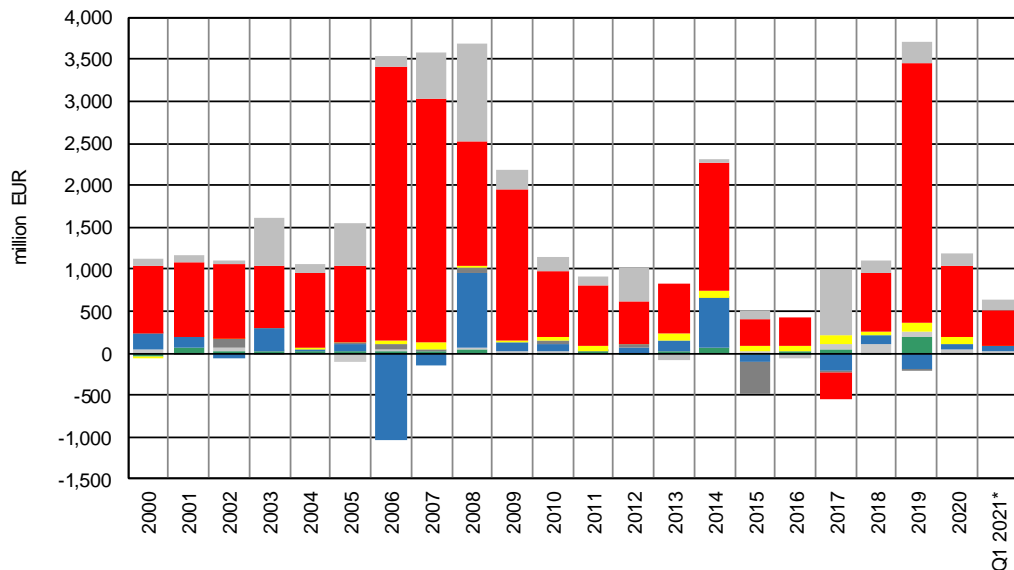
Sources: Eurostat and CNB.

# FDI, net incurrence of liabilities



\* Preliminary data.  
Source: CNB.

# FDI, net incurrence of liabilities by country of origin



■ 2004 EU member countries    ■ EU 15    ■ European developing countries  
 ■ International financial institutions    ■ Other developed countries    ■ Other developing countries  
 ■ Other countries\*\*

\* Preliminary data.

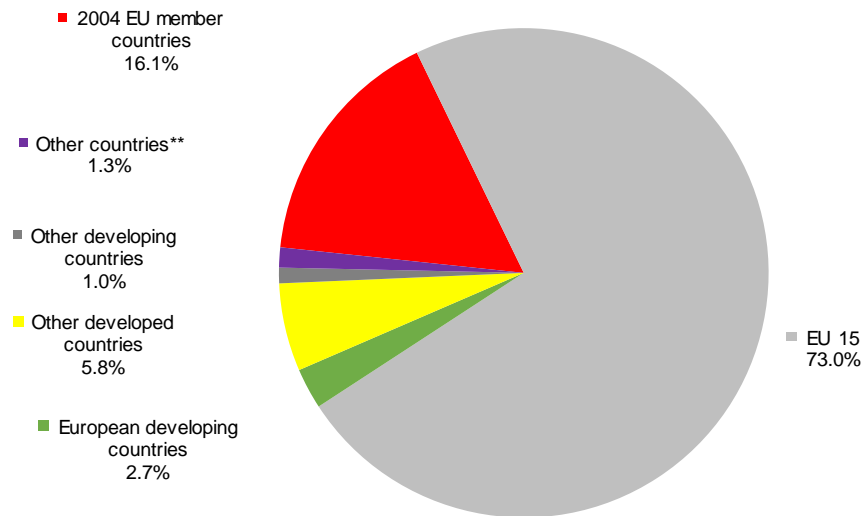
\*\* Refers to unknown countries and total population adjustment

Source: CNB.



# FDI, net incurrence of liabilities

1993 – Q1 2021\* (35,870.0 million EUR)



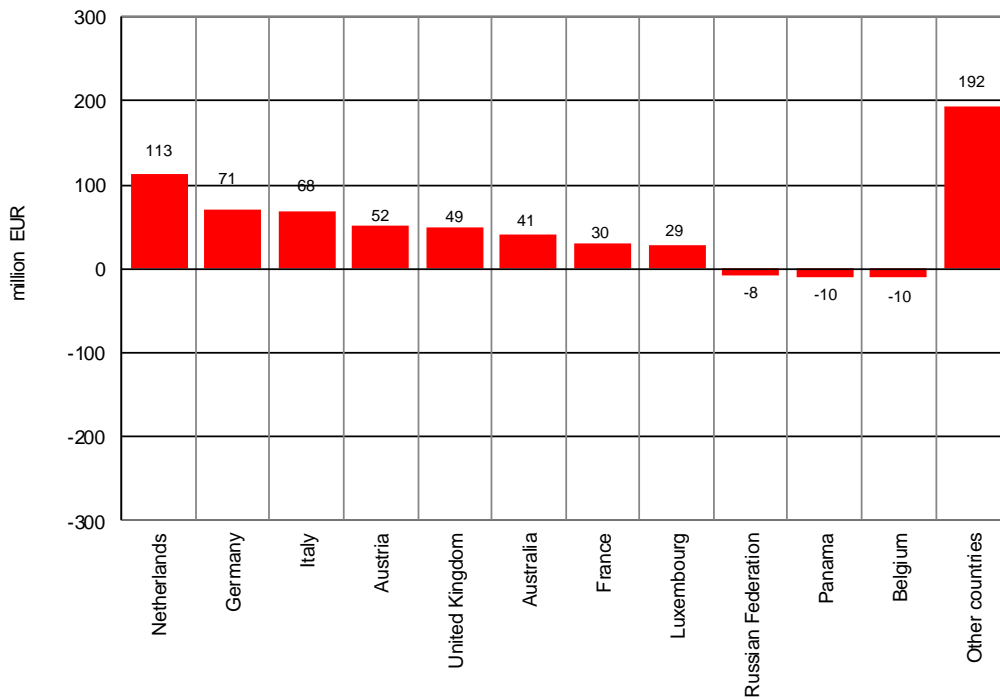
\* Preliminary data.

\*\* Refers to unknown countries and total population adjustment

Source: CNB.

# FDI, net incurrence of liabilities

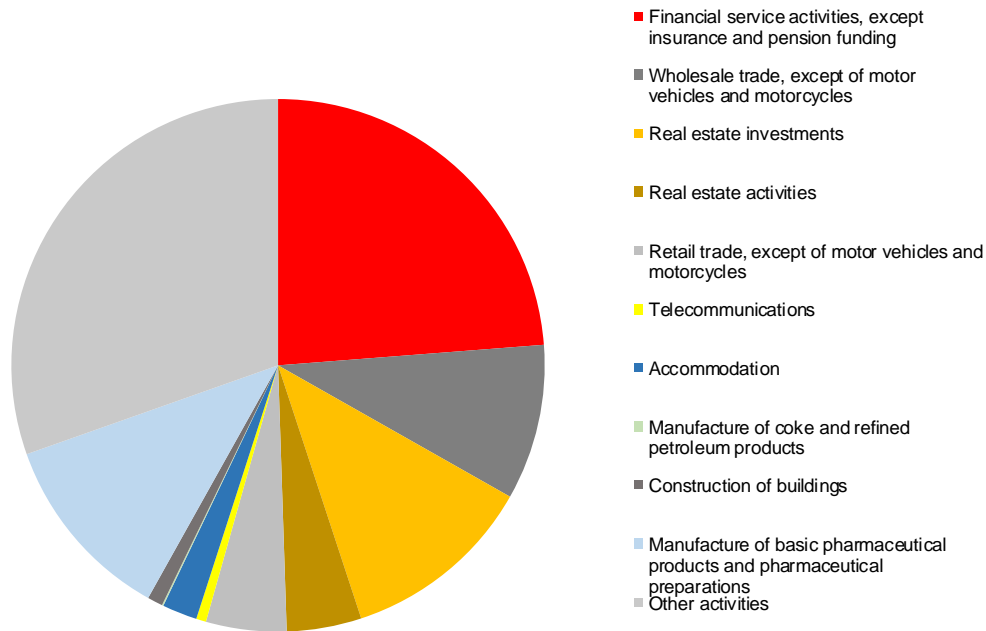
Q1 2021\* (617.2 million EUR)



\* Preliminary data.  
Source: CNB.

# FDI, net incurrence of liabilities

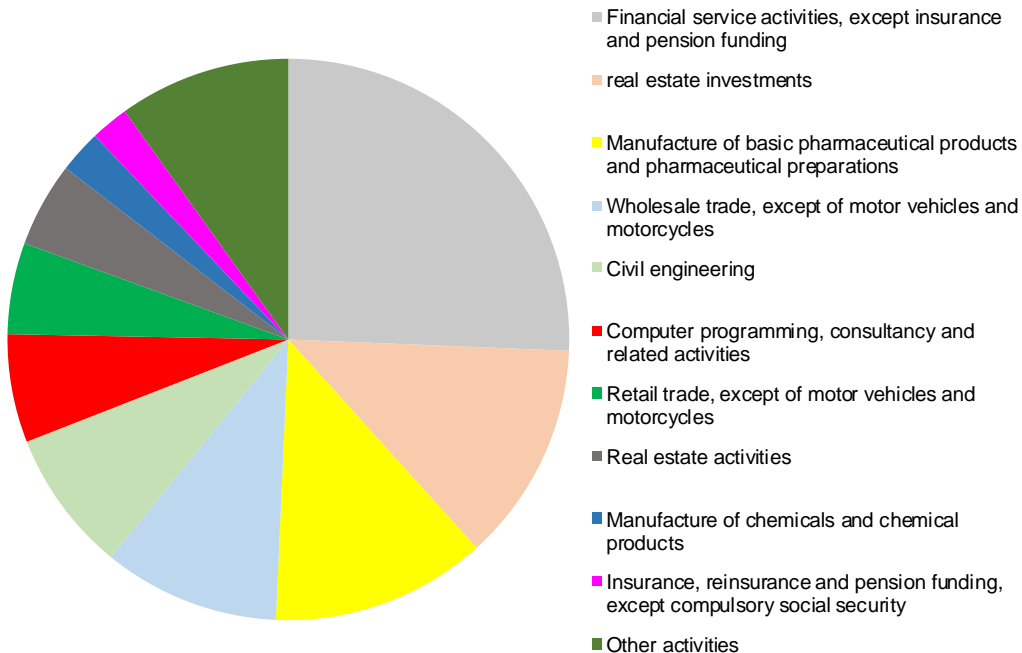
1993 – Q1 2021\* (35,870.0 million EUR)



\* Preliminary data.  
Source: CNB.

# FDI, net incurrence of liabilities

Q1 2021\* (617.2 million EUR)



\* Preliminary data.  
Source: CNB.



HNB

# Banking sector

**Size, structure and concentration**

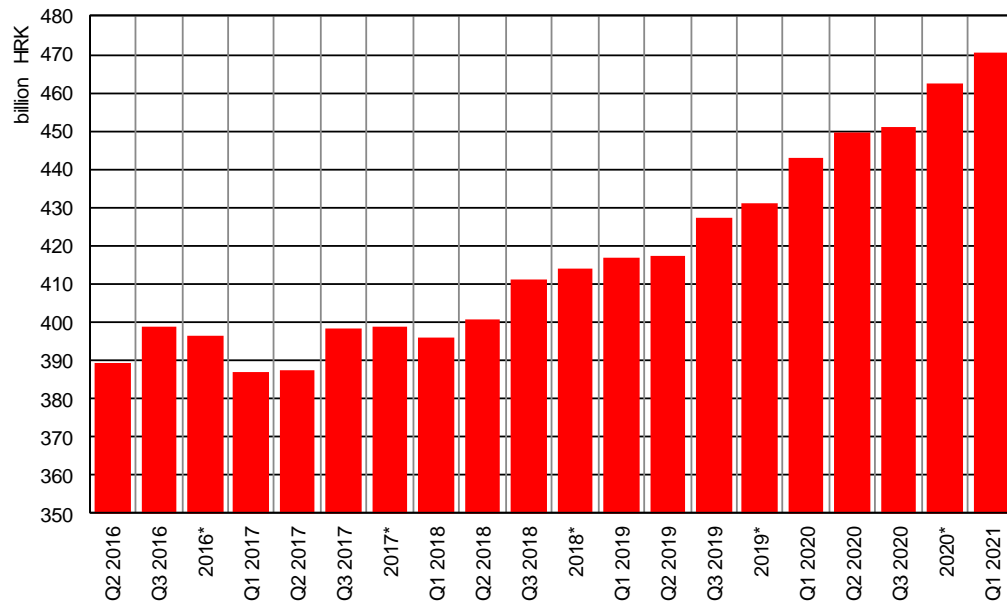
**Leverage ratio and capital adequacy**

**Profitability**

**Quality of exposures**

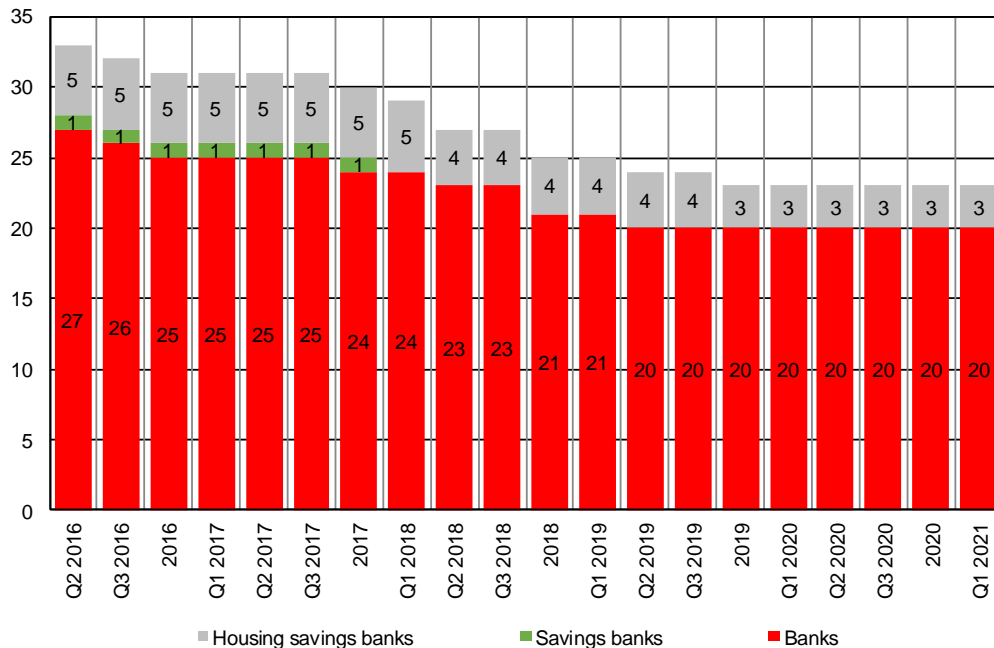
**Structure of loans and deposits by institutional sectors**

# Total assets of credit institutions



\*Audited data.  
Source: CNB.

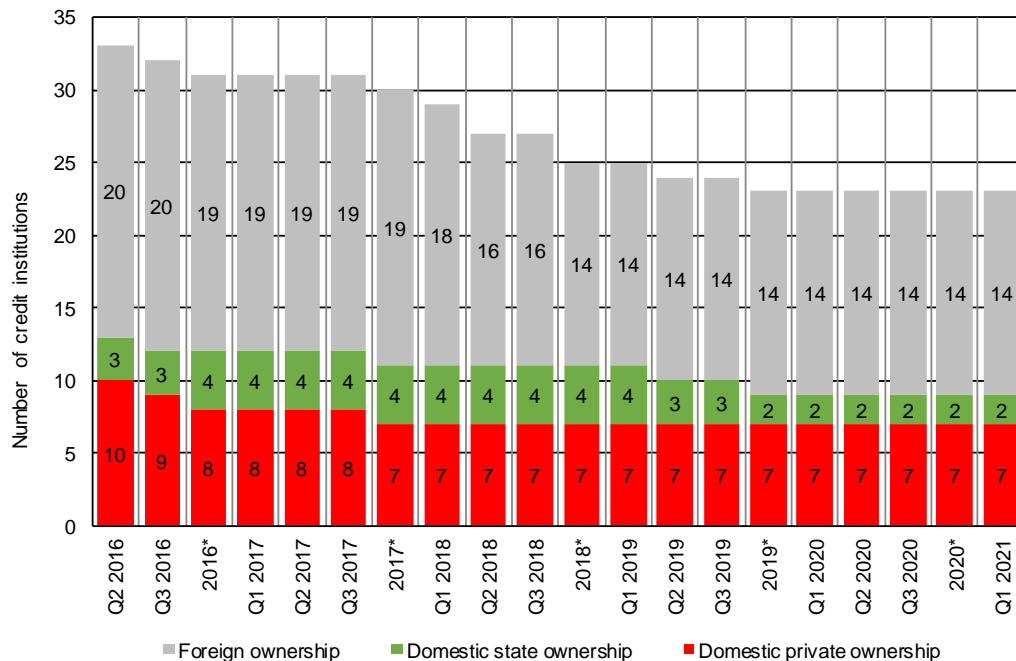
# Number of credit institutions



Source: CNB.

# Ownership structure of credit institutions

## Number of credit institutions

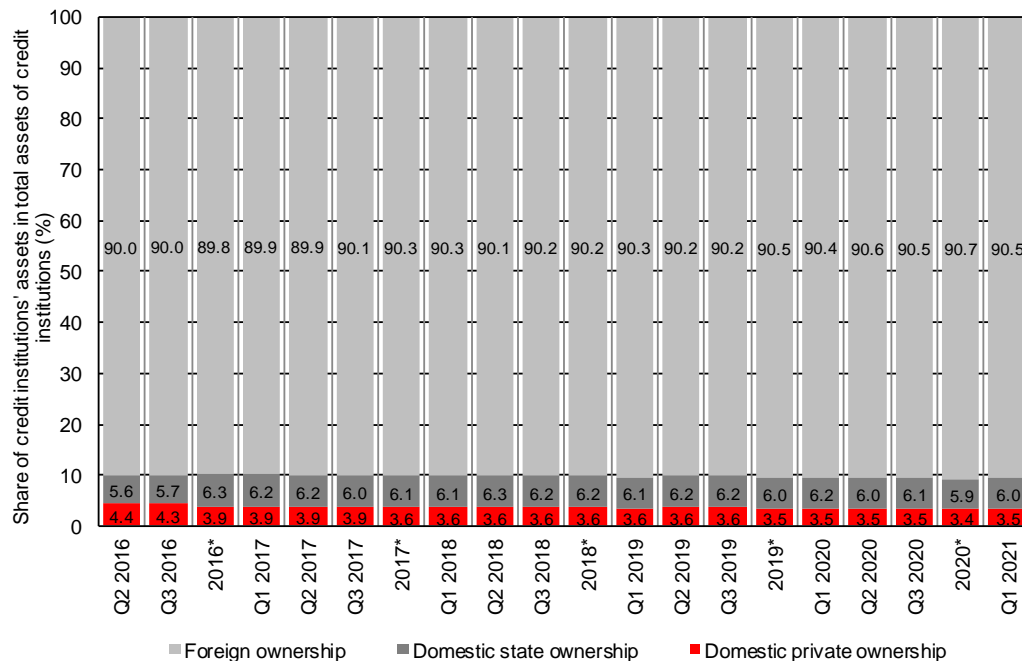


\*Audited data.  
Source: CNB.



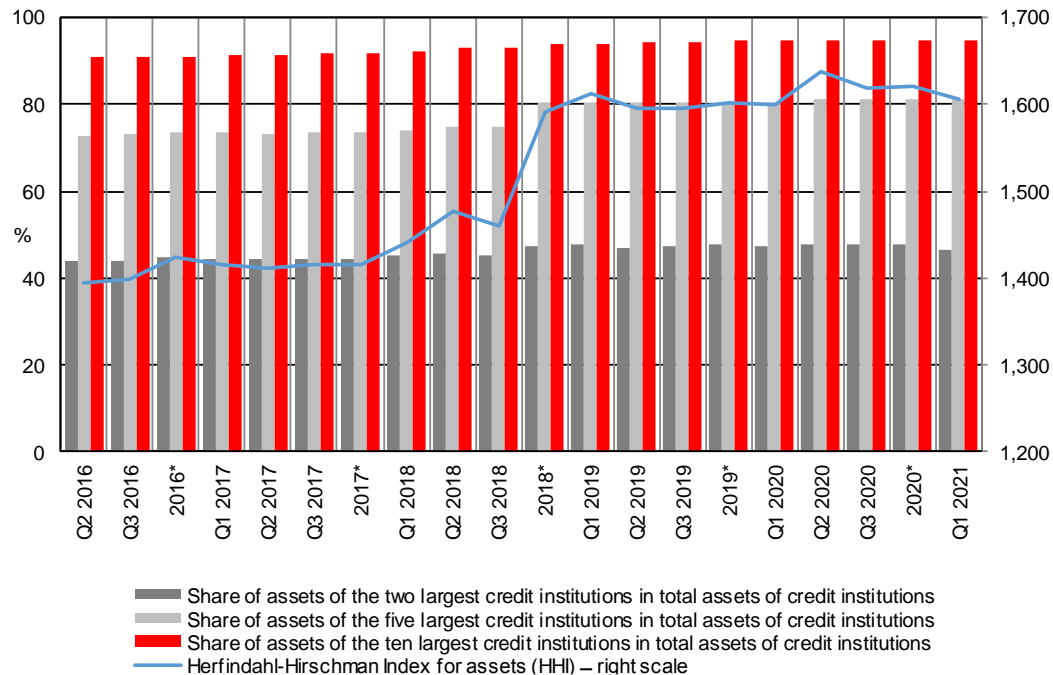
# Ownership structure of credit institutions

## Share of credit institutions' assets in total assets of credit institutions



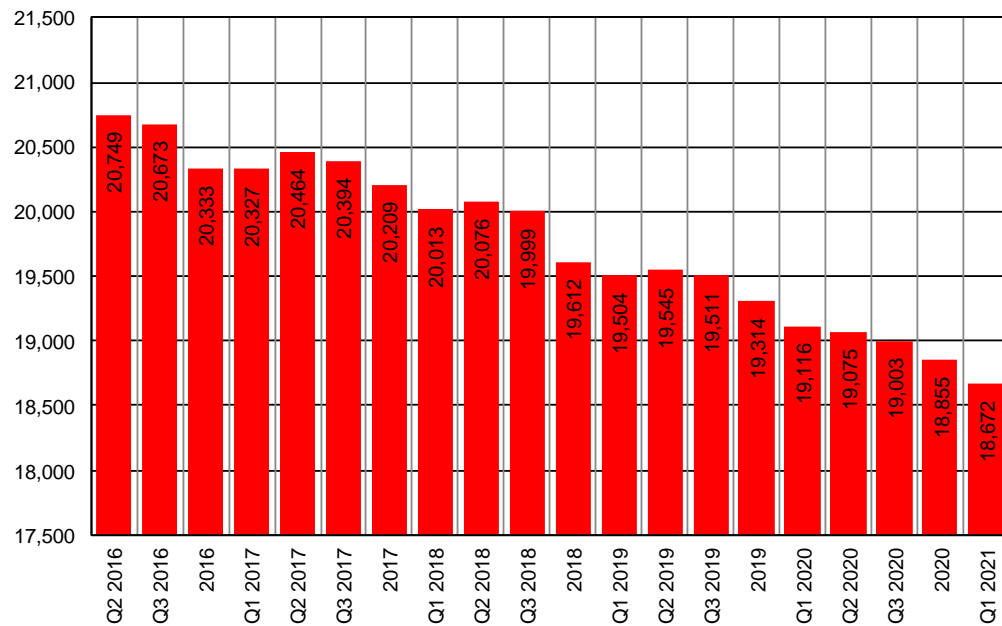
\*Audited data.  
Source: CNB.

# Indicators of asset concentration of credit institutions



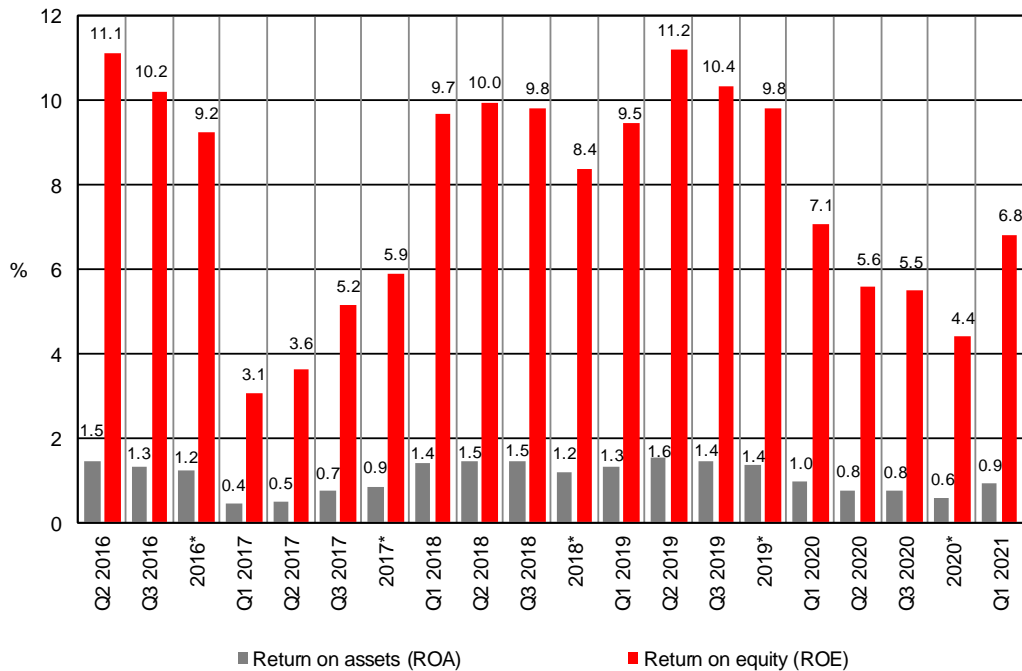
\*Audited data.  
Source: CNB.

# Number of employees in credit institutions



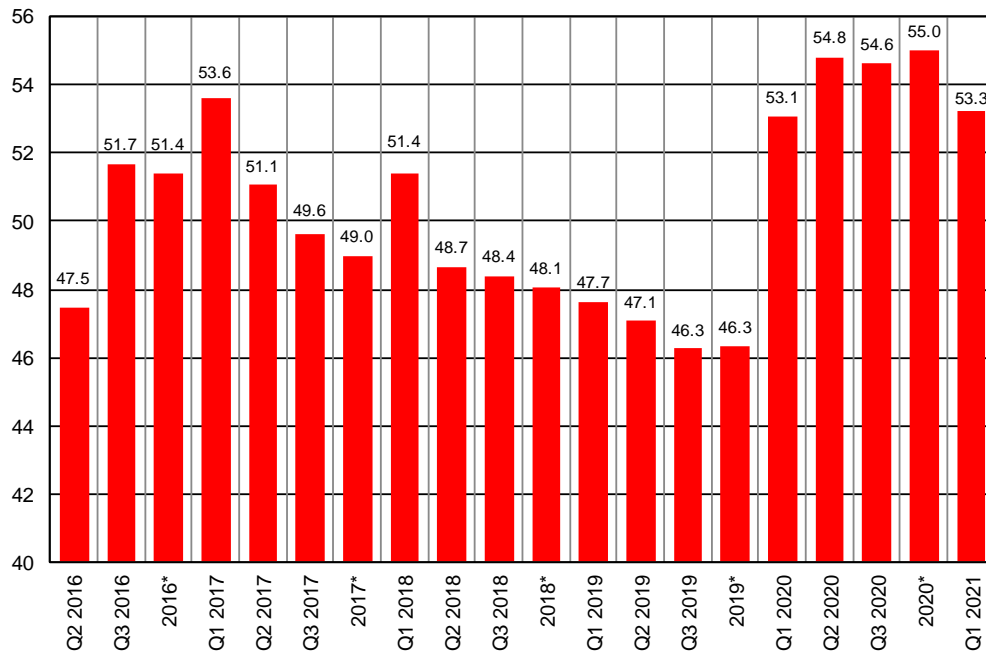
Source: CNB.

# Return on assets (ROA) and return on equity (ROE)



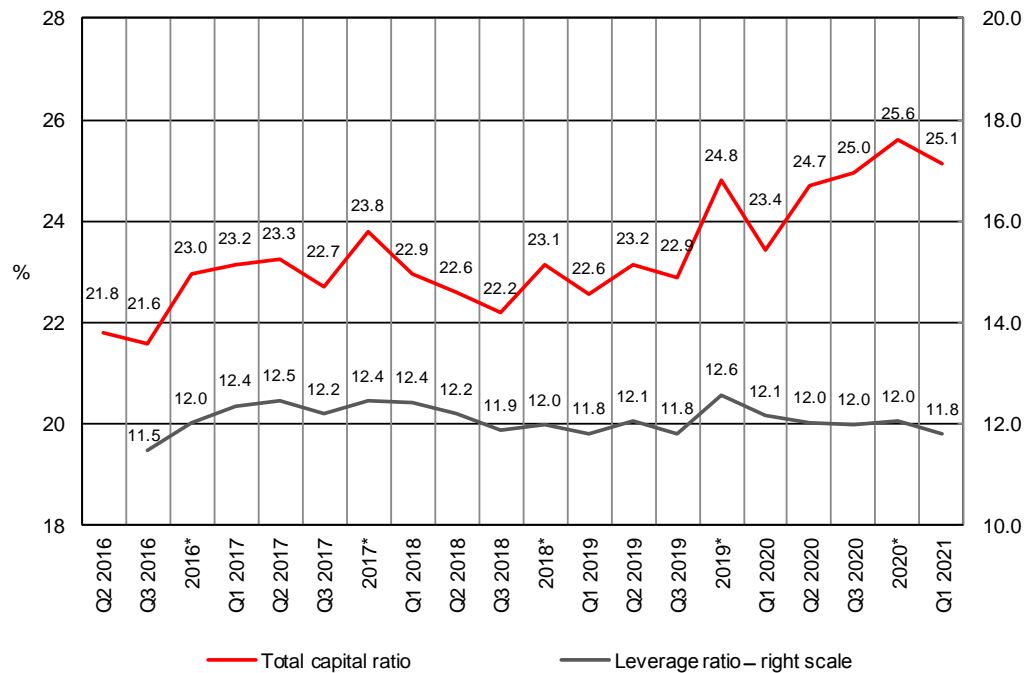
\*Audited data.  
Source: CNB.

## Cost-to-income ratio (CIR)



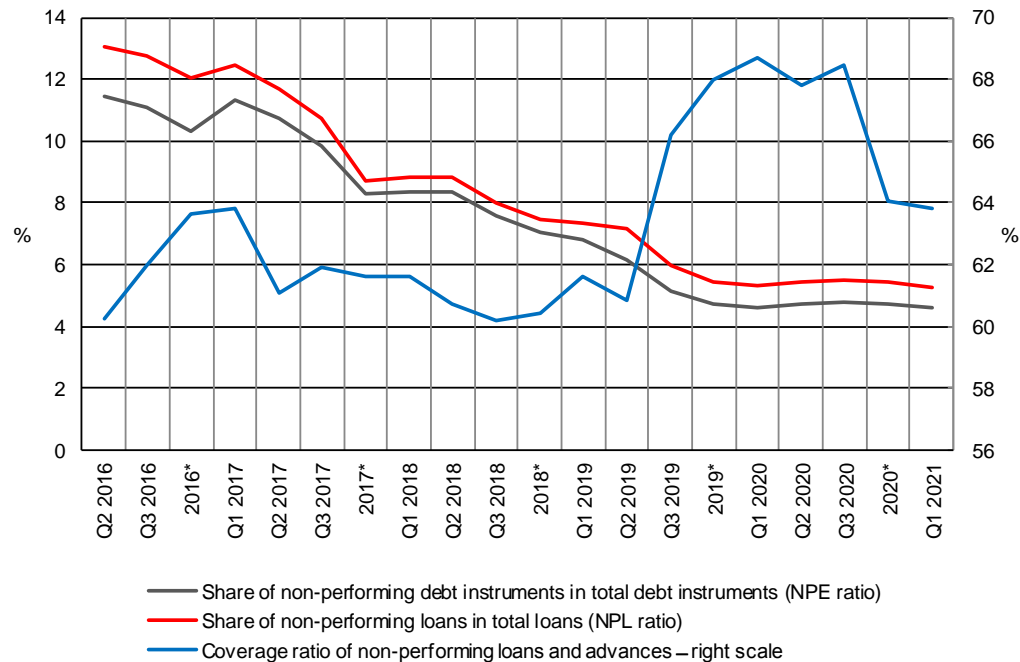
\*Audited data.  
Source: CNB.

# Total capital ratio and leverage ratio



\*Audited data.  
Source: CNB.

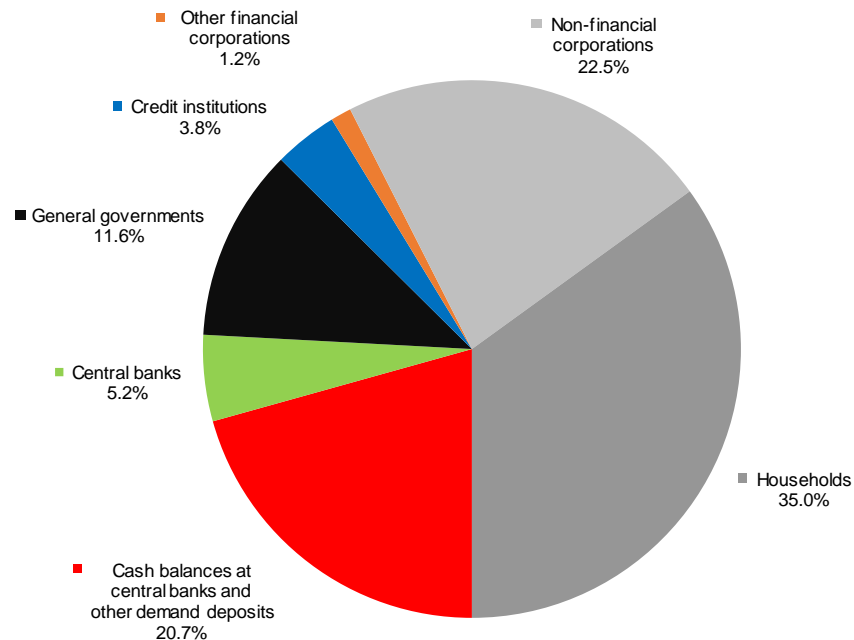
# Quality of exposures



\*Audited data.  
Source: CNB.

# Structure of extended loans by institutional sectors 31 March 2021

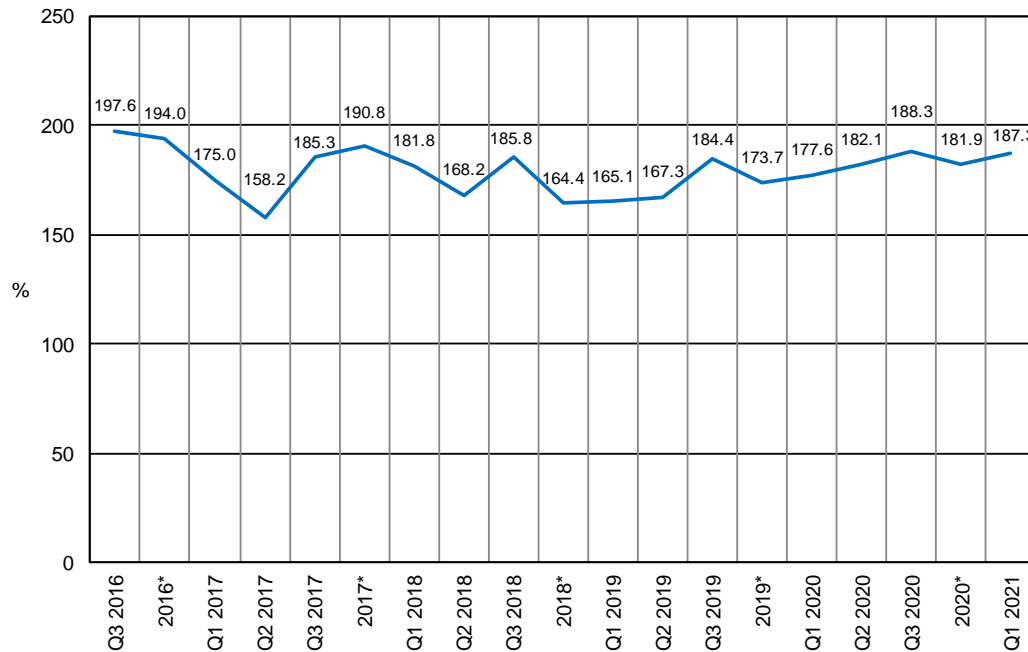
## Loans and advances



Source: CNB.



# Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR)



\*Audited data.  
Source: CNB.